NOT TO BE REMOVED FROM THIS ROOM.

SPECIAL EXTRA

The Irish Times.

PRICE TWOPENCE. DUBLIN. THURSDAY. DECEMBER 29. 1921. VOL. LXIII. NO.—20,195.

ROBT. ROBERTS,
TEA MERCHANTS.
PURE COFFEE.
REVISED PRICES:
2/-, 2/4, 2/6, 2/8.
REAL MOCHA, 2/10.
44 GRAFTON STREET,
19 SUFFOLK STREET.

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We strongly urge all lovers of
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not be repeated.

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Ladies' and Children's Outfitting

750 Pairs Sheets at Bargain Prices

TWILL SHEETS.
Size 70 x 90. Were 12/6. Sale price, pair 8/11
Size 70 x 90. Were 13/11. Sale price, pair 9/11
Size 70 x 96. Were 15/6. Sale price, pair 11/9
Size 80 x 90. Were 18/6. Sale price, pair 14/6
TWILLS OR PLAIN, EVERY PAIR GUARANTEED.
Size 72 x 94. Were 17/6. Sale price 14/6
Size 24 x 24. Were 22/6. Sale price 18/6
Size 27 x 36. Were 27/6. Sale price 22/6
FINLAY'S FAMOUS SHEETS, LINEN-FINISHED.
Size 2 x 2½, Twill, 18/11. Sale price, pair 14/11
Size 2½ x 2½, Twill, 21/-. Sale price, pair 16/11
Size 2½ x 2½, Plain, 27/6. Sale price, pair 18/11
Size 2½ x 2½, Plain, 32/6. Sale price, pair 23/6

Pillow Cases

CLEARING UNDER MAKER'S PRICES.
Hemstitched Linen Pillow Cases (soiled), size 20 x 30. Were 5/6. Sale price 3/6
Hemstitched Cotton Pillow Cases, size 20 x 30. Were 2/4. Sale price 1/11½
Hemstitched Cotton Pillow Cases, size 20 x 30. Were 2/11. Sale price 2/4
Plain Buttoned Pillow Cases, pure linen, 5/9, 4/6, 3/9
Plain Buttoned Pillow Cases, cotton, 2/6, 1/11, 1/6. 1/4½

orders in cases where customers 30s. and over.

RAFTON STREET, CKLOW STREET, DUBLIN

MISCELLANEOUS.

B. POYNTZ and CO., 106/6 Grafton street.—Clearance Sale at bargain prices opens to-day. Stock must be disposed of this month owing to expiration of lease.

LOST, on Friday Evening, 23rd inst., between Suffolk street and Rathmines, a large Envelope containing a Dioule. Apply 8 Grosvenor road, Rathmines.

WANTED, in the vicinity of the Phœnix Park, and not more than three miles from Dublin, a detached House in good order, containing about 12 rooms and out-offices, with about 30 to 50 acres more or less, to be taken as from next May, for six months, furnished, with the option of the tenant purchasing same. Full detailed particulars, with rent, price, tenure, etc., to be sent to WM. ROCHE and SONS, Solicitors, 20 Stephen's Green, N., Dublin.

EILEEN JONES, KINGSTOWN—Phyllis Malcomson's Party, Terenure, 7th, instead of 6th.

BUILDING AND RECONSTRUCTION. SPECIAL FEATURE appears on Pages 2 and 4 Issue.

WANTED, for an Office in the city, a capable, energetic young man, of good address; first-class references required as to character and experience. Reply, stating age and salary expected, to C. 183, this office.

"TAMILESE," the Tea for FLAVOUR. Packed in ¼, ½, and lb. Packets. Ask for it.

HAMMAM TURKISH BATHS. Open from 6 a.m. to 9 p.m.

CAFE CAIRO, 59 GRAFTON STREET, DUBLIN. Orchestra Daily, 12-30-7.

TIME-KEEPERS. CHANCELLOR and SON, Celebrated Watches and Clocks, 7 GRAFTON STREET.

BELGIAN ARTIFICIAL WREATHS.

JOHN C. PARKES and SONS, LTD., COOMBE, DUBLIN.

ELVERY and CO., LTD., LADIES' RAINPROOF COATS. NEWEST STYLES. ELEPHANT HOUSE, DUBLIN, CORK, & LONDON.

BROOKS, THOMAS AND CO., LTD., DUBLIN. ANTHRACITE HEATING STOVES, CONTINUOUS BURNING. CLEAN AND ECONOMICAL LARGE STOCKS.

OVERCOATS, Suits Turned Successfully. Price List free. Write Invisible Repair Co., Dept. L.1., 84 Martin's Ct., Lodgate Hill, London, E.C. 4.

CAPITAL Tea (Reg.), always on TOP. Appeals to ALL the senses. Get it.

RENTS Collected with efficiency and economy; security; Loans arranged.—B 1033, this office.

CHANGE OF ADDRESS. BUTLER'S MEDICAL HALL, LTD. Have Removed from 54 to 47 LOWER SACKVILLE STREET (next door to Every's). Prescriptions Urgently Attended to, and all Orders Promptly Executed.

GLOOMY—Don't be green with envy—it's not a black outlook. Darby will keep you in the pink till all's blue.

SOLUTIONS of the Picture Puzzle in the Christmas Number of the "Weekly Irish Times" should be sent in before Saturday, 7th January.

SAFETY Razor Blades re-Sharpened, all makes, 1s. doz., post extra.—Thompson, Cutler, Nassau street.

MONEY.—The Highest Advances to be obtained in Dublin on Jewellery, Silver Plate, Furniture, and valuable Chattel Property of every description at the First-class Money Office, 86 MARLBOROUGH STREET. 85.

PRETTY WALL PAPERS

Make healthy cheerful rooms. Large stock, at considerably reduced prices

Samples Free.

DOCKRELL LIMITED. Dublin.

MOIRA RESTAURANT, TRINITY STREET (COLLEGE GREEN). Two minutes from College. Charcoal Grill.

P. NUGENT, Proprietor.

WANTED, an intelligent, well-educated youth, of good appearance, about 18, for a Dublin House and Estate Agent's Office; splendid opportunity for hard-working young man. Commencing salary, £70 a year. Also a similar young man for Country Branch Office. Splendid prospects. Commencing salary, £70 a year.—C 184, this office.

WHAT they say—Read the Poultry Column in the "Weekly Irish Times." On sale to-day.

NEWEST OIL COOKERS AND OVENS. Perfection, Puritan, Wickless, Primus. THOMAS BENSHAW and CO., LTD., Chief Office, Capel street.

INCOME TAX.—Claims, Super-tax, Accounts—Bourse, late Surveyor of Taxes, 74 Grafton street, Dublin.

WATERPROOF CART, MACHINERY, AND MOTOR COVERS, from War Office Canvas; hall mark prices. Also Air Cushions made to order.—LANGTON'S, 25 Eden quay, Dublin.

CARSON'S WATER PAINT. "MURALINE."—Artistic, Sanitary, Durable.—Carson's, 32 Duchess's, Portobello.

INCOME Tax Recovered; Farm Accounts, Returns, and Super-Tax Statements prepared.—T. J. Wallace, Chartered Accountant, Phone 1585.

MR. J. E. DE MARTELAERE, late St. Stephen's Green, will be Open from 31st December for daily, weekly, or monthly engagements on the Up-to-date Confectionery Designing, Cakes, etc. Private Lessons, Demonstrations, on application.—11 Harcourt street, Dublin.

CROOKE'S LENSES FOR SPECTACLES. POLLOCK and CO., LTD., Opticians, 50 GRAFTON STREET DUBLIN.

YOUNG Lady desires Secretarial position or Companionship; city of suburbs preferred; particulars given.—Z 1007, Lady," this office.

COALS. COALS.

Best Brown Ash King Coal	52/- per Ton
Best Wigan	50/- "
Second Wigan	47/- "
Large House	46/- "
Kitchen Coal	43/- "
Best Slack	34/- "

'Phone—5422.
THOS. BURKE and SONS, ERNE STREET.

IN MEMORIAM.

de COURCY—In cherished memory of Maurice de Courcy, Pinetree House, Kilcoole, late Lieutenant Harry de Courcy, 3rd Leinster Fusiliers; and his dear cousin, Lieutenant F. Creagh, younger son of late Francis Creagh, Solicitor, The Castle, Listowel, Co. Kerry. R.I.P.

WILSON—In ever-loving memory of dear Harry, who was called Home 29th December, 1920.
What, though in lonely grief we sigh
For one beloved, no longer nigh;
Submissive still would we reply:
"Thy will be done."
Mother, Brothers, and sisters.

ANNOUNCEMENTS received late for insertion in this Column will be found on Page 4.

NICHOLS' 'Phone—276. 'Phone—276.
FUNERAL AND CARRIAGE ESTABLISHMENT, Lombard street (Westland row). Coffins, Hearses, and Every Requisite. Economy and Punctuality.

FUNERAL REQUISITES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

WALLER, 49 and 50 DENZILLE STREET
SALOON MOTOR HEARSE.
Private Mortuary.
'Phone—131. Wires—"Undertaker, Dublin."

MOTOR FUNERALS SUPPLIED.
MILLER & CO., BRAY.
MOTOR HEARSE. MOTOR AMBULANCE.
Telegrams—Collier, Bray. 'Phone—Bray, 115 (2 lines).

RAMSAY. WREATHS.
Florists to H.M. the King
50 NASSAU ST. FLORAL DESIGNS
'Phones 1159, 1809. Telegrams, Violets, Dublin. Nurseries—Rathfarnham.

WATSON'S WREATHS
Telegrams—Quicksure, Dublin. Tel. 2572 WATSONS, 81 NASSAU ST. Nurseries Killiney.

TURF, SALT.

FLOWER & McDONALD (DUBLIN).

LOANS BY POST.
£20 TO £5,000
—in any part of Ireland and Great Britain—to all respectable persons on Note of Hand. Loans arranged by post, without interview. No fees charged or before-hand charges.
THE STANDARD PRIVATE FINANCE COMPANY OF IRELAND, LTD.,
15 ANGLESEA ST., DUBLIN.
J. C. WALSH, Secretary.

£5 TO £5,000.
WE ARE THE OLDEST FIRM. WE LEND TO ANY APPROVED PERSON FOR ANY OBJECT. WE GIVE THE BEST TERMS.
For particulars apply
THE BRUNSWICK LOAN CO., 42 UPPER BRUNSWICK STREET, DUBLIN. Estd. 1870

Births, Marriages, and Deaths (which in all cases must be authenticated), 3 lines, 20 words, 2/6; each additional line of 7 words, 9d.

BIRTHS.

ADAMS—December 23, 1921, to Mr. and Mrs. Adams, Honeypark Lodge, Kingstown, a daughter.

BURTON—December 18, 1921, at 6 Charlesion av., Ranelagh, Dublin, to Robert W. G. and Evelyn Burton, a son.

DENVIR—December 26, 1921, at 89 Lower Baggot st., to Emily, wife of Captain James Denvir, Winona, Blackrock, Dublin, a son.

HOOD—December 26, 1921, at Swift Current, Sask., Canada, the wife of George A. Hood (nee Nina Kelly), of a son.

LUKE—December 26, 1921, at 89 Lower Baggot st., to Mr. and Mrs. Walter Luke, of Kenilworth House, Seafield rd., Clontarf, a son (Dermot).

MEDCALF—December 26, 1921, at 1 Summerville Inc., Dalkey, to Captain and Mrs. Norman H. Medcalf, a son.

MERCER—Sunday, December 18, 1921, at Arès Gironde, France, to Ernest and Marie Mercer (nee Brayden), a son.

TAYLOR—December 25, 1921, at Mill House, Knockdrin, Mullingar, the wife of T. C. Taylor, of a daughter.

WALSH—December 2, 1921, to the wife of Kevin Walsh, Solicitor, 27 Strand rd., Sandymount, a son.

WANN—December 26, 1921, at Denmark House, Lower Leeson st., to Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Wann, 45 Moyne rd., Rathmines, a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

EVANS and DEAN—December 17, 1921, at Christ Church, Chelsea, by the Rev. F. W. Eddison, Vicar, Richard John, younger son of Mr. and Mrs. R. Evans, of Bray, Co. Wicklow, to Alice, second daughter of Mr. M. Dean and the late Mrs. Dean, of 14 Christchurch st., Chelsea, London. English and American papers please copy.

MURPHY and McCLEMENTS—December 21, 1921, at Hillhall Presbyterian Church, by the Rev. J. J. O. Sresby, B.A., Lisburn, Henry Murphy, 36 St. Jude's av., Belfast, to Rachel Elizabeth (Bessie), elder daughter of David McClements, Whiteabbey.

WINTERS and PATTERSON—December 21, 1921, at Baggotrath Church, by the Rev. Canon Mervyn, George Henry, only son of the late Thomas and Jane Winters, 44 Haddington rd., Dublin, to Norah, eldest daughter of the late Richard Patterson, 9 Leahy's ter., Sandymount, Co. Dublin, and Mrs. Patterson, 7 Pembroke rd., Dublin.

DEATHS.

ALLEN—December 25, 1921, at 65 Booterstown av., Blackrock, Charlotte Allen, late of Brisbane, Australian papers please copy.

BLAKELY—December 24, 1921, at a Private Nursing Home, Marianne, daughter of the late Captain Blakely. Funeral private.

CARR—At her sister's residence, 309 West 112th st., New York, Mrs. Kate Carr, Arch Cottage, Glenageary, Co. Wicklow. Deeply regretted. R.I.P.

CLARKE—December 27, 1921, at a Nursing Home in Dublin, William Clarke, of Ballybritas, aged 73 years. Funeral to-day in New Lea, from Portarlington Station, at 10.30 o'clock.

COOK—On Tuesday, December 27, 1921, at 27 Longford ter., Monkstown, Hubert (Gil), Commissioner of Irish Lights. Funeral will leave above address to-morrow (Friday), 30th inst., at 10.30 a.m. for Dean's Grange Cemetery.

CONNICK—December 28, 1921, at his residence, Quay rd., Dundalk, Thomas Connick, Secretary Dundalk Harbour Commissioners. Deeply regretted. R.I.P. Funeral to Castletown to-morrow (Friday) at 2 p.m.

HUGHES—December 27, 1921, Evaline (Eva), eldest daughter of the late Colonel J. H. Hughes, R.A.M.C., Sorrelly, deeply mourned. R.I.P. Funeral on Tuesday, 29th.

NUGENT—On Christmas Day, 1921, Eileen Margaret, aged 19, Elvaston place, third daughter of the late S. M. Hussey, D.L., Co. Kerry.

KILROY—December 26, 1921, at Moat View, Oldcastle, Susan, fifth daughter of the late Andrew Kilroy, aged 75 years. Funeral private.

KNOX—At Iverna, Killiney, after a long illness, Colonel Charles Hume Knox, D.S.O., of Creagh, Ballinglie, Co. Mayo, late 5th Royal Irish Hussars, aged 81 years. Funeral (private) from Creagh on Saturday at 11.30. No flowers, by request.

MACKRELL—December 28, 1921, at Race Park, Trim, Co. Meath, John Mackrell, aged 70.

MARSHALL—On Christmas Day, 1921, at their residence, "Culloch-na-Grieve," Stranorlar, the infant daughter of Battersfield-inspector and Mrs. Marshall, R.I. Constabulary.

MILNE—December 28, 1921, Mary Pirrie, beloved wife of George Milne, Newrath, Waterford, in her 73rd year. Funeral to-day (Thursday), at 12 noon, for St. John's Hill Cemetery.

MITCHELL—December 27, 1921, at Lusagh, Ballynacarry, Mullingar (the residence of her son-in-law, John Cowley Nolan), widow of the late Thomas Mitchell, Tubbercurgill, Mullingar. Funeral from Tubbercurgill to-day (Thursday), 29th, at 12 o'clock, to Reynella Burying Ground.

MOYNAN—December 28, 1921, at Cappoquin, Co. Waterford, Mary Moynan, widow of the late Thomas Moynan, aged 76. Rock of ages cleft for me.

O'KEEFFE—December 23, 1921, at 3 Nursing Home, London, Thomas F. O'Keeffe, M.D., Surgeon-Commander, R. retired, son of the late Cornelius O'Keeffe, Irish Land Commission, Garryhesta House, Orena, Co. Cork. R.I.P. Funeral took place yesterday (Monday), 26th, for Brookwood.

PHILP—December 27, 1921, at Liverpool, John Joseph (Jack), third eldest son of William and Rachel Philp, of Mount Jerome av., Harold's Cross, which is far better." Funeral from above address for Mount Jerome Cemetery to-morrow (Friday) at 10.30 a.m.

TRESILIAN—December 25, 1921, Matilda Elizabeth, relict of late Sandymount rd., Dublin, and late of Bandon, Co. Cork.

WALSHE—December 28, 1921, at Incurable Hospital, Donnybrook, Katherine Marion, daughter of the late Samuel Walshe, Esq., Baltracy House, Miltown, Co. Kildare. Funeral to-morrow (Friday), 10 o'clock, Mount Jerome.

WELLS—December 28, 1921, A. Owen Wells, M.P.S.I., and of 63 Lister Sackville av., Dublin, dearly-loved elder and only surviving son of the late James Wells, M.P.S.I., and of Mrs. Wells, 4 Castlewood Park, Rathmines, aged 41 years. Funeral from Castlewood Park to-morrow (Friday), 30th inst., 9 a.m.

PRICE TWOPENCE.

ALL Thoroughbreds from the best stables: DAIMLER, STAR, AUSTIN, DIXIE FLYER, and RALEIGH MOTOR CYCLE. JOHN HUTTON and SONS, Summerhill and Dawson street, Dublin.

300 MILES Record Broken by 10 h.p. Wolseley. Speed 81.79 m.p.h. Agents, BOOTH BROS., Upper Stephen street, DUBLIN.

HAIL, rain, and snow will not keep ladies from the man who owns a DUCK RELIANT. Reduced price, £310 (plus £7 carriage). AUTOCARS, IRELAND, LTD., Chatham st., Dublin. Authorised Ford Dealers.

"MSHI."—Every Morris-Oxford and Morris Cowley is as good as "'mshi"—Britain, Hatch st.

THERE ARE MORE JOKES ABOUT THE FORD CAR than would fill a large volume—in fact, it is the only car sufficiently popular to justify universal joking—but it's no joke at all, it's the real thing, and, at the present price, wants no further.

R. W. ARCHER and COMPANY, 66 LR. MOUNT STREET, DUBLIN.

First and Foremost. Ford Firms in the Irish Free States.

WE sell Cars and Lorries which will carry a full load and finish their journeys in schedule time. THOMPSON'S MOTOR CAR CO., LTD., Great Brunswick street, Dublin.

LEYLAND LORRIES NEVER LET YOU DOWN. ALL AND WHERE YOU SEE LEYLAND YOU SEE ENTERPRISE COUPLED WITH EFFICIENCY. CONSULT THE AGENTS, ASHENHURST, WILLIAMS & COMPANY, LTD., TALBOT PLACE, STORE STREET, DUBLIN.

LAMBKIN BRUNKER (Late HUTTON'S), DAIMLER EXPERTS. 'Phone 3647. 19 and 20 Lombard street, Westland Row.

THE NEW OVERLAND 4 MODEL-DE-LUXE Demonstration Car HAS ARRIVED. Inspection Invited.

Book Your Order Early.

CRAWFORDS. 29 and 30 DAWSON STREET.

HUMBER, 11.4 h.p. Saloon, best in its class for coachwork and mechanical details; now on view; runs by arrangement.—Wayte Garage, Ltd., A1 Garage, Harry street, off Grafton street.

IRISH MANUFACTURE. CHESTERFIELDS AND EASY CHAIRS OBVIOUS REDUCTIONS WHICH MUST APPEAL TO THE PUBLIC. Chesterfields from £17 10s. 0d. Easy Chairs from £7 15s. 0d. Designs and patterns of coverings on application.

ANDERSON, STONE AND RIDGEWAY, LTD. 28 and 29 GRAFTON STREET.

DELAFORCE'S "SS" WHITE PORT.

A FINE PORT WINE OF GREAT STRENGTH. IMPORTED AND BOTTLED BY ALL LEADING WINE MERCHANTS.

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12 words or under, 1/- Every succeeding word One Penny. 4 consecutive insertions FOR THE PRICE OF 3

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SITUATIONS VACANT. ORIGINAL testimonials should not be enclosed in replies to advertisements.

N.B.—GREAT CARE IS TAKEN THAT ADVERTISEMENTS OF ALL PARTS OF THIS PAPER APPEAR CORRECTLY; BUT NO LIABILITY IS UNDERTAKEN FOR ANY ERROR IN OR OMISSION OF ANY ADVERTISEMENT. THE PROPRIETORS RESERVE THE RIGHT TO REFUSE OR ALTER ANY ADVERTISEMENT WITHOUT NOTICE TO WHOM ACCEPTED. (1/12/'21.)

IRISH TIMES, LTD., WESTMORELAND STREET, DUBLIN. Telephone Nos. 5036, 5037. GRAPHIC OFFICES:
BELFAST—108 Royal avenue. 'Phone 1787.
CORK—13 Marlborough street. 'Phone 1460.
WATERFORD—21 Parade. 'Phone 4.
MANCHESTER—32 Victoria street, City 3284.
GLASGOW—54 Gordon street, S. Central, 54.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST on Friday evening, 23rd inst., between Suffolk street and Rathmines, a large Envelope containing a Blouse. Apply 5 Grosvenor road, Rathmines.

LOST, on 22nd, a red and white Bullock, with black nose, brand on right hoof, T.F.; information thankfully received by Orla Lodge, Dunlavin, Clonee. £.

LOST, 15 three year old Bullocks, marked, ochah. LOST, 16 three year old Bullocks, marked, ochah. LOST, Thursday night, December 22nd, between Royal Hotel, Carlisle, a Gold Brooch of Spanish coin. Finder will please return it to Hotel, Carlisle.

LOST, St. Stephen's Day, Dun Laoghaire, Handbag containing money and valuables. Reward.—21 Henry st.

STRAYED, from Barnhill Villas, Dalkey, about the 23rd, Irish Terrier (Paddy). Reward.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

ORGANISERS.

A thoroughly efficient and highly trained Organiser is required by a Concern specialising in the distribution of Motor Spirit. He will be required to organise a Service of Motor Vehicles throughout the area lately in the working centre the town of Dublin. Only those of proved ability, and possessing a good address, need further particulars as to age, past employment, references, and qualifications.

Applications will be treated in strict confidence, and should be addressed—

"ORGANISERS," "Irish Times" Branch Office, 54 GORDON STREET, GLASGOW.

A HIGHLY paid position awaits you if you care to find time for it. Ordinary intelligence and our training give you an equipment as Representative or Traveller which would otherwise take you 20 years to gain. Write for full particulars and invaluable private hints from past students.—Dept. 30, Phoenix School of Business, Ltd., 439 Oxford st., London, W.1.

LADY required immediately to take charge of Nursery; housekeeper's assistant in Nursing Home. Apply Mrs. Norman Thompson, 33 Fitzwilliam square.

ASSISTANTS and Inspectors wanted at the Express Registry, Belfast, Barnes, also two Juniors, Barnes and Gosford; Domestic, Cook and House Parlourmaid, Housekeeper, Land Steward, Chauffeur, Gardener, Gardener's Assistant, Lady Typist, Butler, Footmen, Housekeeper, Parlourmaid, Groom, Butler, Coachman, Footman, General who can milk.

A SECRETARY Wanted, to take charge of Cycle and Motor Depot; must be Dublin; state experience, copy references, which will be returned.—Z 905, this office.

CHARGE Hand for Confectionery and Catering; state experience and send copies references, which will be returned.—Z 960, Situation, this office.

COMPETENT Girl Wanted for Pastry and Confectionery Counter (central establishment); state references and wages required.—C 180, this office.

DRESSMAKER Wanted, a first class Dressmaker, for a good Southern provincial town. Apply, giving references and wages required.—Z 1000, Dressmaker, this office.

DEMOBILISED Soldiers and Bachelors—Your living guaranteed; start your own Drapery Business; little capital required. Write for catalogue and terms.—E. H. Lenton, Dept. C., 145 Roundcliffe, London, E. 1.

HEAD Shopman Wanted for Silk Coat Retail Department; must be fully acquainted with the Trade. Apply, with copies of testimonials, stating salary, age, if disengaged, or when, Wm. Power and Co., Waterford.

HOTEL—Young Lady Wanted for Dispense and Bines. Apply, with testimonials, Gresham Hotel.

INSURANCE—Junior Clerk required by first Class Company in Dublin; must be well recommended and of good education and address. Apply in own handwriting, stating age and full particulars, to C 181, this office.

MILLINERY and Mantles—Wanted, competent Milliner, well versed in the Irish trade; references as to character and ability essential.—Miss Bulfin, Co. Kildare.

MANAGER—Competent Man Wanted for Licensed Grocery and Provision Business in country district (Co. Meath); salary £150 (indoor). Applicants to state experience and send copies of references to C 97, this office.

A HIGHLY paid position awaits you if you care to find time for it. Ordinary intelligence and our training give you an equipment as Representative or Traveller which would otherwise take you 20 years to gain. Write for full particulars and invaluable private hints from past students.—Dept. 30, Phoenix School of Business, Ltd., 439 Oxford st., London, W.1.

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CHARGE Hand for Confectionery and Catering; state experience and send copies references, which will be returned to "Z 960, Situation," this office.

COMPETENT Girl Wanted for Pastry and Confectionery Counter (central establishment); state references and wages required.—C 180, this office.

DRESSMAKER Wanted, a first class Dressmaker, for a good Southern provincial town. Apply, giving references and wages required to "Z 1000, Dressmaker," this office.

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MANAGER—Competent Man Wanted for Licensed Grocery and Provision Business in country district (Co. Meath); salary £150 (indoor). Applicants to state experience and send copies of references to C 97, this office.

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MILLAR & BEATTY, LTD., 13 & 14 GRAFTON STREET, AND LONDONDERRY.

KENNY & OWENS, TAILORS. DINNER SUITS, SILK FACED, FROM £10 : 10 : 0 54 DAME ST., Tel. 3564. Dublin.

PACKING HAMPERS AND HAND BASKETS For BUTCHERS and GROCERS now in Stock at RICHMOND NATIONAL INSTITUTION FOR THE BLIND, 41 UPPER SACKVILLE STREET, DUBLIN.

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BROWNE'S DIARIES, MANUFACTURED IN DUBLIN.

BROWNE & NOLAN, LTD., 41 and 42 NASSAU STREET.

WINTER SUITS AND OVERCOATS READY-FOR-SERVICE.

LOUNGE SUITS from 5 Guineas.
DINNER SUITS, SILK LINED, 10 Guineas.
RAINCOATS from 90/-.
TWEED OVERCOATS from 5 Guineas.

E. & W. SEALE, LTD., 97-99 GRAFTON ST., DUBLIN

FURNITURE, CARPETS, AT REDUCED PRICES.

PIM BROTHERS, LTD., EXCHEQUER STREET.

FASHION ALLOWS GREAT LATITUDE IN THE CHOICE OF CURTAINS AND HANGINGS, BUT THERE IS NO VARIETY WITH WHICH WE ARE UNABLE TO DEAL.

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J. MIZRAHI, ORIENTAL CARPET EXPERT, 64 HARCOURT STREET. 'Phone 1925. DUBLIN.

WHAT YOUTH DOES NOT APPRECIATE.—See the special article in the Students' Page of the "Weekly Irish Times." On sale to-day. Price twopence.

TODD, BURNS & CO., LTD. EXTENSIVE HOUSE FURNISHING STORES. UNIQUE VARIETY. BEDROOM & DRAWINGROOM SUITES AT MODERATE PRICES. MARY STREET, DUBLIN.

JUNIOR ARMY AND NAVY STORES. Telephone 2961.

PRIME IRISH BEEF AND MUTTON.

	Per lb.
RIBS BEEF	1/8
CORNED BRISKETS	10d.
CORNED TAIL ENDS	1/-
ROUND STEAKS	1/3
SIRLOIN STEAKS	1/5
SHOULDERS MUTTON	1/2
LOINS (WHOLE)	1/2
LEGS	1/3

D'OLIER ST., DUBLIN.

CONYNGHAM'S INVALID TONIC WINE A GREAT RESTORATIVE. Removes that Tired Feeling. Specially Recommended to ward off Influenza and during Convalescence. Full Size, 6/- Per Bottle. Hayes, Conyngham & Robinson, Ltd. 12 Grafton Street, Dublin, AND BRANCHES.

DIARIES FOR THE NEW YEAR. Combridge Ltd. 18 & 20 GRAFTON STREET.

EDUCATION.

LT.-COL. W. D. DOONER, C.M.G.; p.s.,c.,c. (Late R.A.O.C., and formerly of the Royal Irish Fusiliers), AND MR. J. LOGAN, M.A., F.R.G.S, (Late of Rathmines College and Head Tutor For Mr. C. FULCHER), ARE PREPARED TO TAKE A LIMITED NUMBER OF PUPILS FOR WOOLWICH, SANDHURST, AIR FORCE, INDIA POLICE, AND NAVAL CADETS.
Recent Successes and Terms on application to LT.-COL. W. D. DOONER, GREENAN, DUNMURRY, CO. ANTRIM.

TERENURE COMMERCIAL SCHOOL. Transferred from 3 Ashfield Park, Terenure, to 20 DAWSON STREET.
CLASSES RESUMED TUESDAY, 3rd JANUARY. Full Commercial Course, with Special Attention to Touch Typewriting, and Practical Business Book-keeping.
Full particulars from MISS PEARSON, 3 Ashfield Park.

ROYAL SCHOOL, ARMAGH. FEES, £63 A YEAR. ENTRANCE SCHOLARSHIPS of the Value of £15 and £10 given to Desirable Candidates.

SCHOOLS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS. TUTORS FOR ARMY AND ALL EXAMS. Messrs. J. and J. Paton, having an up-to-date knowledge of the BEST SCHOOLS and TUTORS in this Country and on the Continent, will be pleased to AID PARENTS in the selection of Schools. Prospectuses and TRUSTWORTHY INFORMATION. The age of the pupil, district preferred, and rough idea of fees should be given. J. and J. PATON, Educational Agents, 143 Cannon street, London, E.C. 4.

HORSES.

Wires—"Sewell's, Dublin." Telephone—674
SEWELL'S, DUBLIN.
NEXT AUCTION AT THE REPOSITORY, ANNUAL NEW YEAR'S AUCTION, THURSDAY, JANUARY 5th.
HUNTERS, HARNESS HORSES, etc. Entry Forms on Application.
SEWELL, SON & SIMPSON (LTD.) AUCTIONEERS.

FAIRS.

TEMPLEMORE NEW CATTLE FAIR WILL BE HELD ON SATURDAY, 31st DEC., 1921.
All the Leading Buyers have promised to attend.
THOMAS KIELLY, Town Clerk.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

FOUR COURTS HOTEL, INNS QUAY, DUBLIN.
One of the Most Comfortable Hotels in Ireland. 100 Bedrooms. Electric Lights Throughout. BED AND BREAKFAST FROM 6/6. Restaurant Attached.
'Phone 1336, 2246. HENRY G. KILBEY Wires—"Excel," Dublin. Managing Director.

KINGSTOWN. HOTEL CARLISLE.
Magnificently situated over East Pier, commanding beautiful views of Dublin Bay, Howth. Most Comfortable. Adjacent to Golf Links. Lounge in which dances are held, also Billiard and Writing Rooms, recently added. One minute from Station, Mail Steamer, and Baths. Free Garage. Apply Proprietress. 'Phone 119 Kingstown.

BLACKPOOL.—IMPERIAL HYDROPATHIC HOTEL, Claremont Park—300 rooms. Turkish Russian, and Salt Water Plunge Baths. Garage. Telephone 291. Telegrams—"Imperial." Tariff apply Manager.

HOTELS AND BOARDING.

MAYFAIR Hotel, 30 Lower Baggot st.—Excellent catering; reduced Christmas terms. 'Phone 4747. 12 20

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE IN SOUTHERN IRELAND. ADVERTISEMENT FOR CREDITORS. CHANCERY DIVISION.
Pursuant to an Order of the Chancery Division of the High Court of Justice in Ireland made in the Matter of the Estate of JANE SARAH ARMSTRONG, Deceased; FRANK ROBERT WEST, Plaintiff; FREDERICK MALCOLM WEST, Defendant. The Creditors of the said Jane Sarah Armstrong, late of No. 6 Royal Marine Villas, Kingstown, in the County of Dublin, Spinster, who died in or about the month of May, 1921, are on or before the 1st day of February, 1922, to send by post, prepaid, to Messrs. Fred. Sutton and Co., of 62 Dame street, in the City of Dublin, the Solicitors for the said Robert West, the Plaintiff, the Executor of the deceased, their Christian and surnames and addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts, and the nature of the security (if any) held by them or by any of them, and if thereof, they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said Order.
Every creditor holding any security is to produce the same before the Right Honourable the Master of the Rolls at the Four Courts, Dublin, on the 8th day of February, 1922, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, being the time appointed for adjudicating on the claims.
Dated this 14th day of December, 1921.
JOHN HEALY, Chief Clerk.
ANNOUNCEMENTS received late for insertion in this Column will be found on Page 4.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.
In the Goods of FREDERICK LEOPOLD FLOOD, late of 40 Morehampton road, in the County of Dublin, and of 3 Dawson street, in the City of Dublin, L.R.C.P. and S.I., Deceased.
Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the Statute 22nd and 23rd Vict. cap. 35, that all persons having to be creditors of, or otherwise to have any claims or demands upon the estate of the said Frederick Leopold Flood, who died on the 5th day of June, 1921, are hereby required, on or before the 1st day of February, 1922, to furnish in writing particulars of such claims or demands to the Undersigned Solicitors for Cecil Lecky-Thomson Flood and Mrs. Gladys Ella Whitaker, the Executors named in the Will of said Deceased, the Executors named in the Will of said Deceased, and that after the expiration of the said time limited by the said Executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said Deceased amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to those claims and demands of which notice and particulars shall have been given as above required.
Dated this 21st day of December, 1921.
BERNARD H. BURGESS, Solicitor for the said Executors, 22 Nassau street, Dublin.

EVENTS IN IRELAND are fully enumerated in the "Weekly Irish Times," with illustrations. On Sale To-day, price Twopence.

APPEALS.

LADIES' ASSOCIATION OF CHARITY OF ST. VINCENT DE PAUL, METROPOLITAN PARISH.
These ladies appeal for aid for the "Sick Poor," whom they relieve in their comfortless homes. Donations will be gratefully received by the Very Rev. 44 Eccles street, where gifts of clothing will also be acceptable.

SEAMEN'S INSTITUTE,

MOTOR MATTERS, BICYCLES, &c.

MOTOR CARS.

NEW PRICES.

CHEVROLET, 4/5 Seaters, £260. CALOOTT, 2/4 Seaters, from £374. CLULEY, 2/4 Seaters, from £550.
WALLEN, TRINITY STREET GARAGE.

A. C. Two Seater, electric light, hood, screen, £285.—Woods, Westland Row. T

THE OAKLAND SENSIBLE SIX 6-CYLINDER.

TOURING CAR AT £420

is well worth investigation.
It is a treat to drive. Come and test it.
LINCOLN MOTOR COMPANY,
LINCOLN PLACE, DUBLIN T

1922 DEMONSTRATION MODEL, 8 h.p. "SINGER," £350 (water cooled).
NOW ON VIEW.
CUMMING AND DILLON'S AUTO SERVICE,
4 LR. ABBEY STREET.
'Phone, 4779. T

THE PICK OF THE MARKET:—
AUSTIN, 12 h.p. and 20 h.p.
TALBOT-DARRACQ, 8 h.p., 12 h.p. and 16 h.p.
VAUXHALL, 14 h.p. and 25 h.p.

FOR CASH OR ON DEFERRED PAYMENTS.

HARRY FERGUSON, LTD.,
134 LOWER BAGGOT STREET, DUBLIN. T

THE A.C. AND ALL-WEATHER BODY.
The Light Car par excellence.
CRAWFORD, 29 and 30 DAWSON ST. X

12 H.P. ROVER CARS.
1922 MODELS. REVISED PRICES.
2 SEATER (including Dickey)..... £623
4 SEATER £650
COUPE (including Dickey)..... £750
ROVER CO. LTD., LORD EDWARD ST. X

HILLMAN TWO SEATER, Show Model.
BELSIZE 4 SEATER, Perfect.
STAR SALOON, Just Overhauled.
DIXIE FLYER, 1922 Model, only done 800 miles, six wheels.
15 H.P. DAIMLER, FOUR SEATER.
12 H.P. WOLSEY.
FIAT LANDAULETTE, Suit Taxi.
AT REDUCED PRICES.
EXPRESS AUTO CO.
52 DAWSON STREET, DUBLIN. F

FOR Sale, Ford, 1921, with beautifully built and upholstered English body, electric light, self starter, screen, speedometer, adjustable wheels; a really smart turnout. Can be seen on application to C 115, this office. A

FOR immediate Sale, Daimler Car, 5 Seater, painted grey, in perfect mechanical order; low price to prompt purchaser, owner leaving Ireland owing to ill health; Dublin suburbs.—C 145, this office. A

FOR quick Sale, as owner leaving for India, a 8 h.p. Two Seater Motor Car, with dickey to hold two; new last July; only done 2,500 miles. Apply E 2, Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown. E

SWIFT 9-cwt. Car, 1914, perfect running order; what offers?—S 22, Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown.

WHEN you fear you may be late, ring up Dublin, 358." Y

MOTOR CYCLES.

"A1" MOTOR Cycles—New Imperials, 1922 models now on view; Sunbeam, Lewis, and Les Francis on the way; several special bargains in new 1921 Machines; come and see them.—Wayte Bros., 151 Lemon st., off Grafton st. T

A.J.S., NEW PRICES—7 h.p. COMBINATION, £175; 2¾ h.p. LIGHT-WEIGHTS, £85; TRIUMPH, 4 h.p., from £105; LIGHT-WEIGHT, £65; ROVER TWIN COMBINATION, £135.
WALLEN, TRINITY ST. GARAGE.

A.J.S. 42 Westland Row—1922 B.S.A. Twins, £162; Singles, £107. T

1922 MODELS FOR EARLY DELIVERY—Martinsyde, Beardmore, Omega-Duplex, Revere, Sheffield Henderson, Clonlon etc.
CUMMING AND DILLON'S AUTO SERVICE,
4 LOWER ABBEY STREET, DUBLIN. T

ADVANCES on Motor Bikes, Cars, Jewels.—Gorman, 24A Pembroke, Wicklow-st. (opposite Four Courts); new garages. T

SALE, 6 horse Rex Combination; sell cheap; would take lightweight in part exchange.—Z 942, Combination," this office. D

1920 ROYAL Enfield, 2¼ h.p., excellent condition, (Rex) Greaves, Glenn terrace, Wexford. E

LORRIES, VANS; MOTOR & STEAM HAULAGE.

AN 8 h.p. Double Crank Barrel Tractor, with wind ing drum and canopy over driver; a 6 ton Sentinel Steam Waggon, engine in perfect working order, boiler insured at maker's original working pressure; a 4 ton Commer Motor Lorry, with sound tires, all thoroughly overhauled; must be sold to clear space; no reasonable offer refused.—Thomas Archer, New Wapping street, Dublin. 'Phone, 1902. Telegrams, "Superb." A

DENNIS Three Ton Lorry, fast off contract, owner no further use; price £125.—View, Eager's Garage, South Circular road.

ACCESSORIES, TYRES, ETC.

BOSCH Magnetos at cheaper rates, all types stocked and fully guaranteed.—The Irish Motor and Engineering Company, Ltd., 6-7 Nassau st., Dublin. X

TYRES—We guarantee Repairs to Tubes and Covers. Our Special Process of Retreading makes Old Covers new. Prompt delivery, reasonable charges. Only address—Gledg Motor Tyre Co., 4 Lower Buckingham st., Dublin. T

BICYCLES.

"A1"—Come and See them—Sunbeams, 1922 models, just arrived; several new Shopsoiled B.S.A. Sparklets, and Centaurs at reduced prices.—Wayte Bros., Ltd., Lemon st., off Grafton st. T

A JOY to Drive—Aero Special, 1922, Ladies' and Gents' Cycles, all one price, £12 cash; Rudge-Whitworth Motor Cycles from £85; inspection invited; catalogues free.—Rudge-Whitworth, Ltd., Stephen's Green. 42 10

FOR Sale, Lady's Rudge Tricycle, free wheel, perfect order; £7.—Quin, Clifton Lodge, Attehey, Co. Meath. A

CHAUFFEURS, MECHANICS.

DISENGAGED

CHAUFFEUR seeks employment; Ford or gate charge, or all round repairs, careful driver; well recommended; Protestant, strict T.T.—O 99, this office. F

CHAUFFEUR, Mechanic; attention; any make of Car; all repairs; R.O., married; highly recommended.—Z 1001, Chauffeur, this office. A

MOTOR Driver seeks engagement; first class papers; highly recommended; all running repairs; please state terms.—C 178, this office. A

DUBLIN SHIPPING REPORT.

Barometer—29.60. Wind and Weather—Strong westerly wind, with heavy squalls.

Coastwise Arrivals.—Slieve Gallion, Silvermore, Arvonia, from Holyhead, with goods, passengers, etc.; Magpie, from Glasgow, with goods; Brunel, from Preston, with goods; Sard, from Glasgow, with coals; Talacre, Ircna, from Point of Aire, with coals.

Foreign Departure.—Atalanta, of Glasgow (319 tons), for Glasgow, with part cargo.

Coastwise Departures.—Slieve Gallion, Silvermore, Arvonia, for Holyhead, with goods, passengers, etc.; Blackrock, for Liverpool, with goods; Magpie, for Glasgow, with goods; Brier, for Heysham, with goods; Lady Kerry, for Liverpool, with live stock; Solway Firth, for Glasgow, light; St. Mirren, Guneo, Foulkis, for Ayr, light; Aspen, for Point of Aire, light.

LLOYD'S MAIL NEWS.

ACTOR, for London, left Trinidad 24th.
ALMANZORA, from Southampton, arr. Rio Janeiro 26.
AUTHOR, for Liverpool left Newport News 24th.
BENLEDIG, for Para, left Hull 24th.
CAMPO, for Avonmouth, and CHANGUINOLA for Santa Marta, both left Kingston (Jamaica) 28th.
CARDIGANSHIRE, from San Francisco, arr. Hull 24.
CELTIC, from Liverpool, arrived New York 26th.
CITY OF DELHI, Yokohama for London, called Moji 27th.
CITY OF GLASGOW, Tientsin for London, left Singapore 26th.
COLLEGIAN, for Calcutta and ALEXANDRIAN, for New Orleans, left the Mersey 24th.
CITY OF MANILA, for London, left Calcutta 24th.
CITY OF POONA, Liverpool for Calcutta, called Colombo 26th.
DEMERARA, La Plata for Liverpool, called Rio Janeiro 26th.
DESNA, Bissil for Liverpool, left Vigo 27th.
EGYPT, London for Shanghai, arr. Hong Kong 27th.
FRISIA, New Orleans for Amsterdam, called Southampton 27th.
HIGHLAND LADDIE, from London, arrived Monte Video 26th.
HOLBEIN, for Liverpool, left Las Palmas 26th.
HOLBEIN, Buenos Ayres for Liverpool, left Teneriffe 27
HUNTSGREEN, for Southampton, left Bombay 26th.
JAN PIETERSZOON CAEN, for Java, left Southampton 27th.
KALYAN, Calcutta for London, called Colombo 24th.
KAMAKURA MARU, Yokohama for Liverpool, arrived Colombo 26th.
KAMAKURA MARU, Yokohama for Liverpool, left Colombo 28th.
KASHGAR, Immingham for Yokohama, arrived Gibraltar 27th.
KATOOMBA, Liverpool for Bombay, arr. P. Said 28.
KAZEMBE, Yokohama for London, and PEGURUGA MARU, Liverpool for Yokohama, arrived Singapore 26th.
KHYBER, London for Calcutta, and SCOTIAN, from Southampton, arrived Bombay 24th.
KONINGIN DER NEDERLANDEN, Batavia for Suez, passed Perim 28th.
LOSADA, from the Clyde, arrived Tocopilla 27th.
MANTUA, for London, left Bombay 24th.
MATADOR, from Liverpool, arrived Calcutta 25th.
MERCIAN, for London, left Norfolk 24th.
MITO MARU, from Yokohama, for BENIN, from Africa, and FRANCISCO, from New York, arr. Hull 25th.
NALDERA, for London, left Sydney 27th.
NEOCYA, from Tenerife, arrived the Mersey 28th.
NORETON HAY, London for Brisbane, left Colombo 27th.
NELLORE, Yokohama for London, arr. Singapore 26.
NORTHERN PACIFIC, London for North Pacific, left Colon 26
NINIAN, from Liverpool, arr. Kingston (Jamaica) 27
ORMONDE, London for Brisbane, arr. Gibraltar 28th.
ORVIETO, from Brisbane; INTOMBI, from Beira, and ORVIETO, from Natal, arrived Gravesend 27th.
PALERMO, London for Sydney, arrived Melbourne 26.
PARATTAH, for Australia, left Swansea 24th.
PATRICIAN, from London for New York, arrived 25th; CORNISHMAN, from Avonmouth, arrived Boston 27th.
PERSIAWAR, London for Sydney, arr. Malta 28th.
PORT DENISON, from Melbourne, arrived Hull 25th.
RENUERA, from Wellington, arrived Gravesend 28th.
SANTOS, from Brazil, arrived Hamburg 26th.
SAXON, Southampton for Port Natal, left Table Bay 27
SCOTIA, London for Calcutta, called Madras 25th.
SOMALI, for London, left Colombo 24th.
SOMERSETSHIRE, for United Kingdom, left Rio Janeiro 24th.
TEVIOT, from Hull, arrived Havana 24th.
THEMISTOCLES, London for Brisbane, left Table Bay 27th.
WARWICKSHIRE, from London, arrived Rangoon 27.
ZEELAND, for Plymouth, left New York 24th.

Cunard Line.

BRESCIA left Smirna on Tuesday.
CYPRIA left Catania on Tuesday.
THE HOEROT arrived at Havre on Sunday from Liverpool.
VIRGILIA left New York on Saturday for London.

THIS FEATURE LAST APPEARED ON DECEMBER 16th.
NEXT DATE DUE JANUARY 13th.

BUILDING & RECONSTRUCTION.

THIS FEATURE LAST APPEARED ON DECEMBER 15th.
NEXT DATE DUE JANUARY 12th.

JAMES P. CORRY & CO., LTD.
31-32 City Quay, Dublin.
BUILDERS' PROVIDERS,
Importers of Softwoods, Hardwoods, Floorings, Sheetings, Slates, Cement, Clay Goods, etc.
New Specialities:—
AURORA DISTEMPER
IN ALL COLOURS.
Manufactured by the well-known and old-established firm, The Torbay and Dart Paint Co., Ltd.
Prices:— 70/- per cwt. Snow white.
60/- " " Tints.
Supplied mixed ready for use.
BEAVER QUALITY ROOFING,
Manufactured by the BEAVER BOARD CO., LTD.
The most scientifically prepared Roofing Felt on the market.
1, 2, and 3 ply, in 1 and 2 square rolls.
TRADE PRICES ON APPLICATION.

THE HIGH COST OF BUILDING.

EXCESSIVE PRICES.

There is a general opinion in the building trade that the high cost of building is attributable in the main to the excessive price of building materials, and the London House Builders' Association has recorded the view that the trusts and combines which now control production of building materials are largely responsible for the continued high prices. Heavy arrears in building have to be made up everywhere; manufacturers need new or renovated factories; business men require more commodious premises, and there is still a great shortage of dwellinghouses, while the building trade needs stimulation, and thousands of workmen are waiting to be employed.

None of these demands can be satisfied while the cost of building remains at its present high level, and a reduction in the cost is now in the main dependent upon a fall in the price of materials. A fall in those prices is forecasted in the coming year, but there is anxiety that no artificial barrier shall be allowed to prevent or retard the process. This anxiety is crystallising into a public demand for an inquiry into the operations of the various trade associations which control the production and prices of building materials.

A comparison of the wages paid in Dublin and in Great Britain serves to emphasise the difficulty in which the Irish building firms find themselves. For example, the rates paid to bricklayers across the Channel vary considerably. In some places they are as low as 1s. 7d. per hour, but in the cities which might be taken as comparable with Dublin a higher figure is given. In London, Manchester, Birmingham, Glasgow, and Edinburgh bricklayers are paid at the rate of 2s. 0½d. per hour. In Dublin the rate is 2s. 2d. per hour.

The rates of bricklayers in Great Britain have, so far, been reduced by 3½d. per hour—in two "cuts," one of 2d. and one of 1½d. per hour, bringing the rate from 2s. 4d. to 2s. 0½d., while the bricklayers in Dublin have had but one "cut" of 1d., reducing the rate of pay from 2s. 3d. to 2s. 2d. per hour. Before the war the relative positions in Dublin and the leading centres on the other side were reversed. At that time the Dublin men were paid from 1½d. to 2d. per hour less than those in Great Britain, whereas at present they are receiving 1½d. per hour more.

HOUSES FOR IRISH EX-SERVICE MEN.

GOVERNMENT CONTRACTS PLACED.

The execution of plans for the housing of ex-Service men in Ireland is making satisfactory progress. The Irish Land (Provision for Sailors and Soldiers) Act, 1919, places upon the Local Government Board the duty of deciding the applications made by men for houses, the selection of sites, and acquisition of land, and when these preliminaries are complete the Commissioners of Public Works make the contracts for the erection of cottages, fencing, road-making, etc.

The Government commitments in this matter amount to about £1,000,000, and include the erection of 1,300 cottages over 26 counties in Ireland.

Over a thousand of the cottages are under construction, while a considerable number have been completed, and are now occupied by ex-Servicemen at Bray, Raheny, Swords, etc.

While preliminary inquiries are still being made regarding further schemes, the Commissioners placed contracts during the year for the erection of these cottages in the following districts with the contractors named:—

Antrim Rural District: M'Auley, M'Ilroy, and Co., Ltd., Belfast.
Armagh Scheme: A. C. Simpson, Armagh.
Antrim Rural District: W. and J. Armstrong, Glenview, Antrim.
Ardee No. 1 Rural District: S. Henly and Sons, Drogheda.
Antrim and Belfast Rural District: Hughes and Thompson, Lisburn.
Abbeyleix Rural District: M. J. Sweeney, Portarlington.
Ballinasloe No. 1 Rural District: Louis B. Ward, Ballinasloe.
Ballycastle Rural District: Neal Dallat, Ballycastle, Co. Antrim.
Balrotherry and Rathdown No. 2 Rural Districts: Collen Bros., Dublin.
Ballymahon Rural District: P. Kelly and Sons, Longford.
Birr No. 1 Rural District: A. Panton Watkinson, Dublin.
Ballymena Rural District: D. K. M'Kee, Ahoghill, Co. Antrim; John Carson, Clonavon, Ballymena.
Ballyshannon Rural District: J. M'Bride, Ballyshannon, Co. Donegal.
Balrotherry Rural District: J. J. Flanagan, Drumcondra, Dublin.
Belfast Rural District: J. and R. W. Taggart, Belfast; P. Ritchie, Belfast.
Belfast Rural District: R. M. Allison, Dunmurry, Co. Antrim.
Callan Rural District: Connolly and Cullen, Kilkenny.
Cork Rural District: Meagher and Hayes, Cork.
Clogher Rural District: George Martin, Fivemiletown, Co. Tyrone.
Cookstown Scheme: T. M'Keown and Sons, Cookstown, County Tyrone.
Charleville: Meagher and Hayes, Cork.
Clogheen Rural District: Messrs. Roche, Morrissey and Kennedy, Clonmel.
Crossmaglen Rural District: J. Fleming, Newry.
Clonmel No. 1 Rural District: Meagher and Hayes, Cork.
Co. Clare and Co. Tipperary, N.R.: P. Molloy, Limerick; P. Rafferty, Killaloe.
Cavan Rural District: R. Thompson, Dublin.
Delvin Rural District: L. M. Coghlan, Castlepollard, Co. Westmeath.
Dungarvan District: John M'Grath, Dungarvan.
Dungannon Rural District: T. McKeown and Sons, Cookstown.
Enniscorthy Rural District: R. C. Williamson, Enniscorthy.
Enniskillen Rural District: James Harvey and Son, Enniskillen.
Edenderry (No. 1) Rural District: H. Kelly, Coneyborough, Edenderry.
Ennis Rural District: J. Daly, Ennis.
Ennis Rural District: M. F. Smith, Ennis.
Hillsborough Rural District: W. J. and C. Law, Lisburn.
Irrinestown Rural District: J. M'Aran, Irvinestown, Co. Fermanagh.
Kilkee Rural District (Fencing): D. Hincny, Newtown, Killaloe.
Kilkeel Rural District and Newry Urban District: P. Carvill and Sons, Ballydesland, Warrenpoint.
Kinsale Rural District: Meagher and Hayes, Cork.
Kinsale Rural District: Kelly and Sons, Kinsale.
Kells Rural District: S. Henly and Sons, Drogheda.
Lisnaskea Rural District: G. Stokes and Sons, Dungarvan.
Limavaddy Rural District: J. Bloomfield, Brookeborough, Co. Fermanagh.
Limerick No. 2 Rural District: P. Rafferty, Killaloe.
Monaimellick Rural District: J. Beckett, Ltd., Dublin.
Mallow Rural District: Meagher and Hayes, Cork.
Magherafelt Rural District: J. McKeown and Sons, Cookstown, Co. Tyrone.
Mohill Rural District: R. Thompson, Dublin.
Mullingar Rural District: C. Doyle, Mullingar.
Midleton Rural District: J. J. Coffey, Midleton, Co. Cork; M. J. O'Donoghue, Cork.
Newry Nos. 1 and 2 Rural Districts: J. Fleming, Newry.
North Dublin District: G. W. Scott and Co., Ltd., Dublin.
Naas No. 1 Rural District: Kyle Bros., Rathfarnham, Co. Dublin; Collen Bros., East Wall, Dublin.
Nenagh Rural District: A. Panton Watkinson, Dublin.
Omagh Rural District: J. M'Grath, Omagh.
Portumna Rural District: T. M'Dermott, Portumna, Co. Galway.
Raheny: James A. Campbell and Co., Dublin.
Rathdown No. 1 Rural District: J. A. Campbell, Clontarf, Dublin.
Roscommon Rural District: Henion Bros., Roscommon.
Rathdown (No. 2) Scheme: H. J. Evans, Greystones.
Ratheroon Rural District: J. Keely, Rathfarnham, Co. Dublin.
Stranorlar Rural District: J. M'Bride, East Port, Ballyshannon.
South Dublin Rural District: J. Beckett, Ltd., Dublin.
Thurles Rural District: Meagher and Hayes, Cork.
Tullamore District: J. Beckett, Ltd., Dublin.
Thurles Rural District: M. Purcell, Littleton, Thurles.
Trim Rural District: T. Hobbs, Kilmessan, Co. Meath.
Thomastown Rural District: H. and A. Hamilton, Waterford.
Tipperary No. 1 Rural District: M. Barry, Bansha, Co. Tipperary.
Tipperary No. 2 Rural District: J. Cleary, Clarleville, Co. Cork.
Wexford Rural District: Mrs. M. O'Connor, Wexford.

In addition to the schemes mentioned above, the Local Government Board are carrying out by direct labour the erection of 240 dwellings at Kilkenny, near Clontarf station, Dublin, under the supervision of the Local Government Board. About 100 of these are under construction, and many of them will be ready for occupation in a very short time.

Dublin Notes.

The new building for the Provincial Bank at the Rotunda corner of Upper Sackville street is making rapid headway, and, when completed, will greatly enhance the appearance of that area.

***

The premises for the Bank of Ireland in Lower Sackville street are approaching completion, and the removal of the scaffolding reveals one of the most artistic buildings in that thoroughfare.

***

Blackrock Urban District Council invite tenders for the supply and delivery at the Town Hall, Blackrock, of about 100 hard wood chairs, for the Assembly Rooms. Preference will be given to Irish manufacture.

***

The Board of Public Works, Dublin, has placed with Messrs. Dockrell, Sons, and Co., Ltd., the contract for painting and glazing works and supplies, and with Messrs. Baird's, Ltd., Dublin, the contract for plumbing work at the Royal Hibernian Military School.

***

A suggestion has been made that, in the event of the military leaving the city barracks soon, the premises vacated should be made available for those who at present are unable to get homes for themselves, and are living in overcrowded dwellings. This idea has been adopted in Aberdeen, where a considerable number of families have been provided with accommodation after small alterations had been made on the old barracks.

***

A quantity of the best brick clay in Ireland is offered for sale, along the side of the county road, at Kill-o'-the-Grange, by Mr. E. W. Hall. The building trade should welcome an opportunity of developing such an important industry within easy reach of the city. The quality of the clay is vouched for, as formerly when those bricks were available, and all architects' specifications concluded with the words—"The work to be carried out with Kill-o'-the-Grange or other approved brick."

WORLD COMPETITION FOR ARCHITECTS.

CAIRO HOSPITAL DESIGNS.

The Royal Institute of British Architects has received intimation that five out of the six designs selected in the preliminary competition for the hospital and medical school to be erected near Cairo by the Egyptian Government, are those of British architects. The competition was open to the world, and designs were submitted by many of the most distinguished architects of the United States, France, Italy, Canada, as well as of Great Britain. The following are the six successful competitors:—Mr. J. R. Truelove, A.R.I.B.A., care of Imperial War Graves Commission, 51, Omer, Pas de Calais, France; Messrs. Cackett and Burns Dick, FF.R.I.B.A., Pilgrim House, Newcastle-on-Tyne; Messrs. W. and T. R. Milburn, FF.R.I.B.A., 11 Esplanade West, Sunderland; MM. Pierre and Louis Guidetti, 31 Quai Bourbon, Paris; Messrs. Lanchester, Rickards, and Lucas, FF.R.I.B.A., and T. A. Lodge, A.R.I.B.A., 19 Bedford square, London, W.C. 1; and Messrs. Nicholas and Dixon Spain, FF.R.I.B.A., 19 Hanover square, London, W. 1. The assessor was Mr. J. W. Simpson, Past-President of the R.I.B.A.

UNEMPLOYMENT IN THE BUILDING TRADE.

REDUCTIONS OF WAGES.

The Ministry of Labour, in their December official statement, show that employment in the building trades during the previous month continued to show a decline, which was more marked than the preceding month in Ireland. Work continued good with plasterers, moderate with bricklayers, carpenters, and plumbers, slack with masons, and with painters it was very bad, and much worse than the previous month.

The total number of unemployed in the United Kingdom at 2nd December was 184,467, an average of 20.3 per cent., but in Ireland, with 16,020 unemployed, the percentage was the extraordinarily high one of 33.7, a figure far beyond any part of Great Britain.

Changes in rates of wages recorded last month included the decrease of 1½d. per hour, from 2s. 2d. to 2s. 0½d., of bricklayers, carpenters, joiners, slaters, plumbers, and plasterers in Belfast. In the United Kingdom 446,000 workers in the building and allied trades sustained reductions of wages between January and November amounting to £303,900 weekly, while 2,400 workers received increases amounting to £700 weekly.

"In the brick trade employment showed a further decline, and many workers were discharged, and some works in England partially or completely closed down. The wages paid showed a reduction of 5.3 per cent. when compared with a month earlier, and 26.6 compared with a year ago.

Employment was very bad generally in the cement trade, and the wages paid showed a decrease of 20.3 per cent., with those paid a month earlier, and 53.7 per cent. compared with a year ago.

***

ENGINEERS' BONUS WITHDRAWN.

The last of the three instalments by which the bonuses of 12½ and 7½ per cent. given to time-workers and piece-workers, respectively, in the engineering, shipbuilding, and various metal trades are being withdrawn, operates from 1st January, and applies to the federated shipbuilding and engineering workers in Dublin and Belfast.

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Mrs. W. Burgess, of West street, Alford, Lincs., says:—
"It was following an attack of pleurisy that I began to feel pain and flatulence after food. The pleurisy left me very weak, thin, and anæmic; I hadn't strength to do anything, and I lost two stone in weight altogether. The pain was always at my chest and between my shoulders, too. My heart would palpitate violently at times and set me trembling from head to foot. I was terribly troubled with headache, and I never had a proper night's rest for the wind and the pain. Often during the day this wind would gather round my heart and set it fluttering till I felt like fainting.
"I had plenty of medicine, and tried a lot of advertised tonics as well, but nothing did any good. I had been ill nearly two years when I got Dr. Cassell's Tablets. Very soon I knew they were doing me good. I began to sleep better, and to eat without having pain, and in a few weeks I had gained a stone in weight, and felt as well as ever in my life."
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Sold by Chemists in all parts of the world. Ask for Dr. Cassell's Tablets and refuse substitutes.
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EDUCATION'S FUTURE.

"DOMINION STATUS" WANTED.

Speaking at the annual conference of the educational Associations in London yesterday, Professor L. P. Jacks, Principal of Manchester College, Oxford, predicted that in the future education would not be a side show or an appendage of the State, but an equal partner in the community of interests. The schoolmaster of to-day would be the statesman of to-morrow, but exercising his function in a different kind of state, with wider vision, more humane spirit, and with more efficient State machinery at his disposal than now existed.

Education, they claimed, should, as the nature of a task demanded, be master in its own house, and the schoolmaster should not be the servant of the designs of politicians and economists.

In an age which had seen notable political inventions to the idea of making Ireland a Free State within the Empire, was it inconceivable to ask that responsible statesmen might one day be persuaded to entertain a proposal to give "Dominion status" to education? Why should they be asked were a proposal made to transfer the functions of the Education Department to the teaching community, itself enjoying "dominion status" within that circle of interests which constituted a Commonwealth?

Education, once freed, would become an international enterprise, containing the starting point of a fraternal community of the nations of the earth.

WHITE STAR COMMODORE.

PROMOTION FOR OLYMPIC'S CAPTAIN.

The White Star line have decided to appoint Commodore to their fleet, and the first Commander to hoist the flag—a red pennant, with white star upon it—will be Sir Bertram Ives, who was recently promoted to the same rank in the Royal Naval Reserve. The Commodore's colours will be flown over the well-known White Star line house flag.

Sir Bertram has been appointed to the Olympic (56,000 tons), which is scheduled to leave Southampton on May 10 on her maiden trip in White Star line's Southampton-Cherbourg-New York service, when he will hoist his pennant for the first time. He is an outstanding figure in the British mercantile marine. At present he is the commander of the Olympic, and held that post during the war. His services to the country during those eventful years include the sinking of at least one German submarine.

Useful Reminders TO Women looking FOR Bargains AT THE January Sales ARE GIVEN BY Molly Bawn IN THE Weekly Irish Times ON SALE TO-DAY. PRICE TWOPENCE.

FOLKESTONE.

MAYHAP FAILS.

PLAYFUL'S DOUBLE EFFORT.

At one time during the morning there was every indication of a shortage of runners at Westenhanger Park, but the arrival of the "horse special," for which the time of the first race was put back fifteen minutes, completely altered the situation, and, if the racing was of little actual importance, it provided plenty of competition.

Mr. C. King, who rode his own horse, Easy, an animal of unknown pedigree, in the Novices' Steeplechase, has evidently had little experience of race riding. On being mounted in the paddock the horse dashed off through the crowd, scattering it right and left. It first broke away in the direction of Tattersall's Ring, and then the weighing-room enclosure, before finally finding its way on to the course. Easy and the odds-on King's Coat both refused the second obstacle, an open ditch, and Cresley, being the only other runner, had but to stand up in order to complete the course in his leisure.

The title of the race was rather a misnomer, for Cresley is anything but a novice; but the race was for horses that have not won more than one steeplechase since 1919, and that not of greater value than 80 sovs., so that Cresley was qualified.

That there is not a wide margin between hurdle handicap and plating form was demonstrated by the smart play of Sonny Grant in the Dover Hurdle. Mayhap was supposed to represent much better class, but he proved altogether incapable of giving 11lb. to Playplater, who, however, may have owed much of his success to the very excellent judgment Fred. Rees displayed in his handling of the winner.

It is not often that a horse is pulled out twice during the same afternoon at jumping, but this was so in the case of Playful. The horse obviously requires strong handling. Ridden by Keith Piggott in the Dover Hurdle he soon carried his light pilot out; but saddled again for the Maiden Hurdle he had the advantage of a stronger horseman in Duller, which he recognised by winning very comfortably.

Jockeys' engagements for to-day include:—F. B. Rees—Top Hole and White Ronald. Butchers—Bay Malley and Loominster. Dick-Potentate. Weech—Toilet. Duller has no rides at present.

1.15—A SELLING H'CAP, 'CHASE, £100. 2 m. Mr. W. Harris's b. g. ROCKLIGHT II., by Wax Bullet—Rock Pigeon, a. 13-5 (L. Butchers 1
Mr. F. Ingram's BEN BRIDGE, a. 10-9 L. Rees 2
Mr. T. Rowland's SEA FRUIT, 5, 9-13 ...Lefebre 3
Also ran:—Rathleague, a. 10-13 (J. Barrett); Northbrook, 6, 10-9 (W. Dixon); Flying Time, 5, 11-7 (T. O'Sullivan); Terpander, a. 10-13 (A. Newey); Camp Kettle, a. 10-0 (car. 10-1) (R. Trudgill); Court Martial, a. 10-0 (F. Healy). (Winner trained by G. Butchers.)

Betting:—5 to 4 agst. ROCKLIGHT II., 7 to 2 Ben Bridge, 4 to 1 Rathleague, 6 to 1 each Northbrook and Terpander, 10 to 1 Sea Fruit or any other.

Won in a canter by eight lengths; a bad third. The winner now boosts for the 250 gns.

1.50—SEABROOK SELLING HURDLE, £100. 2 m. Mr. W. Weech br. h. FLYING BUCK, by Buckwheels—Flying Mackie, 5, 12-0 (Mr. Weech) 1
Mr. A. Pola's REDELIA, 3, 9-13 ... K. Piggott, 2
Lord Donman's TOWER HILL, 3, 10-0 ... 3

Also ran:—Blueground, a. 12-7 (S. B. Haslack) 0
Sunny Morn, 6, 12-3 (H. Smyth); Evan, a. 10-3 (L. Butchers); Sclater Wilson, 6, 12-0 (L. Rees); Chaplain, a. 11-10 (F. Fitton); Turmeric, 5, 10-0 (L. Morgan); Hoity Martin, 4, 10-0 (J. Gray); Suicide, 5, 10-0 (D. Dick). (Winner trained by Geby.)

Betting:—9 to 4 agst. Sober Wisdom, 7 to 2 Bedalia, 4 to 1 Turmeric, 6 to 1 each Sunny Morn and Blue Ground, 7 to 1 Evan, 100 to 8 each FLYING BUCK, Tower Hill, or any other.

Won by half a length; three lengths separated second and third.

The winner was sold to Mr. Herzler for 150 gns.

2.0—NOVICES' 'CHASE, £90. 2 m.
Mr. F. Pease's b. h. CRESLEY, by Sansculotte—Rosleagh, a. 11-12 ... C. Kelly 1
Also ran:—Easy, a. 11-12 (car. 12-3) (Owner); King's Coat, a. 11-12 (Freemantle). (Winner trained by Owner.)

Betting:—11 to 8 on King's Coat, 6 to 4 agst. CRESLEY, 100 to 8 Easy.

Cresley ran the greater part of the course alone. Easy and King's Coat refused at the second fence.

2.30—ROVER H'CAP HURDLE, £90. 2 m.
Mr. T. Edge's ch. g. SIMON'S CRAFT, by Soracroft—Simonia, 5, 11-0 ... F. Rees 1
Mr. J. Coltman's MAYHAP, a. 11-12 (A. Butchers 2
Mr. S. Wootton's MUSCADIN, 4, 9-13 ...Pellerin 3
Also ran:—Playful, 11-11 (H. Smyth); Flying Simon ran:—Playful, 11-11 (H. Smyth); Flying Simon, a. 11-7 (Dick); Green Lazy, a. 11-7 (Pitton); Zulder Zee, a. 11-6 (L. Rees); Rocksalt, a. 10-13 (Mr. Reveland); Ballyhaise, a. 10-10 (Costello); Caplan, 4, 10-12 (Trudgill); Jolly Roger, 4, 10-5 (Mr. Dunlop); Playfield, 5, 9-9 (K. Piggott). (Winner trained by G. Poole.)

Betting:—6 to 4 agst. Mayhap, 4 to 1 Jolly Roger, 6 to 1 Muscadin, 8 to 1 each Flying Simon and SIMON'S CRAFT, 10 to 1 each Ravello and Playful, 100 to 7 each.

Won by half a length; a neck separated second and third.

3.0—RAMSGATE H'CAP, 'CHASE, £100. 3 m. 1f.
Mr. J. Putnam's b. g. VICO, by Outbreak—Helen Crump, a. 10-13 (Mr. Putnam) 1
Mrs. G. Needham's JOHN CREEK, a. 10-5 ... 2

Also ran:—Little Revenge, 6, 9-11 (A. Wheeler 0
Tara, a. 11-11 (H. E. Bletsoe); Hookwood, 6, 11-8 (Lieut. Hall); Rosewood, 6, 10-0 (Mr. Price). (Winner trained by Owner.)

Betting:—9 to 4 agst. VICO and John Creek, 6 to 2 Hookwood, 6 to 1 Little Revenge, 10 to 1 Tara.

Won by 15 lengths. The others fell.

3.30—HORNED H'CAP HURDLE. 2 m.
Capt. Reeten's b. h. PLAYFUL, by Sodomite—Lalla McDonald, 5, 12-0 ... Dullet 1
Mr. H. Hutchinson's BUSY JOAN, 5, 10-7 ... 2

Also ran:—Sundry Bets, 4, 11-10 (F. Reed); Ironcove, a. 11-9 (Owner); Valentine (C. G., 12-6 (Mr. Gurney Syme, jun.); Bonny Dundee, a. 11-10 (Mr. Morgan). (Winner trained by Killalee.)

Betting:—5 to 4 agst. PLAYFUL, 6 to 1 Busy Joan, 8 to 1 each Johnny Egan and Busy Joan, 50 to 1 bar five.

Won by 10 lengths; three lengths separated second and third.

FANCIES AND RUNNERS.

The racing witnessed yesterday was not upto a very high standard, and I cannot discern prospects of much improvement to-day, when but one race will be worth 100 sovs. net to the winner. Of the horses stabled on the course Monday provided sport in a big bank country, which was free from wire. A fox was found in Mount Murray, and ran over Fermoy Hill to Portlonan, over the Johnstown road, and into Sonna. It was a very fast 25 minutes' spurt up to this, when hounds then carried a line slowly through Sonna, but a storm of wind and rain put an end to further pursuit.

HUNTING APPOINTMENTS.

THE WARD UNION.

Date—December.	Meet.	Hour.
Saturday, 31st.	Donaghmore Cross-roads.	1.30

THE MEATH.

To-day.	Julianstown	11.0
To-morrow.	Dunsany	11.0

THE KILDARE.

To-day.	Ballyraz	11.0

WESTMEATH HOUNDS.—January—Tuesday, 3rd, Moyvoughley; Thursday, 5th, Delvin; Saturday, 7th, Glasson Cross Roads; Monday, 9th, Castletown village; Wednesday, 11th, Collinstown; Friday, 13th, Cut and Mount; Monday, 16th, Streamstown; Wednesday, 18th, Tubberdaly; Friday, 20th, Mullyfarnham; Monday, 23rd, Loughnavalley; Tuesday, 24th, Crookedwood; Friday, 27th, Ballinagare; Monday, 30th, Gaybrook. Meet at 11 o'clock.

HUNTING BOOT AND LEGGING MAKER, L. J. Watkins, 77 Dame street. —(Advt.)

GOLF.

BRAY.—The 24th annual general meeting was held on the 17th inst. The President, Sir Stanley H. Cochrane, was in the chair, and there was a very good attendance of members. The report and statement of accounts, which showed that the club had had a very successful year, were adopted, and the following officers were declared elected:—Captain, J. J. L. Murphy; Committee—Messrs. A. T. Newsom, R. P. Pim, Jr., Hanson, R. G. Warren, Brigadier-General Cockburn, F. H. McCarthy, J. G. Fitzbourne, T. P. Watts, J. Mellon, H. McCormick, Waverly C. Reade, W. Reade, S. J. Shannon, A. Calvin, Plunkett Kenny, and H. B. Molony; Honorary Auditors—F. Hemsley and R. A. Cairns. Some amendments to the rules were adopted, and the meeting closed with a cordial vote of thanks to the chairman.

In the match between the Captain's and Secretary's teams the former were the winners by two matches. A dinner for the teams in the club house concluded the day. For the 3 hole bogey competition Mr. Stephen's Day 57 cards were taken out. Winners—W. J. Haslam and T. N. Cannon (net), with 1 up. Saturday, 31st December, Cronlea Cup, stroke.

ROYAL CO. DOWN.—There was a large entry in the Christmas stroke competition at Newcastle, which was won by W. S. Reden (plus 3), Rio. The other leading cards returned were:—R. Watson (6), 90; J. C. Browning (12), 90; A. Lewis (plus 1), 91; W. Loden (12), 92; Dr. Hamilton Dorrell (3), 94; R. R. Wilson (5), 98; J. P. Reing (14), 99, and Capt. J. H. Fulton (6), 100. Mr. Reden and Mr. Browning won the tie for the monthly medal, defeating Messrs. Wilson.

MALAHIDE LADIES' BRANCH.—3rd January 1922, monthly medal, 18 holes, stroke.

J. W. ELVERY AND CO., LTD., SPORT OUTFITTERS.
Fellow Through Golf Jacket, lightness in weight, shower-proof, comfort and freedom in play, 54" to 44" chest—18/6.
ELEPHANT HOUSE, 45 & 46 Lr. Sackville street, 76 Upper Abbey street, 54 Nassau street, 55 Dawson street, 73 Patrick street, 51 Conduit street, DUBLIN. CORK. LONDON. —(Advt.)

SWIMMING.

SANDYCOVE CHRISTMAS DAY RACE.

Favoured with brilliant sunshine, the club's race was held on Christmas Day morning, and in spite of cold winds, and after a keen contest, was won by Nickey, with Pilliuch second, and C. Egan third. The competitors were:—C. Egan, K. Schorman, F. J. O'Neill, A. Dormer, A. Bell, J. Egan, R. Carroll, and F. Stuart. Dr. J. Beckett kindly acted as starter.

WESTMEATH (MULLINGAR) MEETING.

Judge—Mr. Murphy. Slipper—W. O'Donoghue.

THE GREENPARK STAKES.—For 15 puppies, at £3 each. Winner, £50; second, £15; two dogs, £5 each.

Mr. C. Lennon's Flying Column IV. beat Mr. P. Barlow's Blackburn.

Mr. J. E. Wallace na. I'm Telling You beat Mr. P. Kirk's Harraneer.

Mr. M. Mullally's Companion beat Mr. T. H. Taylor's Town Tennis.

Mr. Ryan's Shaun Spadah II. beat Mr. T. Farrelly's Nubriety.

Master R. Kilgarriff's Knight of Mayfield (late Martial Order) beat Mr. T. H. Taylor's Town Talk IV.

Mr. J. Duncan's Mullingar IV. beat Mr. J. Graham's Br. Byrne.

Mr. J. Cunningham's Flying Plot beat Mr. M. Staunton's Gentle Kitty.

Mr. J. Russell's Clonakilty beat Mr. J. J. Cully's Connolsoure.

Second Round—Flying Column IV. beat I'm Telling You; Companion beat Shaun Spadah II.; Mullingar IV. beat Knight of Mayfield; Flying Plot beat Clonakilty.

Third Round—Flying Column IV. beat Companion; Mullingar IV. beat Flying Plot.

Decider Course—R. f. d. Flying Column IV. (Lord Protector—Kitty Larkin) beat b. d. Mullingar IV. (Harmonides—Darling Dew).

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Mr. M. Mullally's Fainne an Lae beat Mr. M. Fitzsimons' Black Meadow.

Mr. J. Kelly's Ballymakegan Rebel beat Mr. P. J. Stafford's Scrummager.

Mr. J. Clyne's Aughafada beat Mr. M. A. Carney's Choice Lass.

Mr. M. O'Beirne's Rathcroghan beat Mr. J. Bannon's Flaxmore.

Mr. W. Lynch's Legnacarra beat Mr. P. Weir's Flying Susan.

Mr. L. D. Kiernan's Walls of Limerick II. beat Mr. Jas. Lynch os. No Change.

Mr. T. A. Finlay's Cathal beat Mr. T. Farrelly os. Bonnie Dawn.

Second Round—Ballymakegan Rebel beat Fainne an Lae; Aughafada beat Rathcroghan; Legnacarra beat Walls of Limerick II.; Cathal, a bye.

Third Round—Ballymakegan Rebel, a bye. Aughafada drawn; Legnacarra beat Cathal.

Stakes divided between bd. d. Ballymakegan Rebel (Hesaman—Cinderella XY.) and r. f. d. Legnacarra (Victorious Ally—San Serif).

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CHRISTMAS STAKES.—For 8 puppies.

Mr. M'Grath's Millar's Pride beat Mr. P. Finegan's First One.

Mr. P. M'Ginn's Seaghan MacDermaid beat Mr. J. Farrell's Harristown Lass.

Mr. J. Finegan's Knockmark beat Mr. L. Farrelly's Furze Hill.

Mr. T. M'Loughlin's Gainstown beat Mr. C. Mahon's General Farrier.

SECOND ROUND.—Millar's Pride beat Seaghan MacDermaid.

Stakes divided.

FOLLISTOWN STAKES.—For 6 all-ages.

Mr. Moore's Village Blacksmith beat Mr. N. Smith's Royal Meath III.

COURSING.

MASSEREENE PARK MEETING.

SOUTHERN DOGS RUN WELL.

Judge—Mr. Walsh. Slipper—R. J. Redmond.

ALDERBROOK STAKES.—For 32 bitch puppies. Winner, £27 10/-; second, £12 10/-; third, £7 10/-; three dogs, £3 10/- each.

Mr. Musson's Miss Georgie (late Cheerful Dawn) beat Mr. Garvin's Gazelle.

Messrs. McAlinden's Gymnastic won, Mr. McKee's Panoptican disqualified.

Mr. Shaw's Shanganagh Lass beat Mr. O'Loughlan's Maid of Monaghan.

Mr. Donegan's Dumall a bye, Mr. Ferguson's Fancy Betty absent.

Mr. Garvin's Heedless Nell beat Messrs. McAlinden's Flowing Tide.

Mr. Shaw's Sweet Cloraine beat Mr. McKee na. Warren Lass.

Mr. Ryan's Ratholeigh beat Mr. Irvine's Pardon Me.

Mr. McGrath's Forgive beat Mr. Barrett's Belfast Warbler.

Mr. Duffy na. Mourne Fly a bye, Mr. Bailey's Clara, 11, absent.

Mr. McCurdy's Queen Anne II. beat Mr. Caruth na. Molly Jan II.

Mr. McConnell's Sugar Cane (late Somebody's Darling) beat Mr. O'Mahoney's Mathera

SECOND ROUND

Miss Georgie beat Gymnastic.

Dumall beat Shanganagh Lass.

Heedless Nell beat Sweet Cloraine.

Ratholeigh beat Forgive.

Queen Anne II. beat Mourne Fly.

Sugar Cane a bye.

BALLYCHAIOY STAKES AND WEIR CHALLENGE CUP.—For 26 dog puppies. Winner, £23 and Cup; second, £15; third, £7 10/-; four dogs, £3 10/- each.

Mr. McCurdy na. Scotsman II. beat Mr. Ballance's Harmonicon II.

Mr. McGarry's Johneen beat Mr. McConnell's Colonel Ricardo.

Mr. Connolly's Craftsman beat Mr. Barrett's Belfast Wrangler.

Mr. Fraser's Ulster King a bye, Mr. Duffy na. Royal Cotton absent.

Mr. Sullivan's Strange Times beat Mr. McCurdy's Flying George II.

Mr. McDermott's Tim MacDermott beat Mr. Ballance's Bannockburn.

Mr. Garvin na. Black Eagle a bye, Mr. Ferguson's Fancy Again absent.

Mr. Shaw's Streamville beat Mr. O'Hara na. Ocean Liner II.

Mr. H. Barr's Idle Topsy beat Mr. Calvert's Called Again.

Mr. McAlinden's Giant beat Mr. McEntaggart na. One of the Mob.

Mr. Fraser's Silver King II. beat Mr. Shaw's Sprucefield.

Mr. Shaw's Strandtown beat Mr. Musson's Man of Mar (late Swords Volunteer).

Mr. Birchley na. Kilmurney beat Mr. Dowling's Mountain Boy IX.

LOUGH NEAGH STAKES AND CROMAC CHALLENGE CUP.—For 17 all ages. Winner, £30 and Cup; second, £10; third, £6; five dogs, £3 each.

Mr. Doyle's Determined Display beat Mr. Musson's Mischief.

Mr. Harte's Hidden Talent beat Mr. Donegan's Dam Fast.

Mr. Sullivan's Strange Light beat Mr. Barrett's Belfast Wasp.

Mr. Musson's Missing Money beat Mr. Maxwell's Saint Eloi.

Mr. Agnew's Free Gift XI. beat Messrs. McAlinden's Great Northern.

Mr. Harte's Hidden Joke beat Mr. Shaw's Shane's Castle.

Mr. Shaw's Lady Lisburn beat Mr. Calvert's Call Over the Card (late Son of a Gun).

Mr. Crawford's Comedrum beat Mr. Shaw's Sweet Land.

Mr. Barnett's Belfast Wonder, a bye.

BALLINDERRY STAKE.—For 31 all-ages (maidens). Winner £32, second £14, four dogs £4 each.

Mr. Doyle's Declare Display beat Mr. M'Fall's Try no More.

Mr. M'Grath's Masserene Arms beat Mr. M'Fall's Baron's Pride.

Mr. Doyle's Delightful Decision beat Mr. Ballance's Banby Boy II.

Mr. Picken's Dark River beat Mr. M'Garry's Kinure.

Mr. M'Grath's Man of Moon beat Mr. Irvine's Sea Rock.

Mr. Ball's Tot Tut (late Crossgar Fancy) beat Mr. Kissock's Young Mistlord.

Mr. Shaw's Shirean beat Mr. M'Cracken na. Full Sail.

Mr. Glen's Glad Neck II. beat Mr. Kelly's Not Out.

Mr. Buckley na. Clashanure beat Mr. Stewart's Young Shaver.

Mr. Kissock na. Bonny Dewdrop, a bye; Mr. Garrett's Belfast Wafer, absent.

Mr. Keavey's Geraldica beat Mr. Kenny's Little Eva II. (late Clasp).

Mr. Hogg's Encore Aga beat Mr. Winnington na. Belfast Workhouse.

Mr. Edmiston na. Glad Eye beat Mr. Kendall na. French Lady (1).

Mr. Rea's Earl's Rose beat Mr. J. M'Ardle's Grey Mary.

Mr. P. O'Mahony na. Nanna's Darling beat Mr. J. Graham's Rockview Lass.

Mr. J. Shiells' Child Dora, a bye.

RELFAST, Wednesday.

Sunshine, rain, sleet, and snow, with little of the former, alternated at Masserene Park to-day, and to make matters worse, a strong, bitterly cold wind blowing from the Lough. The conditions were really miserable, and no one was sorry when the bitch puppy stakes having been run down twice, a halt was called in falling light. The proceedings, too, dragged a lot in the early afternoon; but, taken on the whole, the sport was better than what we have been accustomed to here. With the weather more favourable, it would certainly have been a very good day's sport, for the hares, on the average, stood up tight well.

The holder of the Cromac Cup, Mr. T. Harte, was doubly represented by Hidden Talent and Hidden Joke, in the Lough Neagh Stakes, and with this smart pair he holds a strong hand. The first-named got away none too well from slips, but his pace stood to him to such an extent that he was able to lead the speedy Damfast some three lengths. Hidden Joke, which is in the other stiff to his kennel companion, did well to go up in front of Shane's Castle. This puppy of Mr. Harte's has already distinguished himself at Ballinderry and Freshford, and so far has won eleven out of twelve courses. Lady Lismore, who will represent Mr. Shaw in the Irish Cup, gave quite a stylish display against Call Over the Card, and Missing Money did nothing wrong, but the issue seems to be between Mr. Harte's pair and Lady Lisburn. The bitch puppies were a very moderate lot, with the exception of Dumall and Ratholeigh, the latter of which ran up at Mourne Park. They will likely go further, but Heedless will not take some stopping. We were not greatly impressed by the dog puppies either, but Strange Times, Stranmillis, Giant, and Kilmurney seemed to go fastest.

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Stakes divided.

FOLLISTOWN STAKES.—For 6 all-ages.

Mr. Moore's Village Blacksmith beat Mr. N. Smith's Royal Meath III.

HUNTING.

WESTMEATH HOUNDS.

EXCELLENT SPORT.

Some good sport has come Mr. Hope-Johnstone's way lately. On Wednesday, 21st, from Mr. Reynell's gorse at Jeffreystown a fox was run a couple of miles, when it got to ground at Fenner. It was forced out, and ran fast by Clonlost and Turin, back to Jeffreystown, where it got to ground.

On Friday there was an excellent run of thirty minutes from Killare which resulted in a kill in the open. Mr. Roche, the owner of the covert, is a good fox-preserver.

The line was by Neal's gorse, Kiltenebrack, and Mossbrook, with stone walls and good going all the way. The kill was effected at Lisnagree, not far from Streamstown.

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To-day.	Ballyraz	11.0

WESTMEATH HOUNDS.—January—Tuesday, 3rd, Moyvo

eat
ter **Sale**
MORROW
s is widely known.
Season, as we intend to dispose
We strongly urge all lovers of
as many lines offered are far
ot be repeated.

Fabrics

Fleece, heavy in plain Grey, y, small checks, ire 12/11
heck, all wool, eather mixture, per, 54in. wide, yard. 3/6
rsian, in black, ble, all wool, 60in. wide. Were 7/11
ot Velour, full in Nigger, Mole, ew Blue, Grey, 54in. wide. 10/9
Suiting, heavy indigo dye, for in black, 56in. 11/9
Sopsack, all weight, Black, ne, and Grey 56in. wide. 5/11

Ladies' and Children's Outfitting

Ladies' Coloured Ripple Cloth Dressing Gowns, as sketch, Worth 36/9. Sale price 25/9
Odd sizes in Corsets, greatly reduced. Worth 15/11 to 2 gns. Sale prices, 21/- down to 10/-
Oddments in Girls' French Knitted Dresses and Coats. Worth 2 to 3 gns. All one price 21/-
Children's Millinery reduced to half price.
French manufacturer's samples in dainty Camisole Nightdresses, Chemises, Knickers, and Camisoles, at 50 per cent. below present day prices.
6 Doz. only Ladies' Whitecastle Nightdresses, Magyar shape, embroidered yoke. Worth 12/11. Sale price..... 12/11
6 Doz. same design, in fine Ceylon flannel. Worth 20/9. Sale price..... 14/11
Fine Camisole Jumperettes, dainty designs. Worth 12/11. Sale price 7/11
Chemise and Knickers to match Worth 7/11. Sale price 4/11
Ladies' best quality Cashmere Directoire Knickers, in Navy, Navy, Cream, Black. Worth 16/11. Sale price 9/6

Hosiery

12 Doz. Sports Hose, all wool, heathery mixture, fancy stripes. Worth 8/11. Sale ... 2/11
10 Doz. Ladies' Artificial Silk Hose, in Grey, Brown, Navy, Black. Worth 7/11. Sale price 3/11
20 Doz. Ladies' Cashmere Hose, all wool, in Black, Fawn, Grey, Navy, and Mole. Worth 6/11. Sale 4/11
10 Doz. Ladies' Heavy Ribbed Fibre Hose, in Grey, Fawn, Black, Nigger. Worth 9/11. Sale 6/11
Ladies' Holeproof Silk Hose, in Grey, Brown, Mole, and Shades, three pairs guaranteed three months. Box, 28/-
Ladies' "Ellen-Eve" Combinations, all-wool, unshrinkable. Worth 25/6. Reduced to 18/6

9 Wicklow Street.

oths
e Cloths, pure and floral design, 2 yards square. 13/11
orth 17/6
orth 21/-
rplettes, odd-pieces, hemmed, 15/-
pper Cloths, Blue, 1 x 36, 3/11; 2 x 54, 8/6!
and
ed to less than half
and stained glass
Were 8/11
rice 12/6
4/11
Quality re-duced to 9/6, 7/6
Quality re-duced to 2/6, 9/6
uilts, manu-facturer's remnants only." cent. under
Bedspreads, to 35/6, 19/6

In cases where customers and ever.

TON STREET, OW STREET, **DUBLIN**

APPEALS.

LADIES' ASSOCIATION OF CHARITY OF ST. VINCENT DE PAUL, METROPOLITAN PARISH.

These ladies appeal for aid for the "Sick Poor," whom they relieve in their comfortless homes. Hon. Richard Bowden, Adm., received by the Very Rev. D. Ryder, 25 Rich. street, where gifts of clothing will also be acceptable.

SEAMEN'S INSTITUTE,
EDEN QUAY, DUBLIN.

The Committee respectfully urge the public who value the Seaman's work, and sympathise with it, to evidence from home and friends at Christmastide, by gifts of money, provisions, and woollen comforts for the Christmas Entertainments of the Seamen and Stewardesses, and the Children of the Coast-guards this year.

C. B. PRIPP'S, Chaplain.
J. M. BUTLER, Hon. Sec. and Treas.

FOR RAILWAY ADVERTISEMENTS SEE PAGE 1).

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WEEKLY IRISH TIMES.

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WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 28, 1921.

Switzers Sale

does not start till Monday, Jan. 2nd, but is proverbially "Well Worth Waiting For."

In accordance with the traditions of this house every article offered during the sale will be identical in excellence of quality with goods sold during our everyday trade, the only difference—the price

See Illustrated List of Bargains in Saturday's "Irish Times."

Switzer & Co., Ltd., Grafton Street. *Dublin*

Headache, Wind and Palpitation.

Pale with Anæmia, Wasted and Weak. Sound Health Restored by Dr. Cassell's Tablets.

Mrs. W. Burgess, of West street, Alford, Lincs., says:—

"It was following an attack of pleurisy that I began to feel pain and flatulence after food. The pleurisy left me very weak, thin, and anæmic; I hadn't strength to do anything, and I lost two stone in weight altogether. The pain was always at my chest and between my shoulders, too. My heart would palpitate violently at times and get me trembling from head to foot. I was terribly troubled with headache, and I never had a proper night's rest for the wind and the pain. Often during the day this wind would gather round my heart and set it fluttering till I felt like fainting.

"I had plenty of medicine, and quite a lot of advertised tonics as well, but nothing did any good. I had been ill nearly two years when I got Dr. Cassell's Tablets. Very soon I knew they were doing me good. I began to sleep better, and to eat without having pain afterwards. In a few weeks I had gained a stone in weight, and felt as well as ever in my life."

Dr. Cassell's Tablets

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Nervous Breakdown, Neuralgia, Indigestion, Sleeplessness, Heartbreak, Anæmia, Palpitation, Kidney Weakness, Children's Weakness, Wasting.

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Useful Reminders
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AT THE
January Sales
ARE GIVEN BY
Molly Bawn
IN THE
Weekly Irish Times
ON SALE TO-DAY.
PRICE TWOPENCE.

FOLKESTONE.

MAYHAP FAILS.

PLAYFUL'S DOUBLE EFFORT.

At one time during the morning there was every indication of a shortage of runners at Westenhanger Park, but the arrival of the "horse special," for which the time of the first race was put back fifteen minutes, completely altered the situation, and, if the racing was of little actual importance, it provided plenty of competition.

Mr. C. King, who rode his own horse, Easy, an animal of unknown pedigree, in the Novices' Steeplechase, has evidently had little experience of race riding. On being mounted in the paddock the horse dashed off through the crowd, scattering it right and left. It first broke away in the direction of Tattersall's Ring, and then the weighing-room enclosure, before finally finding its way on to the course. Easy and the odds-on King's Coat both refused the second obstacle, an open ditch, and Cresley, being the only other runner, had but to stand up in order to complete the course at his leisure.

The title of the race was rather a misnomer, for Cresley is anything but a novice; but the race was for horses that have not won more than one steeplechase since 1919, and that not of greater value than 80 sovs., so that Cresley was qualified.

That there is not a wide margin between hurdle handicap and plating form was demonstrated by the smart display of Simon's graft in the Hurdle. Mahay has proved good to represent much better class, but he proved altogether incapable of giving 12lb. to the plater, who, however, may have owed much of his success to the very excellent judgment Fred. Rees displayed in his handling of the winner.

It is not often that a horse is pulled out twice during the same afternoon at jumping, but this was so in the case of Playful. The horse obviously requires strong handling. Ridden by Keith Piggott in the Dover Hurdle he soon carried his light pilot out; but saddled again for the Maiden Hurdle he had the advantage of a stronger horseman in Duller, which he recognised by winning very comfortably.

Jockeys' engagements for to-day include:—F. B. Rees—Top Hole and White Ronald. Butchers—Ray Malley and Loominster. Disk-Potentate. Weech—Toilet. Duller has no rides at present.

1.15—**A SELLING H'CAP. 'CHASE,** £100. 2 m.
Mr. M. Harris's b. g. ROCKLIGHT II., by Wet Bullet—Rock Pigeon. 5, 11-5 (L. Butchers) 1
Mr. F. Ingram's BEN BRIDGE, a. 10-9 L. Rees 2
Mr. T. Rowland's SEA FRUIT, 6, 9-13 ...Letellier 3
Also ran—Rathlegane, a. 10-13 (J. Barrett); Northbrook, 6, 10-9 (Mr. Clark); Tiny Tim, a. 11-7 (T. O'Sullivan); Terpander, a. 10-13 (A. Newey); Camp Kettle, a. 10-0 (car. 10-1) (R. Tredgill); Count Martini, a. 10-0 (F. Hesp). (Winner trained by G. Butchers.)
Betting:—9 to 4 agst. ROCKLIGHT II., 7 to 2 Ben Bridge, 4 to 1 Rathlegane, 6 to 1 each Northbrook and Terpander, 10 to 1 Sea Fruit or any other.

Won in a canter by eight lengths; a bad third. The winner was sold in for 230 gns.

1.50—**SEABROOK SELLING HURDLE,** £100. 2 m.
Mr. W. West's br. h. FLYING BUCK, by Buckwheat, 5, 12-0 ..... Hackle, 5 12 0
F. Healy 1
Mr. A. Pole's REDELIA, 3, 9-13 ... K. Piggott, 2
Lord Donman's TOWER HILL, 3, 10-0 ... B. Parsons 3
Also ran—Bluesground, a. 12-7 (S. Mackey); Sunny Morn, 6, 12-3 (H. Smyth); Evan, a. 12-3 (L. Gardner); Solo Wisdom, a. 12-0 (L. Rees); Chaplain, a. 11-10 (F. Fitton); Turmeric, 5, 10-0 (I. Morgan); Henri Martin, 5, 9-9 (J. Gray); Suicide, 5, 10-0 (D. Black). (Winner trained by Gorby.)
Betting:—9 to 4 agst. Sober Wisdom, 7 to 2 Bedella, 4 to 1 Turmeric, 6 to 1 each Sunny Morn and Blue Ground, 7 to 1 Evan, 100 to 8 each FLYING BUCK, Tower Hill, or any other.

Won by half a length; three lengths separated second and third.

The winner was sold to Mr. Herzler for 150 gns.

2.0—**NOVICES' 'CHASE,** £90. 2 m.
Mr. F. Pease's b. h. CHERLEY, by Alias—Roslagh, a. 11-12 ..... C. Kelly 1
Also ran—Easy, a. 12-0 (Owner); Cresley, 6, 12-0 (Mr. Wootton's MUSCADIN, 4, 9-13 ...Pellerin 3
King's Coat, a. 11-12 (Freemantle). (Winner trained by Owner.)
Betting:—11 to 4 on King's Coat, 6 to 4 agst. CRESLEY, 100 to 8 Easy.
Cresley ran the greater part of the course alone. Easy and King's Coat refused at the second fence.

2.30—**DOVER H'CAP. HURDLE,** £126. 2 m.
Mr. F. Bowe's b. g. SIMOON, by Sir Bruce Seymour—Simoonia, 5, 11-10 ..... Rees 1
Mr. J. Coltman's MAYHAP, 6, 11-7 (Butchers 2
Mr. S. Wootton's MUSCADIN, 4, 9-13 ...Pellerin 3
Also ran—Ravello, a. 11-11 (H. Smyth); Flying Simon, a. 11-7 (Mackey); Cresley, 6, 11-7 (Fitton); Zulder Zee, a. 11-6 (L. Rees); Rocksplit, a. 10-13 (T. Cullivan); Screamoon, a. 10-10 (Costello); Caplan, 4, 10-12 (Trudgill); Jolly Roger, 4, 10-5 (Duller); Playful, 5, 9-9 (K. Piggott). (Winner trained by G. Poole.)
Betting:—6 to 4 agst. Mayhap, 4 to 1 Jolly Roger, 6 to 1 Muscadin, 7 to 1 each Simoon and SIMON'S CRAFT, 10 to 1 each Ravello and Playful, 100 to 7 bar seven.

Won by half a length; a neck separated second and third.

3.0—**RAMSGATE H'CAP. 'CHASE,** £100. 3 m. 1f.
Mr. J. Putnam's b. g. VICO, by Outbreak—Helen Fenton, a. 10-13 ..... E. Burford 1
Mrs. G. Hoskins's CRACKER, a. 10-0 ... Rees 2

Also ran—Little Révenge, 6, 9-11 (C. Carroll); Tara, a. 11-11 (H. B. Bletsoe); Hookwood, a. 11-6 (M. Tighe). (Winner trained by D. Rogers.)
Betting:—2 to 1 agst. VICO, 5 to 1 each John Cheek, 5 to 2 Hookwood, 6 to 1 Little Revenge, 10 to 1 Tara.

Won by 15 lengths. The others fell.

3.25—**MAIDEN HURDLE,** £85. 2 m.
Capt. Keating's PLAYFUL, by Sodanagh—Lelia McDonald, 5, 12-0 ..... Dullar 1
Mr. H. Miller's CATSKILL, 4, 12-3 ...McCabe 2
Mr. G. Alison's BUSY JOAN, 5, 10-7 ... H. Bryant 3

Also ran—Sundry Bets, 4, 11-10 (F. Rees); Lonvoys, a. 11-9 (Owner); Valentine VI., 6, 12-0 (H. Nash); Johnny Wynn, 5, 11-10 (Isaac Morgan). (Winner trained by Ridden.)
Betting:—5 to 4 on Catskin, 4 to 1 agst. PLAYful, 6 to 1 Busy Joan, 8 to 1 each Johnny Wynn and Busy Joan, 20 to 1 bar five.

Won by 10 lengths; three lengths separated second and third.

FANCIES AND RUNNERS.

The racing witnessed yesterday was not quite a very high standard, and it cannot disturb the prospects of much improvement to-day, when but one race will be worth 100 sovs. net to the winner. Of the horses stabled on the course many ran yesterday and may not be asked for a second effort. I append selections:—

Guildhall Steeplechase—Rasburn's Glass, Selling Steeplechase—Top Hole.
Deal Steeplechase—Top Hole.
Amateur Riders' Hurdle—Poole's selected, Otterpool Steeplechase—The Fly III.
Juvenile Hurdle—Abbey Island or Toilet.

1.0—**GUILDHALL SELLING 'CHASE,** £100. Second £25. 2 m.

	Age st. lb.
NORTHBROOK (£50) (Mr. D. Faber) ...Hoey	a 12 0
SIR ESTES (£50) (Mr. N. Bowmer)...Bethe	a 11 0
BEN BRIDGE (£250) (Mr. T. Taylor's Dog) ...Rees	a 10 0
(The above have arrived.)	

SWEDON (Mr. Mackey's Dog) ...Simpson a 12 7
BAEBURN'S GLASS (Mr. E. Holey)...Holley a 12 5
STRATFORD (£50) (Mr. Collins' Dog) ...Hart a 11 10
STRATFORD (£50) (Mr. Collins' Dog) ...Hart a 11 10
TIM (£50) (Mr. R. Finch)...Poole a 11 10
GROVE (£50) (Mr. T. Whitney)...Private a 11 0

1.30—**SELLING H'CAP HURDLE,** £200. 2 m.

	Age st. lb.
BEST SURPRISE (Mr. E. Savill) ...Law	6 11 12
GLATZ (Mr. J. Lynch) ...Hammond	a 11 7
LONDON TOWN (Mr. Mackey's Dog) ...Bell	a 11 7
SIMON'S GLORY (Mrs. C. Jickling) ...Kemp	5 11 5
CHARLIE HALL (Mrs. E. Brownlow) ...Butler	4 11 3
LADY RISCA (Mrs. M. Jones) ...Bowen	4 11 3
LORD MELTON (Mr. T. Butcher) ...Butcher	4 11 3
ARCHIE'S LASS (Mr. G. Knight) ...Private	4 11 0
HIGH BELLS (Mr. E. Hardiness) ...O. Young	a 10 12
JAY (Mr. T. Swell) ...Young	a 10 10
ARDENIA (Mr. W. Wood) ...Young	a 10 10
FOOTSTEPS (Mr. W. Potter) ...Woolton	a 10 10
CLEVER LASS (Mr. Walton) ...Sailor	a 10 10
BOYNE WATER (Mr. J. W. Rook) ...Purser	5 10 10
MAN AND WIFE (Mr. Bartlett) ...Reardon	5 10 10
HALF RIGHT (Mr. A. Law) ...Law	5 10 7
LADY ROBERT (Mr. Mackey's Dog) ...Bell	a 10 7
GLENFINNAN (Mr. M. Rhodes) E. Martin	5 10 5
SPEEDY CUT (Mr. Smith) ...Sanderson	a 10 5
SPEEDY CUT (Mr. T. Rowland) ...Hammond	a 10 2
SUICIDE (Mr. E. Thomas) ...Private	a 10 2

2.0—**DEAL H'CAP 'CHASE,** £125. Second £10, third £5. 2 m. Age st. lb.
JOHN CHYEK (Mrs. G. Needham) ...Young a 10 10
(The above have arrived.)

SQUARE DANCE (Mr. H. Curtis) ...Poole a 12 7
TOY BOAT (Mr. C. Edge) ...Rees a 12 0
TOY DOG (Mr. C. Mercer) ...Kilford a 11 0
BALLERAX (Mrs. J. Putnam) ...D. Rogers a 11 0
BARRACK DON (Mr. E. Grant) ...McKie a 10 13
KILSYTHONE (Mr. J. Burgess) ...C. Young a 10 7
TOTTING POINT (Mr. T. Gray) ...Sayle a 10 7

2.30—**AMATEUR RIDERS' H'CAP HURDLE,** £100. Second £10. 3 m. Age st. lb.
MAYHAP (Mr. J. Coltman) ...Butchers a 12 0
CRESLEY (Mr. F. Pease) ...Private a 11 12
CAPLAN (Mr. R. Hartley) ...Private a 11 12
CHANCELLOR II. (Mr. J. Pendarves) ...Pendarves a 10 10
(The above have arrived.)

HALBERDIER (Lt. Denman) ...Nightingall 6 12 9
CHURCH TALK (Mr. Bryan) ...Vyvyebole 6 12 7
LADYCOCA (Mr. M. Roddick) ...Private a 12 0
BALLYCLANEY (Mr. R. Bradshaw) ...Poole 6 12 0
EE THERE' (Mr. R. Hartley) ...C. Young 6 11 11
BALLYRAFINA (Mr. J. Holley) ...Holley 6 11 11
LYNOR'S BOY (Mr. W. Richardson) ...Goby 6 11 11
CAPTAIN CRANACH (Mr. H. Richardson) ...Goby 6 11 11
UNSWORTHY (Mr. H. Graham) ...Private 6 11 7
POLYTRAM (Mr. C. Kinderman-Walker) ...Woodland a 11 4
PATLANDER (Mr. C. Kinderman-Walker) ...Woodland a 11 4
HUONORA (Mr. F. Shaw) ...Bennett 6 11 1
CHOPPIA TIC (Mr. Brook) ...Brook 6 11 0
WACHTH (Capt. F. Stock) ...Stock 4 10 13
BALLYLANEY (Mr. R. Bradshaw) ...Poole 6 10 13
BERSERKY (Mr. T. Hartigan) ...Goby 4 10 10
PAVOT (Capt. D. Rogers) ...D. Rogers a 10 10
(The above have arrived.)

3.0—**OTTERPOOL 'CHASE,** £100. Second £10, third £5. 3 m. and about 3f.

THE FLY III. (Mr. E. Holley) ...Holley a 12 0
FLYING FRANCE (Mrs. Horan) D. Rogers a 11 12
ST. SWIFT (Mr. D. Fabe) ...Hatt a 11 10
FLYING TIGER (Mr. Mackey's Dog) ...Bell a 11 7
(The above have arrived.)

COFHIL (Mr. D. Fabe) ...Hatt a 12 7
CHARLIGHT (Mr. Mackey's Dog) ...Bell a 12 7
MARCOGLASS (Mr. G. H. James) ...Stock 6 11 11
BALLYMACKEY (Mr. J. Dolan) ...Rees 6 11 11
PUBLIC BENEFIT (Mr. Taylor) ...Bennett 6 11 10
KILSHANNIG (Mr. J. McDonald) ...Private 6 11 10
SUICIDE (Mr. E. Thomas) ...Private 6 11 4
(The above have arrived.)

3.25—**JUVENILE HURDLE,** £80. Second £5. 2 m. Age st. lb.
MAYHAP (Mr. J. Coltman) ...E. Pigott 6 11 8
SUICIDE (Mr. E. Thomas) ...Private 6 10 4
(The above have arrived.)

RUGBY.

MONKSTOWN'S TOUR ENDS.

INSTONIANS DEFEATED.

Monkstown	3
Instonians	0

Monkstown concluded their Northern tour yesterday by defeating Instonians by 1 try to nil. The slippery ground and the high wind greatly militated against a fast, open game, and the ball seldom went across the three-quarter line. In the first half Instonians, playing with the wind, failed to take advantage of their chances, and although T. Hewitt and R. Nannetti were both almost over the interval arrived with no score.

The forwards monopolised the play for some time in the second half, and Cross and Mather in turn made strong efforts to pierce the defence. The light Instonian pack, however, kept their opponents defending. The only score of the match came from a rather wild punt by McDevell, which was gunged on by McGoldrick. This player, when tackled by Gilbert the Instonian full, passed to Thompson, who raced over from nearly half-way. The effort to secure the additional points failed. Instonians had more or less play, but the Monkstown backs were the speedier combination.

Monkstown—1 try (3 points).
Instonians—Nil

Wanderers' Schoolboys.—Davison; Malcolm, Smellie, Mopoulis, Crozier, Aylward, Willis; Davies, Dowds, Dowds, Bockrell, Jackson, Manders, Robertson, Sanderson.

SCHOOLBOYS' MATCH.
Clontarf v. Wanderers at Castle avenue, 2.30.

HUNTING.

WESTMEATH HOUNDS.

EXCELLENT SPORT.

Some good sport has come Mr. Hope-Johnstone's way lately. On Wednesday, 21st, from Mr. Reynell's gorse at Jeffrystown a fox was run a couple of miles, when it got to ground at Fennor. It was forced out, and ran fast by Cloniost and Turin, back to Jeffrystown, where it got to ground. On Friday there was an excellent run of thirty minutes from Killare which resulted in a kill in the open. Mr. Roche, the owner of the covert, is a good fox-preserver.

The line was by Neal's gorse, Killeenbrack, and Moostown, with stone walls and good going all the way. The kill was effected at Cassagree, not far from Streamstown.

Monday provided sport in a big bank country, which was free from wire. A fox was found in Monamurray, and ran over Frewen Hill to Portlemon, over the Johnstown road, and into Sonna. Ireman, over the Johnstown road, and into Sonna. It was a very fast 35 minutes' spurt up to this, when hounds then carried a line slowly through Sonna, but a storm of wind and rain put an end to further pursuit.

HUNTING APPOINTMENTS.

THE WARD UNION.

Date—December.	Meet.	Hour.
Saturday, 31st.	Donaghmore Cross-roads.	1.30

THE MEATH.

To-day	Dunmoe	11.0
To-morrow	Dunsany	11.0

THE KILDARE.

To-day	Ballyna	11.0

WESTMEATH HOUNDS.—January—Tuesday, 3rd, Moyvoughley; Thursday, 5th, Delvin; Saturday, 7th, Glascurr Cross Roads; Monday, 9th, Castletown Village; Wednesday, 11th, Collinstown; Friday, 13th, Cut and Mount; Monday, 16th, Streamstown; Wednesday, 18th, Tullaghanrock; Friday, 20th, Multyfarnham; Monday, 23rd, Loughnavalley; Wednesday, 25th, Crookedwood; Friday, 27th, Ballinagree; Monday, 30th, Gaybrook. Meet at 11 o'clock.

HUNTING BOOT AND LEGGING MAKER, L. J. Watkins, 77 Dame street. —(Advt.)

GOLF.

BRAY.—The 24th annual general meeting was held on the 17th inst. The President, Sir Stanley Cochrane, was in the chair, and there was a very good attendance of members. The report and statement of accounts, which showed that the club had had a very successful year, were adopted, and the following officers were elected:—Captain, Mr. J. L. Murphy; Committee—Messrs. A. T. Newsom, R. P. Pim, Dr. Hanson, R. G. Warren, Brigadier-General Cuthbert, R. H. McCarthy, H. Fish-bourne, T. F. Watts, J. E. McCormick, Dr. Marcus Ward, W. J. Shannon, Major Jack and Stanley Plunkett Kenny, and H. B. Molony; Honorary Auditors—J. Hornsby and H. A. Clarke. Some amendments to the rules were adopted, and the meeting closed with a cordial vote of thanks to the chairman.

In the match between the Captain's and Secretary's teams the former were the winners by two (Costello); Caplan, 4, 10-12 (Trudgill); Jolly Roger, 4, 10-5 (Duller); Playful, 5, 9-9 (K. Piggott). (Winner trained by G. Poole.)
Betting:—6 to 4 agst. Mayhap, 4 to 1 Jolly Roger, 6 to 1 Muscadin, 7 to 1 each Ravello and SIMON'S CRAFT, 10 to 1 each Ravello and Playful, 100 to 7 bar seven.

Won by half a length; a neck separated second and third.

3.0—**RAMSGATE H'CAP. 'CHASE,** £100. 3 m. 1f.
Mr. J. Putnam's b. g. VICO, by Outbreak—Helen Fenton, a. 10-13 ..... E. Burford 1
Mrs. G. Hoskins's CRACKER, a. 10-0 ... Rees 2

Also ran—Little Révenge, 6, 9-11 (C. Carroll); Tara, a. 11-11 (H. B. Bletsoe); Hookwood, a. 11-6 (M. Tighe). (Winner trained by D. Rogers.)
Betting:—2 to 1 agst. VICO, 5 to 1 each John Cheek, 5 to 2 Hookwood, 6 to 1 Little Revenge, 10 to 1 Tara.

Won by 15 lengths. The others fell.

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Capt. Keating's PLAYFUL, by Sodanagh—Lelia McDonald, 5, 12-0 ..... Dullar 1
Mr. H. Miller's CATSKILL, 4, 12-3 ...McCabe 2
Mr. G. Alison's BUSY JOAN, 5, 10-7 ... H. Bryant 3

Also ran—Sundry Bets, 4, 11-10 (F. Rees); Lonvoys, a. 11-9 (Owner); Valentine VI., 6, 12-0 (H. Nash); Johnny Wynn, 5, 11-10 (Isaac Morgan). (Winner trained by Ridden.)
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Deal Steeplechase—Top Hole.
Amateur Riders' Hurdle—Poole's selected, Otterpool Steeplechase—The Fly III.
Juvenile Hurdle—Abbey Island or Toilet.

1.0—**GUILDHALL SELLING 'CHASE,** £100. Second £25. 2 m.

	Age st. lb.
NORTHBROOK (£50) (Mr. D. Faber) ...Hoey	a 12 0
SIR ESTES (£50) (Mr. N. Bowmer)...Bethe	a 11 0
BEN BRIDGE (£250) (Mr. T. Taylor's Dog) ...Rees	a 10 0
(The above have arrived.)	

SWEDON (Mr. Mackey's Dog) ...Simpson a 12 7
BAEBURN'S GLASS (Mr. E. Holey)...Holley a 12 5
STRATFORD (£50) (Mr. Collins' Dog) ...Hart a 11 10
STRATFORD (£50) (Mr. Collins' Dog) ...Hart a 11 10
TIM (£50) (Mr. R. Finch)...Poole a 11 10
GROVE (£50) (Mr. T. Whitney)...Private a 11 0

1.30—**SELLING H'CAP HURDLE,** £200. 2 m.

	Age st. lb.
BEST SURPRISE (Mr. E. Savill) ...Law	6 11 12
GLATZ (Mr. J. Lynch) ...Hammond	a 11 7
LONDON TOWN (Mr. Mackey's Dog) ...Bell	a 11 7
SIMON'S GLORY (Mrs. C. Jickling) ...Kemp	5 11 5
CHARLIE HALL (Mrs. E. Brownlow) ...Butler	4 11 3
LADY RISCA (Mrs. M. Jones) ...Bowen	4 11 3
LORD MELTON (Mr. T. Butcher) ...Butcher	4 11 3
ARCHIE'S LASS (Mr. G. Knight) ...Private	4 11 0
HIGH BELLS (Mr. E. Hardiness) ...O. Young	a 10 12
JAY (Mr. T. Swell) ...Young	a 10 10
ARDENIA (Mr. W. Wood) ...Young	a 10 10
FOOTSTEPS (Mr. W. Potter) ...Woolton	a 10 10
CLEVER LASS (Mr. Walton) ...Sailor	a 10 10
BOYNE WATER (Mr. J. W. Rook) ...Purser	5 10 10
MAN AND WIFE (Mr. Bartlett) ...Reardon	5 10 10
HALF RIGHT (Mr. A. Law) ...Law	5 10 7
LADY ROBERT (Mr. Mackey's Dog) ...Bell	a 10 7
GLENFINNAN (Mr. M. Rhodes) E. Martin	5 10 5
SPEEDY CUT (Mr. Smith) ...Sanderson	a 10 5
SPEEDY CUT (Mr. T. Rowland) ...Hammond	a 10 2
SUICIDE (Mr. E. Thomas) ...Private	a 10 2

2.0—**DEAL H'CAP 'CHASE,** £125. Second £10, third £5. 2 m. Age st. lb.
JOHN CHYEK (Mrs. G. Needham) ...Young a 10 10
(The above have arrived.)

SQUARE DANCE (Mr. H. Curtis) ...Poole a 12 7
TOY BOAT (Mr. C. Edge) ...Rees a 12 0
TOY DOG (Mr. C. Mercer) ...Kilford a 11 0
BALLERAX (Mrs. J. Putnam) ...D. Rogers a 11 0
BARRACK DON (Mr. E. Grant) ...McKie a 10 13
KILSYTHONE (Mr. J. Burgess) ...C. Young a 10 7
TOTTING POINT (Mr. T. Gray) ...Sayle a 10 7

2.30—**AMATEUR RIDERS' H'CAP HURDLE,** £100. Second £10. 3 m. Age st. lb.
MAYHAP (Mr. J. Coltman) ...Butchers a 12 0
CRESLEY (Mr. F. Pease) ...Private a 11 12
CAPLAN (Mr. R. Hartley) ...Private a 11 12
CHANCELLOR II. (Mr. J. Pendarves) ...Pendarves a 10 10
(The above have arrived.)

HALBERDIER (Lt. Denman) ...Nightingall 6 12 9
CHURCH TALK (Mr. Bryan) ...Vyvyebole 6 12 7
LADYCOCA (Mr. M. Roddick) ...Private a 12 0
BALLYCLANEY (Mr. R. Bradshaw) ...Poole 6 12 0
EE THERE' (Mr. R. Hartley) ...C. Young 6 11 11
BALLYRAFINA (Mr. J. Holley) ...Holley 6 11 11
LYNOR'S BOY (Mr. W. Richardson) ...Goby 6 11 11
CAPTAIN CRANACH (Mr. H. Richardson) ...Goby 6 11 11
UNSWORTHY (Mr. H. Graham) ...Private 6 11 7
POLYTRAM (Mr. C. Kinderman-Walker) ...Woodland a 11 4
PATLANDER (Mr. C. Kinderman-Walker) ...Woodland a 11 4
HUONORA (Mr. F. Shaw) ...Bennett 6 11 1
CHOPPIA TIC (Mr. Brook) ...Brook 6 11 0
WACHTH (Capt. F. Stock) ...Stock 4 10 13
BALLYLANEY (Mr. R. Bradshaw) ...Poole 6 10 13
BERSERKY (Mr. T. Hartigan) ...Goby 4 10 10
PAVOT (Capt. D. Rogers) ...D. Rogers a 10 10
(The above have arrived.)

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THE FLY III. (Mr. E. Holley) ...Holley a 12 0
FLYING FRANCE (Mrs. Horan) D. Rogers a 11 12
ST. SWIFT (Mr. D. Fabe) ...Hatt a 11 10
FLYING TIGER (Mr. Mackey's Dog) ...Bell a 11 7
(The above have arrived.)

COFHIL (Mr. D. Fabe) ...Hatt a 12 7
CHARLIGHT (Mr. Mackey's Dog) ...Bell a 12 7
MARCOGLASS (Mr. G. H. James) ...Stock 6 11 11
BALLYMACKEY (Mr. J. Dolan) ...Rees 6 11 11
PUBLIC BENEFIT (Mr. Taylor) ...Bennett 6 11 10
KILSHANNIG (Mr. J. McDonald) ...Private 6 11 10
SUICIDE (Mr. E. Thomas) ...Private 6 11 4
(The above have arrived.)

3.25—**JUVENILE HURDLE,** £80. Second £5. 2 m. Age st. lb.
MAYHAP (Mr. J. Coltman) ...E. Pigott 6 11 8
SUICIDE (Mr. E. Thomas) ...Private 6 10 4
(The above have arrived.)

EDUCATION'S FUTURE.

"DOMINION STATUS" WANTED.

Speaking at the annual conference of the Educational Associations in London yesterday, Professor F. P. Jacks, Principal of Manchester College, Oxford, predicted that in the future education would not be a side show or an appendage of the State, but an equal partner in the community of interests. The schoolmaster of to-day would be the statesman of to-morrow, but exercising his function in a different kind of state, with wider vision, more humane spirit, and with more efficient State machinery at his disposal than now existed.

Education, they dismissed, should, as the nature of a child demanded, be master in its own house, and the schoolmaster should not be the servant of the designs of politicians and economists.

In an age which had seen notable political concessions to the idea of making Ireland a Free State within the Empire, was it inconceivable to ask that responsible statesmen might one day be persuaded to entertain a proposal to give Dominion status to education? Why should they be alarmed were a proposal made to transfer the functions of the Education Department to the teaching community, itself enjoying Dominion status within that circle of interests which constituted a Commonwealth?

Education, once freed, would become an international enterprise, containing the starting point for a fraternal community of the nations of the earth.

WHITE STAR COMMODORE.

PROMOTION FOR OLYMPIC'S CAPTAIN.

The White Star line have decided to appoint a Commodore to their fleet, and the first Commander to hoist the flag—a red pennant, with a white star upon it—will be Sir Bertram Hayes, who was recently promoted to the same rank in the Royal Naval Reserve. The Commodore's colours will be flown over the well-known White Star line house flag.

Sir Bertram has been appointed to the Majestic (56,000 tons), which is scheduled to leave Southampton on May 10 on her maiden trip in the White Star line's Southampton-Cherbourg-New York service, when he will hoist his pennant for the first time. He is an outstanding figure in the British mercantile marine. At present he is the commander of the Olympic, and is held that post during the war. His services to the country during those eventful years include the sinking of at least one German submarine.

ANGLING.

EARLY SALMON RIVERS.

The rivers everywhere are highly swollen and dirty, but the early rivers are said to have New Year salmon showing. Ilen—the Lennan, Bandon, Bush, Waterville, and other waters, which receive very early runs. The Bandon is the one of one that will open to rod fishing on the 1st prox., the others remaining closed until February 1. The Bandrown is also in private hands.

Under rather adverse weather conditions the North-East Ulster Angling Club held its annual meeting Day coarse f

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.
THE HOME OF PANTOMIME
MATINEE TO-DAY AT 2.0.
EVERY EVENING AT 7.30.
ENORMOUS SUCCESS OF
THE GRAND ANNUAL PANTOMIME,
ALADDIN.
FULL CHORUS. AUGMENTED ORCHESTRA.
MATINEES EVERY DAY DURING THIS WEEK
AND ON NEXT WEEK.
MONDAY, TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, AND SAT.
And Every Wednesday and Saturday Afterwards.

EMPIRE THEATRE.
6.45 ..... TWICE NIGHTLY 8.45
THE FAMOUS MUSICAL COMEDY,
THE GIRL IN THE TAXI.
FULL COMPANY AND CHORUS.
Box Office, 11 to 6. Tel. 3308.

EMPIRE THEATRE.
MONDAY, JANUARY 2nd, 1922.
6.45 ..... TWICE NIGHTLY ..... 8.45.
PRODUCTION OF
THE CHRISTMAS PANTOMIME,
"THE BABES IN THE WOOD."
POWERFUL CO. INCLUDE
LILY LENA, JACK MURRAY,
BUD RICHIE, SERVA DANE,
THE 10 ROMPS, THE SUNSHINE TROUPE
OF DANCERS, etc., etc., etc.
ARTISTIC SCENERY! ELEGANT DRESSES!
SPARKLING MUSIC! POPULAR SONGS!
CLEAN, HONEST FUN!
TWO HOURS OF MERRIMENT!
Box Office: 11 to 6 ..... Tel. 3308

ABBEY THEATRE.
TO-NIGHT, FRIDAY and SATURDAY, at 8.15.
MATINEE SATURDAY, 2.30.
THE POT OF BROTH
By W. B. YEATS.
THE SUBURBAN GROOVE
By W. F. CASEY.
Booking at Theatre. 'Phone 3363.

QUEEN'S THEATRE.
TO-NIGHT AT 6.45 AND 9.
GRAND CHRISTMAS PANTOMIME,
"JACK AND JILL."
MATINEE SATURDAY NEXT AT 2.30.
Seats Booked at Theatre, 2/4. Tel. 3016.

BOHEMIAN PICTURE THEATRE, PHIBSBORO' ROAD.
TO-DAY, TO-MORROW, and SATURDAY,
Paul Armstrong's World-famous Drama,
"ALIAS JIMMY VALENTINE,"
Featuring
BERT LYTELL.
Also
"THE NOBLE BACHELOR,"
No. 10 SHERLOCK HOLMES.
And
FINEST ORCHESTRA (WITH ORGAN) IN TOWN.

THE CARLTON.
"THE HOUND OF THE BASKERVILLES,"
By SIR A. CONAN DOYLE.
LARRY SEMON COMEDY,
Eve's Film Review, Etc.

THE SACKVILLE PICTURE HOUSE.
"A NIGHT OF TEMPTATION,"
ALL STAR CAST.
Adapted from the famous novel by Victoria Cross.
Also Charlie Chaplin and Grand Xmas Pantomime.

PRINCESS, RATHMINES.
"JINX,"
Featuring MABEL NORMAND,
And Full Programme.

THE CORINTHIAN
PRESENTS
THE MARVELLOUS PANTOMIME SPECTACLE,
"ALADDIN,"
FEATURING THE FAMOUS FOX KIDDIES.
USUAL PRICES.
TO-DAY, AT 3 O'CLOCK,
In Aid of
ST. ULTAN'S HOSPITAL and
ST. JOSEPH'S CRIPPLES' HOME, COOLE.

A NATIVITY PLAY
By KATHARINE TYNAN HINKSON.
Will be Acted by the
Children of the Ballsbridge National School,
At three o'clock,
At THE HALL in LOWER LEESON STREET
(Kindly lent by the Nuns of the Sacred Heart),
TO-DAY, TO-MORROW, and SATURDAY,
29th, 30th, and 31st DECEMBER.
ADMISSION: 2/6, 1/-, and 6d.

RE-ENGAGEMENT
OF
SIGNOR STRADELLA.
Owing to his great success he will
sing again during this week at
THE BROADWAY SODA
PARLOR,
8, LOWER O'CONNELL STREET, DUBLIN.
4.30, 7.30, 9.30.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE OF ELECTION.

DUBLIN PORT AND DOCKS ACT, 1896.
ELECTION OF ELECTIVE MEMBERS.

THE DUBLIN PORT AND DOCKS BOARD HEREBY GIVE NOTICE

1.—That an Election of FOUR TRADERS' MEMBERS and THREE SHIPPING MEMBERS OF THE DUBLIN PORT AND DOCKS BOARD will be held between the hours of 9 a.m. and 7 p.m. on Tuesday, the 10th day of January, 1922, at the PORT AND DOCKS OFFICE, No. 19, WEST MORELAND STREET, DUBLIN.

2.—Each Candidate must be nominated by writing, subscribed by two Electors as Proposer and Seconder, and the Nomination Paper must be duly assured by the Candidate or some person duly authorised by him in writing for such purpose as consenting to such Nomination.

3.—The Nomination Paper must state the surname and other names of the Candidate, with his abode or place of business and description, and must specify whether the Candidate is proposed as a "TRADERS' Member," or as a "SHIPPING Member," and the Nomination Paper may be in the following form or to the like effect:—

NOMINATION PAPER.—DUBLIN PORT AND DOCKS ACT, 1896.

Election of ELECTIVE Members of the Board To be held on Tuesday, the 10th day of January, 1922.

We, the undersigned, being respectively Electors, hereby nominate the following Person as a Candidate:—

Surname	Other Names	Abode or Place of Business	Description
Smith	William Henry	100 City Quay	Timber Merchant

The above-named William Henry Smith is proposed as a "TRADERS' Member."
("State whether Traders' Member or Shipping Member.")

Signature	Number on Register of Electors
Thomas Jones	360
James Robinson	780

I, the above-named William Henry Smith, hereby consent to my being nominated as a Candidate at the said Election.

Dated this day of 19
Signed WILLIAM HENRY SMITH.
(Signature of Candidate or person duly authorised to sign the Nomination Paper on his behalf.)

4.—Each Candidate must be nominated by a separate Nomination Paper, but the same Electors may subscribe as many Nomination Papers as there are vacancies to be filled, but no more.

5.—Nomination Papers must be delivered by the Candidate himself or by his Proposer or Seconder to the Secretary of the Board, or to some person authorised to receive the same, at the Office of the Dublin Port and Docks Board, before FOUR o'clock in the afternoon of SATURDAY, the 31st day of December, 1921.

6.—The Returning Officers will attend at the Office of the DUBLIN PORT and DOCKS BOARD on Monday, the 2nd day of January, 1922, for a sufficient time between the hours of two and four o'clock in the afternoon, to hear and decide objections to Nomination Papers.

7.—Forms of Nomination Papers may be obtained at the Office of the Secretary of the Board, DUBLIN PORT AND DOCKS OFFICE, DUBLIN.

Dated this 19th day of December, 1921.
E. H. BAILEY, Secretary.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

The following is the order of advertisements in to-day's IRISH TIMES:—

FIRST PAGE.	Specific Articles for Sale and Wanted.
Births, Marriages, and Deaths.	Garden, &c.
Shipping.	Poultry, Eggs, Dairy, &c.
Education.	Furniture & Household.
Hotels.	Music, Pianos, &c.
Horses.	Dress for Sale & Wanted.
Legal Notices.	Horses, &c.
Land and Bonds.	Dogs for Sale & Wanted.
Situations Vacant and Wanted.	Tuitions.
Medical.	Schools.
SECOND PAGE.	Business Premises.
Cycles and Motor Cars.	Stabling to Let and Wanted.
FOURTH PAGE.	Houses to Let and Wanted.
Announcements.	Apartments.
Public Notices.	Seaside and Country.
EIGHTH PAGE.	Miscellaneous.
Auctions.	
Houses and Lands.	

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

THEATRE ROYAL
6.45 TWICE NIGHTLY 9.0
GEORGE SHURLEY PRESENTS
THE FUTURISTS.
In a Pierrotic Extravaganza.
All Star Cast, including—
Ouida MacDermott, Grace Holmes, Irene Magley, Jack Gallagher, Fred Malcolm, Philip Bevier, Reginald Selleck, The Shurley Girls, Monty Weil.

WINTER GARDENS.
Vocalist This Week—MISS NORA FINN.

TIVOLI (6.45 and 9 Tel. 3128) THEATRE
THE DIXIE MINSTRELS,
In an entirely new Programme.
Bella Newstead. Karene. Lynn and Lynda.
ROMANI.

KINGSTOWN PAVILION.
TO-DAY, TO-MORROW, and SATURDAY,
JOHN BARRYMORE
In the Wonderful "Aircraft" Production of
DR. JEYKLL & MR. HYDE,
By ROBT. LOUIS STEVENSON.
The Greatest Drama of dual identity ever written.
JIMMY AUBREY in "FLIPS and FLOPS."
Bray Pictograph, Eve's Film Review, etc., etc.

LA SCALA THEATRE.
CONTINUOUS. 3-10.30.
KATHRINE McDONALD
In an absorbing Theatrical and Racing Story,
"CURTAIN."
LARRY SEMON in
"THE RENT COLLECTOR"
(By Special Request for 3 days longer.)
PRIZMA COLOR. GAZETTE. TRAVEL.
MONDAY NEXT—
CHARLIE CHAPLIN
IN
"THE IDLE CLASS."

LA SCALA THEATRE.
MONDAY NEXT:
CHARLIE CHAPLIN
IN
"THE IDLE CLASS."
This is the First Showing in Ireland.
"THE IDLE CLASS."
Secured for La Scala at Record Price.
"THE IDLE CLASS."
Chaplin's Latest and Greatest Picture.
"THE IDLE CLASS."
There is not an Idle Moment in
"THE IDLE CLASS."
Charlie Idles them Away in
"THE IDLE CLASS."
See Chaplin do the Double Shuffle in
"SSALC ELDI EHT."

LA SCALA BALLROOM.
DANCING
(UNDER DIRECTION OF MISS MAY LEE.)
TO-NIGHT
7.45 to 11 o'clock.
Mr. W. A. MANAHAN'S BAND.

GRAND CENTRAL CINEMA
DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS
"WHEN THE CLOUDS ROLL BY."
Better than "The Mark of Zorro."
Also HAROLD LLOYD in
"HIGH AND DIZZY."
The Best Entertainment ever offered the Dublin Public.
BOTH FIRST TIME TO DUBLIN.
These two Masterpieces will be shown for all this Week.

DANCES, 8 to 12,
TO-NIGHT
AND
SATURDAY.
T. LEGGETT BYRNE,
'Phone 1815. 27 ADELAIDE ROAD.

FANCY DRESS BALL
Will be held at the
GRAND HOTEL, GREYSTONES,
TO-MORROW (FRIDAY), 30th DECEMBER,
Dancing, 9 till 3.
Four Prizes will be given.
Tickets, including Supper, 15/- each. Apply Hotel Office.

DANCING.
PRIVATE LESSONS BY APPOINTMENT.
MISS HAINES,
13 WESTMORELAND STREET, DUBLIN.

SALTHILL HOTEL, MONKSTOWN.
GALA DINNER AND DANCE WILL BE HELD
NEW YEAR'S EVE.
Tickets obtainable at Hotel Office or at the Royal Hibernian Hotel.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

THE PEACE TREATY.

NOTICE.

A MEETING OF THE FARMERS OF THE COUNTY DUBLIN
Will be held at
37 UPPER FITZWILLIAM STREET, DUBLIN,
On MONDAY, the 2nd JANUARY, 1922, at 12 noon,
To Call on Dail Eireann to Ratify the Treaty in the best interests of the country.

Farmers attend, and make your voice heard for your country's sake.

NOTICE.

TO FARMERS AND RATEPAYERS OF THE QUEEN'S COUNTY.

A PUBLIC MEETING
WILL BE HELD IN THE
TOWN HALL, MARYBOROUGH,
On SATURDAY, DECEMBER 31st.
(Chair will be Taken at 2 o'clock sharp).
TO CALL ON DAIL EIREANN TO
RATIFY THE TREATY
IN THE BEST INTERESTS OF THE COUNTRY.

All Farmers and Ratepayers who wish for Peace should take this opportunity of demonstrating by their presence their opinion on this important matter at this momentous time.

COUNTY KILKENNY FARMERS AND THE TREATY.
A Public Meeting of the Farmers of the County of Kilkenny will be held at the COURTHOUSE, KILKENNY, on SATURDAY NEXT, 31st DECEMBER, 1921, at 2 o'clock, p.m., to decide on the action to be taken in connection with the Treaty under discussion by Dail Eireann.—P. McGRATH, Secretary, Co. Kilkenny Farmers' Organisation.

aonac na nGaedeal.

WORLD CONGRESS OF THE IRISH RACE,
TO BE HELD IN PARIS, 21st JANUARY, 1922.
ART EXHIBITION
All information regarding the arrangements for the collection of Exhibits for the Art Exhibition, to be held in connection with the above Conference, may be had from Mr. JOHN MURPHY, 113 Stephen's Green, W., Dublin.

THE ANNUAL MEETING
OF THE
IRISH COMMERCIAL TRAVELLERS' FEDERATION
Will be held in the
OAK ROOM, MANSION HOUSE,
On SATURDAY NIGHT, DECEMBER 31st,
at 7 o'clock.
Members' attendance earnestly requested. Travellers belonging to other associations are cordially invited.

GRAND CANAL COMPANY.
IRREDEEMABLE DEBENTURE STOCK.
Notice is hereby given that the Transfer Books of the Company relating to the above-named Stock will be CLOSED from the 5th to the 14th JANUARY, 1922, both days inclusive.
THOMAS DELANEY, Secretary.
Grand Canal House, James's street Harbour, Dublin, 26th December, 1921.

THE DUBLIN SAVINGS BANK, LOWER ABBEY STREET
(Established 1815).
Certified under the 26th and 27th Vic., Cap. 87.
In conformity with the Act 26th and 27th Victoria, cap. 87, Sec. 6, the Trustees and Managers of this Bank hereby require the Depositors to produce their Pass Books for Examination by the Auditor on any of the following days:—
WEDNESDAY, 28th DECEMBER, 1921,
THURSDAY, 29th DECEMBER, 1921,
FRIDAY, 30th DECEMBER, 1921,
SATURDAY, 31st DECEMBER, 1921,
MONDAY, 2nd JANUARY, 1922,
From half-past 2 till 5 p.m.
The attention of Depositors is specially directed to the only of producing their Books for Examination at the Bank each year, as required by Rule 26, Sec. 7, for the purpose of testing the correctness of their accounts.
By Order,
HENRY L. BOURKE, Actuary.

Who loves Ireland thinks of PEACE.
When you think of PEACE
remember PIGOTT'S,
and the means to add HARMONY
to YOUR home.
PIANOS,
PLAYER-PIANOS,
ORGANS,
GRAMOPHONES,
RECORDS,
VIOLINS
MANDOLINES,
ACCORDEONS.
Competitive Prices. Largest Selection.
Guaranteed Quality.
A Postcard brings our Lists.
PIGOTT
AND CO., LTD.,
112 GRAFTON ST. and 11 SUFFOLK ST.
DUBLIN.
CORK. LIMERICK.

J. W. ELVERY & CO., LTD.
LADIES' WATERPROOF AND RAINPROOF COATS.
FLEECE AND FLEECE-LINED COATS FOR WINTER WEAR.
LEATHER AND SUEDE MOTOR COATS.
SPECIAL VARIETY.
WATERPROOF HATS.
WELLINGTON BOOTS. GOLOSHES, ETC.
CHILDREN'S COATS, CAPES, AND HOODS.
PATTERNS AND PRICES ON APPLICATION.
ELEPHANT HOUSE,
45 & 46 LR. SACKVILLE ST.,
76 MID. ABBEY STREET,
34 NASSAU STREET,
55 DAWSON STREET,
} DUBLIN.
ALSO AT CORK AND LONDON.

EDMOND JOHNSON, LTD.
NEW YEAR GIFTS.
CHOICE SELECTION IN
JEWELLERY AND SILVERWARE,
TORTOISESHELL AND ENAMEL ORNAMENTS,
GOLD AND SILVER CHAIN BAGS,
WATCH BRACELETS.
94 GRAFTON STREET, DUBLIN.

LISBON, MADEIRA, CANARY ISLANDS.
THREE WEEKS' CRUISE FROM 30 GUINEAS.
(Without Change of Steamer).
YEOWARD LINE,
Liverpool, or Booking Agents.

AT DUBLIN CENTRAL STORES.
ALL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.
MODERN KITCHEN COOKING UTENSILS.
ALL HOUSEHOLD BRUSHES.
MAGUIRE & GATCHELL LTD.
9 and 10 DAWSON STREET, DUBLIN.

The Irish Times.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 29, 1921.

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'TO-DAY'S WEATHER.
General Inference.—Further depressions will probably arrive from the Atlantic and maintain Western to South-Westerly winds, strong at times, with alternating wet and fair periods; temperature again becoming high for the time of year in the South before long.

Ireland.—Fresh to strong South-Westerly wind: fair to dull; some rain; visibility mainly fair; becoming mild again.

Dixon and Hempenstall, Barometers and Forecasters, 12 Suffolk street, Dublin.—(Advt.)

HIGH WATER AT DUBLIN BAR.
To-day....Morning 11.28 | Evening 11.47
To-morrow..... 0.4 | 0.42

SUNRISE AND SUNSET.
To-day....Rises 8.40 | Sets 4.14
To-morrow..... 8.40 | " 4.15
LIGHTING-UP TIME ..... 5.14 P.M.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR TO-DAY.
Gaiety Theatre—"Aladdin," 2 and 7.30.
Empire Theatre—"The Girl in the Taxi," 6.45 and 8.45 p.m.
Abbey Theatre—"The Pot of Broth" and "The Suburban Groove," 8.15.
Queen's Theatre—"Jack and Jill," 6.45 and 9 p.m.
Theatre Royal—Hippodrome, 6.45 and 9 p.m.
Tivoli Theatre—Variété, 6.45 and 9 p.m.
Bohemian—Pictures, continuous.
Carlton—Pictures, continuous.
Sackville—Pictures, continuous.
Princess, Rathmines—Pictures, continuous.
Corinthian—Pictures, continuous.
A Nativity Play, The Hall, 18 Lower Leeson street, at 3 o'clock.
Kingstown Pavilion—Pictures, continuous.
La Scala—Pictures, continuous.
Grand Central—Pictures, continuous.
R.D.S. Lectures—4 o'clock.
Port and Docks Board—1 o'clock.

NEWS SUMMARY.

Mr. Lloyd George, replying to inquiries, states that there can be no revision of the Government's peace terms.—(P. 5.)

The Town Clerk of Dublin has formulated a scheme by which tenants of cottages may become owners of the property.—(P. 5.)

Sir John Hare, the well-known actor, died yesterday in London.—(P. 5.)

So far no arrest has been made in connection with the Bournemouth murder.—(P. 6.)

Yesterday the Prince of Wales opened the immense All-India Memorial in Calcutta.—(P. 5.)

In matters of submarines and auxiliary warships, France is unable to accept the American limitation proposals. So far as submarines are concerned, the discussion is over and the Powers are at liberty, apparently, to build as many under-water vessels as they think necessary.—(P. 5.)

There were minor demonstrations in Egypt yesterday, but virtually no violence. The tramway service has been partially resumed, and cabs are plying for hire as usual. The Nationalist Party leaders conferred.—(P. 5.)

London Stock Markets were quiet. Argentine and Russian Rails being good spots. End-of-the-year money was in urgent demand. Sterling in New York improved. In Dublin Guinness and Irish Rails were firm.—(P. 7.)

DISTINGUISHED INVALIDS.

The Bishop of London is still very ill.

The condition of Sir George Carter, managing director of Cammell, Laird and Co., who is lying dangerously ill, is slowly becoming worse.

A Clear Issue.

When *Dail Eireann* reassembles next week it will be confronted with two unassailable facts. The first is the country's urgent and almost unanimous demand for the ratification of the Peace Treaty. The other is the absence of any middle course between acceptance and rejection of the Treaty. If any honest doubt existed on this point, it will be removed, once for all, by the Prime Minister's statement which we publish to-day. The British Government has said its last word. It has offered everything that Ireland could hope to get from England by another hundred years of pleading or fighting, and more than she is ever likely to get if this offer is refused. Mr. Lloyd George warns *Dail Eireann* that the re-opening of argument is impossible. If the Articles of Agreement are rejected or altered, they will become null and void, and once more the old, tragic vista of hate and bloodshed will loom before two peoples who are anxious to be friends. This plain statement ought to curtail the *Dail's* discussions. It will strengthen the case for acceptance of the Treaty. It may not change the views of those who want war at any cost; but surely it will silence the men who have been pretending that it is possible to reject the Treaty without rejecting peace. Any further talk about Mr. de Valera's "alternative oath" will be sheer nonsense and criminal waste of time. Even Mr. Erskine Childers's arrogant ingenuity will not venture now to display itself in further word-spinning. He may vote for rejection and take the consequences, but he cannot proclaim peace when there is no peace. *Dail Eireann* must say "Yes" or "No."

In addition to these two reasons for a swift verdict—the country's call and the nakedness of the issue—Mr. Lloyd George supplies a third. *Dail Eireann* is holding up the nation's business. The people intend to have peace and are eager to start work upon the foundations of the new State. The British Government is equally impatient. It is unwilling to add an unnecessary minute to the centuries during which Ireland has waited for self-government. When the Imperial Parliament ratified the Treaty the Cabinet instructed a Committee of Ministers, under Mr. Churchill's presidency, to make all arrangements for the speedy transfer of full executive responsibility to the Provisional Government of Ireland. These arrangements include the evacuation of the British forces and the settlement of an amnesty. The Committee sat until Christmas and had proposed to sit during the holidays; but the *Dail* had other views. There can be no Provisional Government—no *pou sto* for the Archimedes of Ireland's temple of liberty—until the Treaty has been ratified. Men who might now be free remain in prison because Mr. de Valera must unfold his history of philosophic doubt and because another deputy's hatred of England cannot find expression in less than two hours and forty minutes. When the *Dail* chooses to say "Yes" the Provisional Government will be constituted and its large powers will be transferred to it without further delay. Till then Ireland must remain in a state of suspended animation, like the household of the sleeping beauty. It is a big price to pay for a national assembly's refusal to execute the people's will.

When the *Dail* meets next week every one of its members ought to realise that his part in the first tasks of nation-building will depend upon his vote. The character of the Provisional Government is left in some doubt by the Articles of Agreement. After ratification a meeting of members of the Parliament of Southern Ireland will be summoned—presumably by the Lord Lieutenant—and a Provisional Government will be constituted. The process of constitution is not explained, but two things are clear. Mr. Lloyd George said in the House of Commons that the Provisional Government "must represent the existing majority of Irish representatives." The Articles of Agreement declare that no transfer of powers shall be made until every member of the Provisional Government has "signified in writing his or her acceptance" of the Articles. In other words, since no member of *Dail Eireann* who refuses to vote for ratification will be able conscientiously to sign the Articles of Agreement, no such member will be able to accept office in the Provisional Government. The country will be very sorry if any considerable section of *Dail Eireann* refuses to support the Treaty and so disqualifies itself for public service; but the country is resolved to have the Provisional Government as the indispensable stepping-stone to the solid ground of the Irish Free State. We ask every member of *Dail Eireann* to reflect deeply before he makes a decision which will condemn him either to inaction or to barren revolt in this beginning of a new era of Irish history. The country has chosen peace and progress. Its councils will have no place for those who would—

"mix with Laian rage the joy
That dawns upon the free."

Dublin Houses.

A very interesting proposal in connection with Dublin housing will be discussed at Monday's meeting of the City Corporation. Under the Housing Act the Dublin Corporation built 1,172 self-contained cottages, which have been let to suitable tenants. The total revenue from rents is £20,604; but, as the cottages demand an annual outlay of £14,372, the net revenue is very small. The Town Clerk proposes now that these cottages shall be sold to the tenants. The responsibility of ownership, he believes, would ensure their maintenance in good repair by the purchasers, and the Corporation would secure a net revenue of some £14,435. Payment would be made by annuities, equal to twice the Poor Law valuation of the cottages, while a ground rent, equal to one-fourth of that valuation, would be reserved. The Housing Committee of the Corporation approves of this scheme, which we consider to be excellent. No city in Europe, except London, has such appalling slums as are hidden away in the back streets of Dublin. Few cities anywhere have been so slow as the Irish capital to provide better housing conditions for their inhabitants. The Town Clerk's plan is a step in the right direction; but it is only a step. The provision of decent houses for Dublin's poor will be one of the most urgent duties of the Irish Free State. The ideal is a city in which every family will have its own house. Then landlords, as such, will cease to exist, and Dublin will become a capital fit for the homes of free and prosperous citizens.

Helium.

Experiments are being made in the United States to discover with what success helium, a non-inflammable gas, may be substituted for hydrogen in filling the envelopes of airships. Helium is a rare gas which exists in the atmosphere in a very small quantity—less than 0.1 *per cent.*, in fact. It is chemically inactive, and very light, being only about five *per cent.* heavier than hydrogen. These qualities would make helium an excellent substitute for hydrogen, if it could be isolated freely from the atmosphere and other sources. One method of isolation, perfected quite recently by German chemists, consists in the liquefaction of atmospheric air and its subsequent distillation. The use of this gas does away with the possibility of the envelope's destruction by fire. Unfortunately, the cost of manufacture is very high, and the extent of the world's supply is very doubtful. Again, the lifting power is not so great as that of hydrogen, and a helium-filled envelope must be of much larger volume than the hydrogen-filled envelope which suspends the same load. If these difficulties can be surmounted, and if the American experiments prove helium to be a practical substitute for the customary gas, a great part of the danger associated with aviation by airship will have been eliminated. Incidentally, the man who invents a cheap and efficient plant for the manufacture of helium is likely to make a fortune not to be despised.

Sir John Hare.

The death of Sir John Hare, in his seventy-eighth year, removes one of the last figures of the mid-Victorian stage. He was a fine actor, judged by the standards of his times, and, with one or two others—including Sir Squire Bancroft, who survives him—"made" that school of English comedy in which our grandparents took so much delight. Sir John Hare began his career in the 'sixties, when he appeared in all the famous Robertson plays. He became manager of the old Court Theatre in London, and afterwards took charge of St. James's Theatre in partnership with Mr. Kendal. In 1889 he opened the Garrick Theatre, which was the scene of many of his triumphs. Nowadays we are inclined to sneer at the "drama" of Hare and Bancroft. "Caste" is "vulgar"; "The Notorious Mrs. Ebbsmith" is dull; even "The Gay Lord Quex" is a bore. In fact, drama of any kind has ceased to please our fickle palates. *Recue* is the order of the day, and no "play" has a chance of success unless it hails from France or America. There is no doubt that Victorian comedy was very "thin"; but it was better than the trash which passes muster nowadays. And in effect, it was essentially clean. The "high-brow" plays of modern times could afford to sacrifice much of their brilliance for a tithe of its refreshing purity.

Bolshevist Marriages.

The farcical nature of Bolshevist marriage laws is illustrated in an amusing fashion by a correspondent of the *Daily Telegraph*. A Russian merchant, who was fighting for the "Reds" against Denikin, managed recently to escape to England, leaving behind him his wife and three young children. A few months ago he succeeded in getting into touch with his wife, and asked her to join him. She applied to one of those mysterious agents of whom Bolshevik is full. He told her that for five million roubles he would get her out of the country. A man was found who for a consideration consented to play the part of the real husband, and in a few hours an "instantaneous divorce" was procured. Unfortunately, the "husband" forgot his name before the Revolutionary Tribunal, but a stage whisper from the agent saved the situation. The rest was easy. A beggar from the slums with a foreign name was provided with Scottish papers, and the lady was "married" to him a few hours after her mock divorce. Thus she became a Latvian subject, and by affirming that the beggar was the real father of her three children, had their names added to her new passport. The agent pocketed his 5,000,000 roubles, and the family is re-united, thanks to the elastic bonds of matrimony in Holy Russia.

DECORATION OF SHIPS.

THE CHOICE OF STYLES.

The first requisite from the point of view of the passenger, after that of the general good or bad repute in which the line and ship he sails on is held, is that the general arrangement of the accommodation shall be such as to contribute to his comfort—enough promenade space and open deck for games, ample ventilation at all times and heat in winter, well-arranged staterooms and public rooms, access to all parts under cover. An essential factor in all this is the interior decoration.

As in Pullman cars, so in ships, says Mr. E. H. Rigg, in *Engineering*, we have happily got far away from the days of heavily applied ornamentation, just as in our houses we demand decoration and furniture which combine grace and usefulness. So in ships it has been decided more and more that good interior architecture and decoration do not necessarily involve additional expense, or rather expense beyond an immediately appreciable return in the enhanced reputation of the vessel in question in attracting passengers.

Of the later periods which lend themselves to ship decorative architecture, the Tudor and Flemish are found most frequently in smoking-rooms; the periods of Louis XIV., XV., and XVI of France in the music-rooms, lounges, and galleries. Read the published descriptions and visit modern liners; it is hard to realise the variety of styles which can be adapted to ship decorations. From classic and Gothic in lesser proportion we pass on to a wealth of the Renaissance of Italy and of France, to the English and Dutch evolutions, and, lastly, to our own Colonial, the keynote to the decoration of our post-war ships of the American "Legion" class.

We have heard lately of ships that were overdone in the harshness of their appointments; perhaps so. A ship designed and built for a one-week trip does not need as much in the way of accessories as one that is to be a floating home for ten or five weeks at a stretch. Let ships be designed each for their own trade, with due consideration to the climates passed through, to the likes and dislikes of the people carried, and to the length of voyage. A rational answer to these questions will settle both the decorative and elaborateness questions.

The impression may have been given that copying the past is the only way to decorate a ship; this is not intended. Certain it is that the past, so far as it has been spared by the hand of the ignorant savagery that breaks out in humanity at intervals, furnishes us with a wealth of background to work on. The masters of all the ages have left work for us to admire and best if we can.

From Persia, Egypt, Greece, Rome, Italy, France, and Europe generally do we inherit. The classic styles of Greece and Rome lead on to the Gothic and the later periods of Italian and French Renaissance, the Tudor, the Dutch, the periods of the Louis, the Regency, Empire, Adam and Colonial; then, too, China and Japan have contributed their share. With the masterpieces of all the ages to draw from, we would be going astray, if, while working out new ideas and adaptations, we fail to give credit to the sources of inspiration.

The first word or large liner decoration that the public has had a chance to see is that of the Paris of the French Line; a visit to this ship seems to double us back to the artist delights of the French designers and decorators. She is very much of the dimensions of the Mauretania. Large broad-beamed hospital decks in the upper public rooms extra height has been obtained by extending the central part up several feet.

With the general scheme of decoration it is hard to favour keen ideas on the Tudor style, plain and simple school had better travel on some other ship; its ornamentation is in extremely bad taste, and is better left severely without guidance. The large windows in the public rooms give one the impression of a glass roof, but as a ship there are portions of it by the outer windows enclosing the promenade.

THE TREATY OF PEACE—III.

NAVAL AND MILITARY FORCES.

(FROM A POLITICAL CORRESPONDENT.)

The Treaty does not expressly provide for the withdrawal of the Crown Forces from Ireland. The matter is really covered by the second article of the Agreement, which provides that the position of the Irish Free State in relation to the Imperial Government and Parliament shall be that of the Dominion of Canada. By implication, however, the Treaty envisages the withdrawal of the Crown Forces from Free State territory, because it describes in detail the harbour and other facilities looking to the coastal defence of the country which His Majesty's Imperial Forces are to undertake until an arrangement shall be made for the Irish Free State to undertake its own coastal defence.

To understand why the matter was not dealt with more specifically it is necessary to understand, in the first place, how much a matter of understanding and how little a matter of statute or definite agreement are the relations between the Dominions and the Mother Country, and, in the second place, how much a matter of custom and how little a matter of constitutional enactment are the relations between the Crown and the Imperial Parliament on the one hand and the Crown and the Dominion Parliaments on the other. To understand the situation perfectly it is necessary to remember that the King of Canada is as well as King of Great Britain, and will be King of the Irish Free State.

In theory, at least, all military and naval forces in any of these countries are the Forces of the Crown or, as the Treaty describes them, the Imperial Forces. They right whomsoever the King tells them to fight, and go wherever in his wide Dominions the King orders them to go. If the King likes to station his Ghurka troops in his Irish Dominions and send a division of Free State troops to garrison Tasmania there is no constitutional law which says him nay. In actual fact the King's power of doing such things had vanished long before there were any Dominions. It was for instance to insure on privileges of this character that Pitt and his colleagues made things so hot for good King Charles. But, though the decapitation of that monarch established a valuable principle, it was not followed up by anything drastic in the nature of constitutional enactments. The House of Commons had not at that time the power to make laws curtailing the King's prerogatives, and would have been very reluctant to use them if it had possessed them. The inclination of British statesmanship always has been to make abuses of the Royal prerogatives difficult or impossible rather than to transfer these prerogatives to some other person or assemblage. The fact that at the present day the King has no active part in the administration of the realm is due to the immense complexity of modern government rather than to any determination on the part of Parliament to transfer the control of the State's affairs from the King to the people's representatives.

The House of Commons has, therefore, been content to control the use and disposition of the British Army and Navy in an indirect, but extremely effective, way. In the first place, by controlling supply it retained the power to refuse the money necessary for the support of both Army and Navy—provision for which is made in the annual Budget. Secondly, by making the Army Act (formerly the Mutiny Act) an annual statute it retains in its hands the power to disband the Standing Army at any time. If the Army Act fails to be renewed in due course, the King's Regulations go by the board and military discipline ceases to be enforceable. Lastly, the King's Ministers who have charge of the Navy and Army are members of the Cabinet and share its responsibility to the House of Commons.

With the military or naval forces raised by the Dominions the British Parliament naturally has nothing to do. They are the King's forces, but in this case the real control of them is vested in the King's Ministers of the Dominion in question, who are in return responsible to the Dominion Legislature. It is accordingly easy to understand that if, to take an example, the British Government should feel that the Empire's naval policy demanded the establishment of a naval base in New Zealand, it would be necessary for the Prime Minister to go to the King and ask him in his capacity of King of New Zealand to provide the necessary facilities. The King would say, "My dear Prime Minister, you know I leave these matters entirely to my Ministers. Suppose you write to the Prime Minister of New Zealand and see what he thinks of the proposal. If he is agreeable, I shall, of course, be delighted to have my Governor-General approve whatever arrangements you and your colleagues may make."

So it amounts in practice to this—that in the case of Great Britain and all the Dominions (and the Irish Free State will stand on exactly the same footing as a Dominion) each controls the disposition of its own forces, and no one can send its forces into the territories or territorial waters of another without that other's consent. At the present time there are a few British troops in South Africa, but none elsewhere, though until lately there were a few there used to be a military garrison in Halifax and a naval base at Esquimault, in British Columbia.

As regards naval defence, that has hitherto always been left, and, no doubt, will continue to be left to the British Navy, though some of the Dominions have had their own little navies manned by their own personnel. Consequently the stationing of British ships in Colonial waters is a matter of mutual and friendly naval arrangement. With military forces the case is otherwise, and the despatching of British troops to any of the Dominions and, a fortiori, would be a matter of very definite and limited agreement. With regard to the military forces raised by the Dominions themselves, which, as we have said, are actually under the sole control of the Dominion Governments. During the war the various Dominions were entirely free to decide whether or not they would raise troops, how they should be raised (by conscription or voluntary enlistment), and where they should be employed. Canada, Australia, and New Zealand raised, equipped, and maintained their own troops, but turned them over to the British Government for service overseas. The conquest of German South-West Africa, on the other hand, was carried out by South African troops, the expedition being controlled from Cape Town and not from Whitehall.

The naval defence of the Irish Free State being undertaken, for the time being, by the British Navy, the Treaty provides certain limited facilities that may be required by the naval forces and British air forces used for purposes of naval defence in Free State territory. Queenstown and Berehaven are specified harbours in these connections. But in the event of war or the probability of war the British naval authorities are entitled to use all harbours and to take all measures required for the defence by sea of Great Britain and Ireland. Actually, and with the Washington Conference virtually accomplished, all the Powers, great and small, to a course of competitive submarine and anti-submarine construction, the free use of Irish ports and harbours by British naval forces is infinitely more necessary for the defence of British ports and British shipping than to the Free State itself, which is self-sustaining, has no merchant marine to lose, and no harbours that cannot be well defended from the land.

The military forces of the Free State are limited by the Tre

PREMIER'S FINAL WORD.

NO RE-OPENING OF IRISH QUESTION.

DAIL "HOLDS UP" AMNESTY.

PUBLIC BODIES DEMAND RATIFICATION.

An inquiry regarding the Irish situation has drawn an important reply from Mr. Lloyd George.

The Premier makes it clear that in the Peace Treaty the Government has said its final word.

Discussion cannot be re-opened, and an Ireland outside the Empire cannot be considered.

Further, the Dail's delay is "holding up" the transfer of executive responsibility to the Provisional Government, and is preventing the amnesty of interned men and prisoners.

In the meantime the country is demanding that its representatives in Dail Eireann shall ratify the Treaty. Several public bodies have expressed their views already, and still further meetings are announced for the immediate future.

THE UTMOST LIMITS.

PREMIER'S STATEMENT.

The following message was received in London yesterday from the Prime Minister, in response to an inquiry regarding the Irish situation:—

"No British statesman could go further than we have gone. No British statesman could consider any proposal involving Ireland being cut out of the Empire.

"The Treaty places Ireland on an equality with the other States of the Empire, gives Ireland the same claim to membership of the League of Nations, and every right that Canada has in law, fact, and constitutional practice, and not merely the question, but the alternative given, of the Treaty by Ireland or Great Britain would render it null and void. This would, indeed, be deplorable in the interests of both countries.

"The British Government have gone to their utmost limits in the Treaty, and to re-open the discussion, which was closed only after the most exhaustive consideration of every point, would be a fruitless proceeding, and is impossible.

"A Committee consisting of British Ministers, presided over by the Colonial Secretary, has been set up to deal with the evacuation of the British forces, the setting up of an amnesty, and the making of all necessary arrangements on the British side for transferring full executive responsibility to an Irish Provisional Government.

"The work of this Committee, which has been in continuous session up to Christmas, and had proposed to sit through the Christmas holidays, is now unavoidably held up pending approval of the Treaty, but on approval it would be carried through with the utmost possible despatch.

"It is the intention of the Government to hand over, without delay, their responsibilities to the Provisional Government, which will function during the period of transition required for the setting up of the Irish Free State Administration."

KILLINEY URBAN COUNCIL.

DUTY OF THE DAIL.

Professor Pierce F. Purcell, Chairman, at a special meeting last evening of the Killiney Urban Council, moved a resolution to the effect that the ratification of the Peace Treaty, and the Council unanimously adopted the motion.

The resolution was as follows:—

"That the best thanks and hearty congratulations of the Killiney and Ballybrack Urban Council be tendered to the Irish plenipotentiaries on the successful termination of their mission to London. In our opinion the Treaty secures to the Irish people the rights to free and unfettered self-government, with full powers to develop the resources and mould the institutions of the country to the needs and aspirations of the Irish people.

"Under the wise and paternal Government of the Irish Free State, we look to the future with confidence, and trust that the realisation of the common interests of our country will lead to the development of its resources and the prosperity of its people."

Confident that the Treaty concluded at London ensures to the Irish people the blessings of peace and the full control of our own destinies, we call on our elected representative to vote for the ratification of the Treaty, and hope that the leaders of all shades of political thought in the country will come together and work for the reconstruction of trade and industry and the efficient government of our common land."

In supporting his motion, the Chairman said that they had heard a great many very solid reasons put forward for the adoption of the Treaty, and a number of views of a theoretical character expressed against it. They all well remembered the long-continued struggle that had been made to bring about a change in the government of the country so that they could secure control of their education, finance, transport and export trade, so that they could develop the industry and resources of their own country. There was no need, he drew attention to the consequences which might follow the non-ratification of the Treaty.

TREATY A GOOD ONE.

To his mind this Treaty was a good one, because it put all the power in their own hands, and they had complete control. He believed that people of all shades of opinion felt that the men who had spoken for the ratification of the Treaty were capable of continuing the government of the country until such time as some more permanent form might be adopted.

Some of the people who had spoken against ratification had shown themselves to be prepared to ignore entirely the freely-expressed views of the overwhelming majority of their constituents, who desired ratification. He thought that the overwhelming majority of the people of all classes and opinions wished the Treaty to be ratified, and that the new Government should be brought into operation at the earliest possible moment.

Mr. Christopher Harmon, Vice-Chairman (Labour) seconding the motion, said he thought it would be madness to oppose the Treaty, especially when they considered that it was the almost unanimous wish of the people that it should be ratified. Those who went against the wishes of their constituents were unworthy to be called representatives of the people in the circumstances.

Mr. E. T. Meagher, Mr. S. M. Ashlin, Mr. Alfred E. Goodbody, and Mr. William Maher also supported the motion, which was adopted as the unanimous resolution of the Council.

ADVICE TO MR. CHILDERS.

At the meeting of the Athy Guardians on Wednesday, Mr. L. McGeeney proposed:—

"That we, the Athy Board of Guardians, hereby call on our representatives for South Kildare, Messrs. Arthur O'Connor and Erskine Childers, to vote for the ratification of the Treaty, as we are of opinion that it embodies the essentials of Ireland's freedom and safeguards Ireland's honour. We are further of opinion that 99 per cent. of the people whom you represent favour the ratification of the Treaty, and that failure to do so must be regarded as going against the expressed wishes and the best interests of your constituents."

The resolution was seconded by Mr. P. Dunne, who said that they had no Republican representatives in Ireland now, as Mr. de Valera and Mr. Griffith differed only about the oath of allegiance.

Mr. W. J. Fennell, J.P., supported the resolution. He thought that the entire county was in agreement with it.

Mr. C. J. Seppé stated that he had sent a resolution of agreement with the Treaty to Mr. O'Connor on behalf of the Athy workers already.

The resolution was carried unanimously.

TRUCE OF SILENCE.

THE PEOPLE'S INFLUENCE.

The truce of silence which has been entered into by members of the Dail Eireann during the adjournment of their Parliament, is being carefully observed. The Sinn Fein leaders are not disposed to talk at present, and are apparently reserving themselves for the final contest which will begin on Tuesday.

In the meantime the voice of the country is making itself heard in favour of ratification. Much significance is attached to the decision of the South Cork Executive of Sinn Fein approving of the Treaty. The fact that Mr. Collins is member for this constituency lends additional weight to the decision, and it is probable that the other Executives in Cork will follow suit.

It is stated that the Council of the Dublin Chamber of Commerce is considering the summoning of a meeting to discuss the question of ratification. The Dublin County Council may also take action.

Pressure is being brought to bear upon members of Dail Eireann by various Irish-American bodies to oppose ratification. A cablegram was received yesterday by Mrs. Clarke from the National Convention of the Friends of Irish Freedom, held recently in New York, at which a resolution was passed denouncing the Treaty, and resenting the "ultimatum of England" in bringing to a so-called settlement her relations with Ireland at the precise moment when the Armament Conference at Washington reaches its critical stage. It marks another step in England's attempt to control the foreign policy of America."

MR. DE VALERA'S POSITION.

The position of Mr. de Valera in regard to the present situation is being generally discussed. It is realised that it is a delicate one, as he is apparently a buffer between the extreme Republicans and the other wing of Dail Eireann which is in favour of the Treaty.

Were he to succeed in his efforts to reject the Treaty, and should his alternative proposals then come up for discussion, it is obvious that some of his present supporters would find themselves in a position similar to that which they now occupy towards Mr. Griffith.

The situation at present suggests a sort of triangular contest between the Republicans, the ratifiers, and those in favour of Mr. de Valera's alternative scheme.

Mr. de Valera's party is apparently a small one, so that the main issue really lies between the adherents of the Treaty and the supporters of the Republic.

In view of the reports from the country—especially the resolutions of public bodies—opinion grows that a stronger lead than Treaty will be ratified, as it is felt that the voice of the people will eventually prevail.

NAVAN SPEAKS.

RATIFICATION APPROVED.

A special meeting of the Navan Urban Council was held on Tuesday night to consider what action the Council should take with reference to the ratification of the Treaty.

Mr. Seaghan MacNamidhe, chairman, said that before they discussed the matter he thought they should congratulate the members of the delegation on their successful mission. There was no doubt that the controversy before the country at the present had behind it the sincerest men on both sides, and they ought not to say one word against the honour of either side. Any action they might take should be rather to mend matters than to endeavour to split the country. He proposed that—In view of the gravity of the political situation, and bearing in mind the deplorable consequences that would arise in the event of a split, on the question of ratification of the Treaty, now being discussed in public session by Dail Eireann, we, the Navan Urban District Council, in our capacity as public representatives of the people, earnestly appeal to our deputies not to jeopardise the future of our country by any action which might tend to throw our people into hostile camps. While we do not agree with all the details of the proposed pact, we approve of its acceptance as the bargain only alternative to turmoil and chaos; and we trust our deputies, who may have conscientious objections to taking an oath of external or internal allegiance to the head of the Commonwealth, will either refrain from voting against ratification or take immediate steps to ascertain the views of their constituents.

Mr. M. O'Donnell said that he considered that this was the most fateful time in Ireland's history, and it was the duty of every public body to take action and voice the people's views on a matter affecting the very life of the nation. This Treaty gave Ireland a chance, for the first time in 700 years, to develop her own life in her own way. The Treaty gave them fiscal control—control of the purse, and also control of their trade, commerce, and industry. It gave them a voice in the League of Nations, and it acknowledged the right of the Irish people to frame their own Constitution. It also gave their country an Irish army, under the control of the Irish Parliament. In short, they were given absolute control of everything within in the four seas of Ireland.

The five Irish signatories to the Treaty were given full powers to negotiate and conclude a Treaty, and they performed their task with wonderful ability; and it was deplorable that there should be such disunion now as was shown in the public proceedings of the Dail in Dublin a week ago. The Irish people had listened to the Dail in Dublin, and it was now the duty of the Dail to listen to the people of Ireland.

A HARD TASK.

The task given to Mr. Griffith and his colleagues who signed the Treaty was as hard as was ever placed on the shoulders of men. They faced the task, though they could have shirked the responsibility, and they made up their minds to do what was best and right, and to disregard criticism. Messrs. Griffith and Collins deserved the eternal gratitude of Irishmen at home and in every part of the world.

Since the Treaty appeared in print it had been acclaimed as a just, fair, and honourable pact by the nations of the world and by the overwhelming mass of the Irish people in America and all the British Dominions; and if the Treaty was rejected—if such a dreadful calamity should befall Ireland—they would lose the sympathy of the civilised world. In Ireland 90 per cent. of the people were strongly in favour of accepting the Treaty and having it ratified. The majority of the Roman Catholic bishops and priests, the Protestant bishops and people, the Jewish community, the Unionists of the South and West, the Irish Farmers' Union, and the majority of the Press—in fact, every business man engaged in the commercial and industrial life of Ireland—he had met was thoroughly in favour of the ratification of this Treaty.

The Unionists and Protestants of the South and West were quite willing to co-operate and help in the building up of the Irish Free State and in shaping her future destiny. Ireland needed the co-operation of every one of her sons.

To use the words of the Bishop of Killaloe, it would be criminal, national madness—to reject the Treaty.

It was the duty of all leaders of the people to consult their constituents in grave and serious crisis, and all opposed to the Treaty should carry out the wishes of their constituents, or else abstain from voting at all. "The Irish people," he concluded, "are the masters, and the Dail are the servants, and derive authority from the people, and are answerable to them."

Mr. Fox seconded the resolution.

Mr. L. Clarke proposed as an amendment—"That the members of Dail Eireann are unanimously agreed that contentious appeals for or against the Treaty should not be indulged in, we, the members of the Navan Urban District Council, agree not to take any action till after the 3rd January, 1922, the re-assembling of the Dail."

He said that he believed that discussion at the present time by councils or public bodies

(Continued in Page 6, Column 1.)

DEATH OF SIR JOHN HARE.

A RARELY GIFTED ACTOR.

Theatre-goers will learn with something more than ordinary sorrow of the death of Sir John Hare, after a brief illness, at his London residence yesterday.

Sir John was in his 77th year. He made his first appearance at the age of 19 at the Prince of Wales's Theatre, Liverpool, and his last when he was 75 in "A Pair of Spectacles," at Wyndham's Theatre in 1917. Of his 76 years, therefore, the long span of 54 was given to the theatre.

No actor of his day possessed a finer sense of comedy than Hare, and no other made the actor's art so rare a counterfeit of nature.

It was his triumph in a school performance of "A Scrap of Paper," when he took the leading part of Colonel Blake at short notice, that induced his schoolmaster to suggest to his guardians that the boy should be encouraged in the dramatic art.

At 18 he was placed under the tuition of Leigh Murray, an actor of note, and after three months' preparation went to Liverpool to join a company which included Sir Squire (then Mr. Sydney) Bancroft and the late Lionel Brough. It is recorded that the young actor was dreadfully nervous at his first appearance—in "A Woman of Business"—and managed only to struggle through his part.

His first appearance in London was at the old Prince of Wales's Theatre, where he received the princely salary of £2. He appeared in a succession of plays by Tom Robertson, under the management of Mrs Merle Wilton (Lady Bancroft) and H. J. Byron. He remained ten years at the Prince of Wales's, and established himself as a leading actor.

In 1875 he took the Court Theatre, in Sloane square, and became an actor-manager. His company included Mr. and Mrs. Kendal, Miss Amy Fawcett, Miss Ellen Terry, and Mr. Charles Kelly. The most conspicuous success of his management was "Olivia." His tenancy of the Court ceased in 1879, when his successful partnership began with Mr. W. H. Kendal at the St. James's Theatre.

FAME AT THE GARRICK.

In 1889 he opened, and became manager of, the Garrick Theatre, at this period he may be said to have consummated his fame.

The Garrick was opened on April 24, 1889, with Pinero's "The Profligate," and was soon "La Tosca," but it was with Sydney Grundy's "A Pair of Spectacles" that he came into his own. This, with Pinero's "The Love Chase," will be the most enduring in the mind to play goer's memory of Sir John Hare's studies. Meanwhile he encouraged English authors, Pinero, Grundy, Lady Bountiful" and "The Notorious Mrs. Ebbsmith"; R. C. Carton, with "Robin Goodfellow"; Sydney Grundy, with "A Fool's Paradise."

He persuaded Lady Bancroft to return to the stage for revivals of Diplomacy and "Money."

A visit to America usefully enriched him, but he declared that the eccentricities of American audiences made it impossible for him to repeat there the "original" parts were in "The Marionettes" at the Comedy and in "The Adored one" at the Duke of York's Theatre.

In 1907 King Edward recognised the brilliant talents and high character of John Hare by conferring upon him the honour of knighthood. In addition to his widow (whom he married in 1864), Sir John Hare leaves a son and two daughters.

CALCUTTA'S MEMORIAL.

OPENED BY THE PRINCE OF WALES.

CALCUTTA, Wednesday.

In opening the All-India Victoria Memorial this morning, the Prince of Wales performed the most historically interesting function of his visit to Calcutta. This superb pile, occupying a dominant position on the Maidan, is generally spoken of as the Taj Mahal of Bengal in architectural glory. Indeed, it is built of marble from the Jodhpur Maharaja quarry, as is the Taj. Though the Taj is Saracenic in style so far as the main outlines are concerned, the vast structure, with its symmetrical distribution, domes, kiosks, and wonderful colonnades, has a distinct Mogul touch.

Shining like alabaster in the sun, it has a mournful valedictory suggestion for Calcutta, being regarded as the final memorial to the Emperor in India. Calcutta was the capital of dignity as the capital of the Indian Empire. The foundation stone was laid by the King-Emperor in 1905. Lord Curzon, who conceived the idea of the memorial, received warm support from the Ruling Princes and from all classes throughout India.

The memorial forms a museum commemorative of India's glory. Portraits of the old Emperors of Delhi, founders of native States, great Generals, and men of letters and of historical fame who worked in India in the Victorian Era have been collected by the indefatigable labours of Lord Ronaldshay. Lord Curzon began the collection by giving paintings of Queen Victoria, her marriage, Coronation, and Jubilees; and of the Queen Alexandra, King George and Queen Mary have also contributed munificently. Armour, coinage, sculpture, and the finest specimens of the arts and crafts of India have been garnered in this Valhalla of India.

OPENING CEREMONY.

The opening ceremony was on a scale of spectacular magnificence worthy of the event. Shortly before eleven the Prince of Wales, attended by a large staff, and followed by the Governor of Bengal, and the firing of thirty-one guns from Fort William, and proceeded along the road Canopies prevent to Queen's Way. The route being lined by troops of Indian troops, behind which were assembled immense cheering crowds. On the memorial being reached trumpeters announced the arrival of the Governor of Bengal, surrounded by a most distinguished group, received His Royal Highness. Passing through a magnificent Portal of honour the Prince and Lord Ronaldshay took their seats on a dais. His Excellency then presented the Ruling Princes and others engaged in the work.

The Governor read an address, presenting the Prince with an exquisite casket, to which His Royal Highness replied.

To a further fanfare the procession formed up again, and the Prince, receiving a richly-jewelled key from Rajasthanarab Rajkumar, unlocked the door, a salute of 101 guns booming forth, while the massed bands played the National Anthem.

The Royal party, passing through the North Gate, entered Queen's Hall, whence a tour was made of the interior. On the party leaving to return to Government House an enthusiastic crowd tried to close in upon the procession, the escort only interfering with them as much as was required to keep them moving.

The remainder of the day the Prince spent informally playing polo in the cool of the afternoon, and holding a levée after dinner.

Calcutta is quite normal.

RIFLE FIRING AND A BOMB.

NO PERSON INJURED.

Last night, says our Belfast Correspondent, there was some firing from Northumberland street, a Protestant locality, in the direction of the Falls road, a Roman Catholic area. In all five shots, which the police declare were rifle shots, were heard, but there were no casualties.

A bomb was thrown, but failed to explode. Several shops were raided by armed men, who succeeded in some cases in securing small sums of money.

HEAVY WEATHER IN THE LIFFEY.

There was quite a storm in the River Liffey itself yesterday. A large volume of water came from the upper reaches of the river, and this, combined with the effects of the heavy weather prevailing at sea, caused the swamping and sinking of the Guinness lighter, loaded with porter, near the Four Courts.

The port lerry boat service broke down at the dinner hour, and many labourers were unable to make the crossing. An intermittent service was maintained higher up the river during the afternoon.

Returning holiday makers had rough passages from Holyhead yesterday.

NEW ROMAN CATHOLIC COLLEGE

ROME, Wednesday.

The Pope has entrusted Father Bertrand with a plan for founding a Roman Catholic College at the University of Madras, to be opened to all creeds and nationalities.

The Pope has made a substantial contribution towards the cost involved.—(Exchange.)

NEW CAPITAL OF THE CONGO.

BRUSSELS, Wednesday.

The Soir states that M. Diperne, Governor of the Congo, has decided that Kinshasa, which is likely before long to form a single locality with Leopoldville, is shortly to become the capital of the Congo, instead of Boma.—(Reuter.)

IRISH RAILWAY CRISIS.

TRADERS ALARMED.

The intense feeling among Irish railwaymen over the recent arbitration award on hours and conditions may lead to an unofficial stoppage of work. The Executive of the National Union of Railwaymen will meet in London on January 2nd to consider the situation. The Committee cannot meet earlier, as its constitution will be changed at the end of the year.

At Unity House, London, yesterday, an official stated that there was reason to believe that many of the Irish members were determined to have a fight over the hours question, and a belief was expressed that there might be developments in the direction of a strike on New Year's Eve, of which there has been a good deal of talk, but it was explained that such a movement would be without the authority of the union.

The later award on wages, which increases the "stop" rates in connection with the operation of the sliding scale, is regarded as not unfavourable, and if trouble arises it is stated that it will probably be entirely over hours of duty.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT.

SITUATION UNCHANGED.

No definite information was available in Dublin yesterday. The threat of the Irish Council of the National Union of Railwaymen to call a strike should it consider it necessary to do so has caused considerable uneasiness in commercial and trading circles in Ireland.

The trouble arises from dissatisfaction with the award of Mr. W. Corrigan, K.C., determining conditions of employment and rates of wages and salaries. One of the chief objections appears to be the alteration in the working hours. The railwaymen want to retain the eight-hour day.

The Irish Council of the National Union of Railwaymen met in the offices of the union, Beresford place, Dublin, yesterday morning to discuss the situation, and adjourned at six o'clock until this morning. The proceedings were conducted in private, and at the conclusion the following official report was issued:—

"The Irish Council of the N.U.R. have been in session to-day, considering the threatened crisis, which up to the moment remains unchanged. Certain important developments have taken place to-day, which are engaging the serious consideration of the Council, and a full statement will be issued at the earliest possible moment. Meantime our members must not be guided by unofficial Press reports. We wish to point out that certain statements which have appeared in the Irish Press have been quite unfounded. The situation is fully dealt with, and our members can rest assured of receiving full information at the earliest possible moment."

(Signed) R. Hennessy (Chairman), T. C. Daly, W. Walsh, M. Glynn, W. Donaldson, P. Cuchenan, J. Walsh, L. J. Larkin, Irish Council N.U.R."

Mr. J. Bermingham, the Irish Secretary of the National Union of Railwaymen, declined to add anything to this report, or to make any statement beyond the information that it contains.

PROPOSED WAGE CUTS.

DUBLIN CORPORATION WORKMEN.

The wages paid by the Dublin Corporation to its employés will be considered at Monday's meeting of Alderman Hubbard Clark, who has given notice that he will move that all wages paid to employés of all grades and classes (other than Clerks) be fixed at 100 per cent. over those paid in July, 1914. In the case of Class 3 he suggests the wages be fixed at 100 per cent. over those prevailing in 1914, substituting for that of Mr. S. R. Dixon, M.P., who was arrested on December 10th on a charge of managing and organising an unlawful association.

Twelve thousand persons were packed into a vast tent, made of a hand-spun and hand-woven material known as khaddar. The marquee was illuminated by electric light.

Mr. Ajmal, speaking in Urdu, welcomed the Government's policy of repression, which, he said, strengthened the people's determination to continue the struggle with greater vigour. He was proud that Egypt had followed the examples set by India of non-violent non-co-operation.

India, he concluded, was experiencing birth pangs of Swaraj. Young India would arise, the glorious traditions of the ancient country.

Mrs. Naidu read messages to the Congress from Mr. Das and his wife, both of whom exhorted all to act "now or never" by joining the Khilafat Volunteers, and suspending their activities accordingly.

The Congress then adjourned.—(Reuter.)

"DEAR, DIRTY DUBLIN."

RAIN DOES SCAVENGERS' WORK.

After yesterday's fine spell and the effect which the strong north-west wind had on the streets, it was seen ungracious to take notice of the filthy condition of the roadways and sidewalks of Dublin during the previous week. They were in a disgraceful condition, and the complaints of the public were loud and frequent.

The footwalks were coated thickly with grime, and the unfortunate pedestrian who had to wade through it found himself plentifully bespattered from the knees down.

The carriage ways, in certain places, were even worse. The wheels of motor cars sent the dirty stuff a distance of several feet on either side of their tracks, and many a nice garment was spoiled in that way. It is stated that people complained and asked if the Corporation had lately abrogated its functions.

The heavy rain which fell during the early morning and the scouring of the roadways by the Corporation sweeping machines, which are arriving at Cannes. Mr. Lloyd George, Mr. Winston Churchill, and Lord French are also expected to arrive there. The first-named played golf yesterday afternoon, and visited Theirs in the afternoon.

Sir Robert Horne and Mr. Harvey, the American Ambassador, left London yesterday, and Sir L. Worthington-Evans will go to-day. The American delegation is expected to arrive this afternoon.

The Belgian Cabinet met yesterday and appointed M. Theunis, Premier, and M. Jaspar, Minister for Foreign Affairs, to represent it at the Conference.

PRINCESS MARY

IRISH COMMAND'S WEDDING GIFT.

Her Royal Highness Princess Mary having graciously commanded to accept a wedding present from the officers of His Majesty's Army, subscriptions, which are limited in each case to one shilling, are invited from officers of the Regular Army, Special Reserve, and Territorial Army in the Irish Command. Contributions from officers who are not on the active list should be forwarded direct to Captain R. F. Nation, Assistant Military Secretary, General Headquarters, Parkgate street, Dublin, not later than January 7, 1922.

SON SAW MOTHER MURDERED.

Respecting the death of Rosina Ackerman, a Bristol coroner's jury yesterday returned a verdict of wilful murder and suicide against Frank Hopper (32).

Hopper had cohabited with the woman since she separated from her husband. There were frequent quarrels, and Hopper had threatened the woman's life and his own. After they had been drinking together on Monday night there was a row, and the woman, bleeding profusely, rushed from the house, screaming "He has killed me," and expired.

Later Hopper was found shot in a bedroom.

An eight-year-old son of the woman, who was in bed with her when she was attacked, was uninjured.

CELLULOID FIRE VICTIMS.

The Sheffield Coroner yesterday opened the inquiry into the deaths of the four victims of the recent fatal fire at the Progress Works, Sheffield.

The evidence showed that in one small cutlery shop some of the employés were having tea, when one took a kettle containing hot water from the fire. From the bottom of the kettle a live coal dropped on to some celluloid, and in a few minutes the whole four-storey building was in flames. Of 100 people in the building all but four were rescued.

The inquest was adjourned.

JAMAICA'S FINANCIAL CRISIS.

KINGSTON, JAMAICA, Tuesday.

Mr. Wood, Parliamentary Under-Secretary for the Colonies, left to-day for St. Kitts.

In a final interview, Mr. Wood admitted that Jamaica's financial position was grave. Drastic retrenchment, he said, was necessary.

INFLAMMATORY POSTERS.

EXTREMISTS' TACTICS IN CAIRO.

Although no further outbreaks of violence are reported from Egypt, the situation remains tense.

Cairo has been placarded with notices calling on Egyptians to "rise and kill their oppressors."

Zaghlul's leaders have held a meeting, but no one has been appointed as chief of the movement.

Disorderly elements attacked girls' schools on Christmas Day, and military and police had to be summoned to disperse the crowds and escort the children to their homes.

EGYPT QUIETER.

MINOR DEMONSTRATIONS.

CAIRO, Wednesday.

The situation is now nearly normal. The tramway service has been partially resumed, and cabs have re-appeared in the streets.

A demonstration of women teachers took place at Alexandria to-day. Four arrests were made.

An Armenian shopkeeper, in the Esptieh quarter of Cairo, fired on a crowd, which retaliated by burning down the shop.

There were no casualties in Egypt to-day.

Inflammatory posters have been placarded in certain quarters of Cairo, calling on Egyptians to rise and kill their aggressors.

Seven Zaghlulist dissentients have rejoined the two remaining members of Zaglul's delegation, and are holding meetings at Zaglul's house, though no leader has yet been appointed.

The adviser to the Ministry of the Interior has issued a number of instructions to the Press, any infringement of which is punishable by the military authorities.

GIRLS' SCHOOLS ATTACKED

MILITARY DISPERSE RIOTERS.

It is only possible to deal generally with the excesses of the past few days, but the following illustrations give some idea of the random and indiscriminate actions of the rioters.

On Christmas Day a mob, composed of low-class Arabs, with a sprinkling of schoolboys and Effendis, attacked the Abbas Girls' School, and attempted to remove the pupils. Their designs were frustrated by the staff. Both teachers and pupils were exposed to considerable danger from stones and the glass of broken windows.

The mob then endeavoured to set fire to the building by throwing in petroleum and lighted matches. A member of the staff was violently attacked. The police were unable to disperse the attackers, and the military were eventually summoned. They removed the pupils to their homes.

A similar attack was made on the Sania Girls' School. A furious mob bombarded the main entrance with sticks and stones. Windows were broken, and stones hurled inside.

The school staff was extremely anxious for the safety of the pupils, but mounted police eventually dispersed the rioters. The police remained on guard until the teachers and pupils had been removed.

Considerable difficulty was encountered in sending the pupils to their homes on Christmas Day from the boys' infant school. The drivers of the school omnibuses refused to leave without armed escorts owing to previous attacks. An armed escort was granted, but not until 6.30 in the afternoon were the school authorities assured that the pupils, all of whom were under seven years of age, were safely deposited in their homes.

The omnibuses were attacked at three different places, but the rioters were kept off by the police.

BERLIN STUDENTS DEMONSTRATE.

PARIS, Wednesday.

The *Petit Parisien* learns from Berlin that a demonstration on the part of Egyptian students occurred yesterday in front of the British Embassy. Pamphlets were distributed in the crowd, and students shouted for the independence of Egypt.—(Reuter.)

LENIN'S BLUSTER.

"BOURGEOIS GOVERNMENTS OF EUROPE."

HELSINGFORS, Wednesday.

A wireless message from Moscow says that Lenin, in a speech at the 9th Russian Soviet Congress yesterday, declared that they were ready to make important concessions and very great sacrifices, but not at random, or without compensation. "Let the Governments of Finland, Poland, and Rumania, who sent against the Soviet bands of White Guards, take that as said."

They were determined to preserve peace by all means, but if the necessity was forced upon them they would call no their last man in order to defend their Republic.

Lenin also declared that the great progress achieved last year in regard to economic relations with foreign countries augured well in this matter for the future. Whether they wished it or not, bourgeois Governments of Europe must, at some time or another, come to an understanding with the representatives of Germany and the Soviets.—(Reuter.)

PREMIER'S BRIEF REST.

DELEGATES ASSEMBLING AT CANNES.

Delegates to the meeting of the Supreme Council, which has been called for January 2, are arriving at Cannes. Mr. Lloyd George, Mr. Winston Churchill, and Lord French are already in the district. Mr. Lloyd George, it is stated, spent the day golfing and visited Theirs in the afternoon.

Sir Robert Horne and Mr. Harvey, the American Ambassador, left London yesterday, and Sir L. Worthington-Evans will go to-day. The American delegation is expected to arrive this afternoon.

The Belgian Cabinet met yesterday and appointed M. Theunis, Premier, and M. Jaspar, Minister for Foreign Affairs, to represent it at the Conference.

INDIAN CONGRESS.

HEROIC SPEECHES.

AHMEDABAD, Tuesday.

The Indian Nationalist Congress opened here this afternoon, with Mr. Ajmal Khan acting as President in the place of Mr. C. R. Das, who was arrested on December 10th on a charge of managing and organising an unlawful association.

Twelve thousand persons were packed into a vast tent, made of a hand-spun and hand-woven material known as khaddar. The marquee was illuminated by electric light.

Mr. Ajmal, speaking in Urdu, welcomed the Government's policy of repression, which, he said, strengthened the people's determination to continue the struggle with greater vigour. He was proud that Egypt had followed the examples set by India of non-violent non-co-operation.

India, he concluded, was experiencing birth pangs of Swaraj. Young India would arise, the glorious traditions of the ancient country.

Mrs. Naidu read messages to the Congress from Mr. Das and his wife, both of whom exhorted all to act "now or never" by joining the Khilafat Volunteers, and suspending their activities accordingly.

The Congress then adjourned.—(Reuter.)

GREEK PRELATE'S MISSION.

ATHENS, Sunday.

Mgr. Chrysanthos, the Metropolitan of Trebizond, is leaving to-day for London to lay before the Archbishop of Canterbury the Greek Government's views on the election of the Oecumenical Patriarch, and on the matter of a *rapprochement* between the Churches.—(Reuter.)

N.S.W. INCOME TAX INCREASE.

SYDNEY, Wednesday.

Mr. Dooley, Premier of New South Wales, states that the deficit of £2,000,000 in the Budget will be met by increasing the tax on incomes exceeding £780 a year.—(Reuter.)

S.A. COAL STRIKE THREAT.

JOHANNESBURG, Wednesday.

A strike in the coalfields has been threatened for court time in connection with a reduction of wages, which comes into force on Sunday.

Mr. Duncan, Minister of the Interior, to-day had a conference with the industrial federations and trade unions concerned.—(Reuter.)

BERGENLAND SETTLEMENT.

Reuter's Agency learns that arrangements have now been made by which the Oedenburg plebiscite area will be handed over to Hungary on May 1st. The Allied troops, which have been responsible for the holding of the plebiscite, will leave some days later.

FJORD RIDDELL'S RETURN.

Onboard the Royal Mail Steam Packet Company's steamer Orbita, which will arrive at Southampton from New York on Sunday next, will be Lord Riddell, a member of the British Mission to the Disarmament Conference.

SMUGGLED TOBACCO.

IRISHMAN FINED AT HOLYHEAD.

At Holyhead yesterday John Harrington, Clother, County Sligo, was charged with smuggling 1.5lbs. of tobacco.

Evidence was given by Frederick Cecil Hayes, of the Local Customs, to the effect that he questioned the defendant, who replied that he had no firearms or ammunition. On examining the contents of a portmanteau, the witness discovered 16 plugs of tobacco. The defendant could not produce any evidence of duty having been paid.

Replying to Mr. Oliver Thomas, defending, the witness said that there was no attempt at concealment on defendant's part.

A fine of £20 was imposed upon the prisoner, which, it was stated, represented the duty. The tobacco was valued at £7 14s. 6d.

The defendant's story was that he had arrived at Southampton on the Adriatic, and had proceeded to Bolton, where he met some men in a public-house. He went with them to a shop and bought the tobacco, paying 6s. 2d. for the 18 plugs.

He was searched, as usual, at Southampton.

He believed that the name of the tradesman was Roberts. The shop was more like a private house. The Customs officer said that he had been instructed to press for the payment of the full amount of the treble duty and costs, amounting to in all £27 1s. 0d.

An order was made accordingly, the tobacco to be confiscated.

INGERSOLL PETITION.

NEW YORK, Wednesday.

A receiver was appointed yesterday to administer the affairs of Messrs. Robert Ingersoll and Brother, on the application of the National City Bank, the Chase National Bank, and other creditors, who alleged that the firm's liabilities amount to £600,000 and its assets to £500,000.

The company has admitted inability to meet its liabilities, and has requested that it be adjudged bankrupt.

The attorney representing the creditors has declared that the first step to be taken will be the adoption of a reorganisation scheme which will secure the continued operation of the company's plants.

The company's affairs have been in the hands of a creditors' committee since May 1.—(Reuter.)

A verdict of "accidental death" was returned as an inquest in Accrington yesterday on the body of Mr. Joseph Holkwell, cotton manufacturer, who fell and broke his neck while looking through a window at a Christmas entertainment which his brother-in-law, Mr. Waddington, M.P., was giving to some children.

FROM TO-DAY'S LONDON PAPERS.

MORE SUBMARINES.

FRANCE'S CLAIM.

"THE TIMES" OF TO-DAY SAYS:—

France, it is declared, wants a strong submarine navy, not merely to protect the passage of troops from her African possessions to Europe, but to defend Madagascar and her Indo-Chinese Empire. Many sailors, we imagine, will question its efficiency for either purpose. The lesson of the war, as Mr. Balfour, who speaks with knowledge, declared last week, is that the only object for which the submarine is valuable is the destruction of commerce, a function which it can seldom perform, with safety to itself, except by resort to the methods of barbarism that France condemns as severely as we do ourselves.

The sincerity of her protests that she regards a war with England as an inconceivable act of insanity is not doubted; but since Germany has been disarmed at sea, it is not immediately apparent who is the potential enemy against whom she feels it incumbent upon her to prepare for defence, either in her home waters or in the Indian Ocean. We regret her decision for many reasons.

Although the settlement as to capital ships is definite, subject to ratification, which will follow in this country as a matter of course, the prospect of a large reduction in our Naval expenditure is seriously darkened by the failure of the Conference to fix a low *ratio* for submarines and auxiliaries.

It seems to have been suggested in Washington that France hopes to use the submarine question at Cannes as an asset with which to bargain. That is most improbable. The present temper of France would not tolerate resort to such a weapon, even if Ministers had been foolish enough to contemplate its use. According to present information, it is not to Cannes, but to another International Conference, that we must adjourn the hopes of a settlement of the whole question, not only of submarines, but of auxiliaries.

EGYPTIAN TROUBLE.

EXERCISING BRITISH AUTHORITY.

The Times, in a leading article dealing with the trouble in Egypt, says:—A demonstration of force is necessary for the maintenance of outward order and the defence of life and property, but alone it will certainly not remedy what has become a very disquieting situation. The deportation of Zaghlul may serve a good purpose. His unbounded personal ambition and his perpetual intrigues account for a great deal of the trouble that has afflicted Egypt this year. Compared with the Mahdi Gandhi is a very commonplace agitator, and his idealism is open to grave doubts.

For the present the firm measures applied to him appear to have disconcerted some of his closest associates, who, rather than share his punishment, have submitted to the régime of silence imposed upon them. Yet it is hardly an encouraging sign, considering Egyptian conditions, that Zaghlul's wife has declared her intention of taking his place as leader of the extremist movement.

The best that can be hoped for is that, while the forces of disorder are being held in check by the direct exercise of British authority, the Moderates may gradually realise the true significance of the recent declaration of British policy, and may organise in order to take advantage of the promises it contains.

GERMANY'S NEW FAILURE.

FALL IN COKE SUPPLIES.

A new failure on the part of Germany to meet her obligations under the Treaty will shortly be considered by the Reparation Commission, says the Paris Correspondent of the *Times*. The Commission fixed at 15,000 tons a day the quantity of coke which the German Kohlensyndicat had to furnish. This fuel is indispensable to the metallurgical industries of Lorraine and Luxemburg, which before the war used to get 24,000 tons of coke a day from Germany. At the beginning of the month Germany pleaded that difficulties of transport, etc., prevented her from making full deliveries, and the quantity supplied went down to 8,000 tons daily.

Then there was an increase to 12,000 tons, but during the last fortnight there has once more been a systematic reduction to between 9,000 and 10,000 tons. Suggestions are being made here that the German industrial magnates such as Stinnes deliberately curtailing deliveries, in the hope thereby of injuring the French metallurgical industry.

TRADE WITH RUSSIA.

AMERICAN ENTERPRISE.

The New York Correspondent of *The Times* writes:—According to despatches from Washington, the American Government views with great favour the gradual revival of an early resumption of trade between the United States and Russia. The Correspondent of the *New York Journal of Commerce* says that while two aeroplanes, both no official reports, information transmitted to the Secretary of Commerce, Mr. Hoover, through the American Relief Administration and other agencies, indicates a change of policy on the part of the Soviet authorities, which will ultimately make commercial intercourse possible.

It is understood that the capital and goods of American firms trading with Russia will be afforded protection, and a large

would only tend to provoke a split, which nobody wished. Mr. O'Donnell had said that members of the Dail should leave it to their constituents. If the Dail did not represent their constituents, then the Navan Urban Council did not represent the people of Navan. There were only five members at that meeting.

Mr. Clusker supported the resolution.

No member seconded the amendment.

The Chairman declared the resolution passed.

The Clerk was directed to send copies of the resolution to—E. Duggan, Justin McKenna, J. J. Kelly (Celtic), Peter Hughes, and Alderman Murphy, deputies for Louth and Meath.

GALWAY.

COUNTY COUNCIL TO MEET.

A special meeting of Galway County Council has been called for Friday next at 12 o'clock to consider the Peace Treaty, when it is understood that a resolution of ratification will be brought forward. It is understood that the majority of members for the County Galway will vote in favour of the Treaty. Three members only have been mentioned as having definitely against it, and these will have the opportunity of hearing the views of their constituents, who are overwhelmingly in favour of peace, during the short period before the resumption of the Dail.

A rumour has been circulated throughout the West to the effect that all those who had been against the Treaty will withdraw their opposition when the Dail resumes. This is regarded by some as an attempt to stem the torrent of opinion in favour of ratification.

TUAM'S DEMAND.

A WORD TO REPRESENTATIVES.

A full meeting of the Tuam Town Commissioners last night unanimously called on the Galway representatives in Dail Eireann to support the motion for ratification of the Treaty, and demanded that the view of the vast majority of the people of the county be not misrepresented by the county representatives.

The Commissioners also sent the following to Dr. Bryan Cusack, M.P. for the constituency:—"At a meeting to-night it was stated that you were going to vote against ratification of the Treaty, and the Commissioners wish to inform you that the people of Tuam, who were amongst your most ardent supporters in the 1918 election, are almost unanimously in favour of ratification. By opposing the Treaty you are acting in direct opposition to their wishes and to the wishes of the men who worked so hard for your return at that time. The Commissioners demand that you do not misrepresent the views of your constituents in Tuam."

Mountbellew Board of Guardians and District Council also unanimously approved the ratification, and called on the Galway representatives to support it.

Mr. Fahy, Chairman, said that they all recognised that the terms did not come to the standard of the Irish people's aspirations, but they were a big advance in that direction.

Mr. Costello—I think the people should think twice before they would fire another shot.

Mr. Fahy—There are a great many things in the Treaty that I do not like, but rather than see the country go back again to war I would support it. Even if the Treaty is ratified it will not bring permanent peace to Ireland. It is only an instalment.

Mr. Killalea—It was perfectly understood before the Conference that the question of a Republic would not be discussed. Mr. de Valera is not standing for a Republic. I understand that he wants to be associated voluntarily in the nations comprising the British Empire. It is not Mr. de Valera but the country that is our master.

Mr. Quinn—We do not want any more bloodshed. Why did not Mr. de Valera go over himself? I say he is as much bound by the terms as the plenipotentiaries.

Mr. Fahy—We have no fault to find with the leaders on both sides, but Mr. Lloyd George did a most diabolical act to break the unity of Ireland. He will fail this time.

TRADERS' ASSOCIATION.

At a meeting of the Tuam Traders' Association it was proposed by Mr. O'Malley, seconded by Mr. James Moran, and passed unanimously:

"That this meeting of the Traders' Association hereby declares its approval of the Treaty, and demands that the representatives of County and City in An Dail should vote for ratification, as this meeting considers that by doing so they will voice the will of the people of this country and will serve the best interests of the country. Whilst advocating unity in the Irish ranks, we demand that the view of the vast majority of the people of this county be not misrepresented by the county representatives; and it is further resolved that copies of this resolution be immediately forwarded to Messrs. J. J. Walsh, Chairman, Dr. Bryan Cusack, P. O'Maillie, P. Hogan, L. Mellowes, T. Nicholls, and Frank Fahy."

CASTLEREA AND THE TREATY.

Public opinion in Castlerea is solid for the ratification of the Treaty, says our correspondent. From conversations I have had with the country people of the surrounding districts I have gathered that opposition to the settlement has virtually no support.

SOUTH CORK.

TO END THE FEUD OF CENTURIES

The South Cork Executive of Sinn Fein, for which constituency Mr. Michael Collins is member of Parliament, have unanimously passed the following resolution:—"That we approve of the Treaty. We are satisfied that the Treaty does not give us everything of which the aspirations of the Irish people, but under the present circumstances we see no other alternative, and we are of opinion that the Irish representatives will give it their earliest consideration, and, if at all possible, be unanimous in the decision they arrive at, as we believe that any division in the Irish ranks at the present time will lead to disorder and chaos that might well prove disastrous to the future of the Irish nation.

"We further believe that the feud of centuries would be ended by ratifying the Treaty.

"We are of opinion that success has crowned the efforts of the brave Irishmen who forced the British Empire to call a truce in Ireland and agree to a Treaty which gives Ireland charge of her own affairs, and which also leads the army of occupation to take its departure from the shores of the Irish Free State."

QUEENSTOWN TAKES ACTION.

At a largely attended meeting of the Queenstown branch of the Sinn Fein organisation, held in the Town Hall last night, at which the Sinn Fein representatives on the Urban District Council were present, it was decided to support ratification of the Treaty, as signed by the Irish

OLD FALSE TEETH WANTED.
Also Diamonds, Jewellery, Old Gold, Silver, Stamping prices given.
ORGEL & CO., 55 NASSAU ST., DUBLIN.
(Next Elvery's.)

DETECTIVES' HUNT.

FATE OF MISS WILKINS.

SEARCH FOR CLUES.

GREY CAR MYSTERY.

So far Scotland Yard has failed to find the murderer of Miss Irene May Wilkins.

One of the smartest detectives in England has taken charge of the case, but it is obvious that he has not obtained what may be regarded as a trustworthy clue to the murderer's whereabouts.

Yesterday the Bournemouth police made a vigorous search for a six-cylinder Sunbeam motor car which, according to a taxi-driver, Miss Wilkins entered when she left the station.

They are also hunting for a mysterious grey car which visited the station on the evening of the murder and on previous evenings and for a third car—a two-seater—the driver of which is supposed to have spoken to Miss Wilkins.

It is thought that the murderer may have motored to London after he had committed the crime.

GARAGES SEARCHED.

MEN EXAMINED, BUT NO ARREST.

A message that was sent from Bournemouth last night says:—At present there appears to be no further development in the exhaustive search which is being made for the murderer of Miss I. Wilkins.

The methodical search for the wanted six-cylinder Sunbeam car, which bears a identification mark containing the letter "X"—a search which practically began with the police to-day. Of course, the driver of the car was described by a local taxi-driver, who states that he saw a person answering to Miss Wilkins's description entering the car on the fateful evening at Bournemouth Central Station) has also been diligently searched for, and several men have been questioned, but with no definite result.

Private cars, garages, and visiting and departing cars are being scrutinised very thoroughly, and there are frequent callers at the local police stations with cars with "X" in the identification number in order to eliminate their machines from the search.

The police have also still in mind a large grey car, which is stated to have had a Middlesex identification plate. It was seen calling at the railway station a few times lately and going away without picking up anyone.

Inquiries have also been made at the local newspaper office in the hope of gaining some information as to the purchaser of the London paper which contained the advertisement that resulted in Miss Wilkins being lured to her death.

The Boscombe Post Office officials are unable to remember anything of the sender of the decoy telegram.

Stories from taxi-drivers at the Central Station continue to multiply, but too much credence must not be placed in them.

Yesterday the police made special search for any trace of the blunt instrument with which the crime is supposed to have been committed, and also for the attaché case which Miss Wilkins took with her from London. It contained some clothing. Finally, the fatal telegram which brought her to Bournemouth.

Up to now no success has attended these efforts.

The body of Miss Wilkins arrived at Waterloo Station, London, at 8.30 last night. A motor ambulance was in waiting, and to this the coffin, which was of light oak, was borne. The fact that the coffin was that of the victim of the Bournemouth tragedy was not generally known, and the bearers drove off without attracting much attention.

RACIAL EQUALITY IN LAW.

INDIAN GOVERNMENT INQUIRY.

DELHI, Tuesday.

In compliance with a non-official resolution of the Legislative Assembly, the India Government has appointed a Committee of officials and non-officials to report upon possible modifications of the criminal procedure code with a view to securing equality of status at criminal trials of Europeans and Indians, a principle which the Indian Government has already accepted.—(Reuter.)

TIPPERARY FARMERS.

At a meeting of the Killeen (Nenagh) Branch North Tipperary Farmers' Association on Tuesday night, Mr. Thomas Mulcahy presiding, the following resolution was unanimously adopted on the motion of Mr. Edward Bourke, seconded by the Chairman:—

That we, the members of the Killeen Branch, Farmers' Association, call on the deputies representing North Tipperary to vote for the ratification of the Peace Treaty at the meeting of Dail Eireann on January 3rd."

OTHER DISTRICTS.

FOR RATIFICATION.

Innishowen and Milford Rural Councils, both in Donegal, have passed resolutions urging ratification of the Treaty.

A meeting of Leitrim County Council has been called for Friday next, and one of the items on the agenda provides for discussion of matters in connection with the Treaty between Ireland and Great Britain, and passing such resolution (if any) as may be decided upon regarding ratification or rejection thereof."

Presiding at the Dungarvan Council meeting for the first time since his release from Ballykinlar Internment Camp, Mr. Michael Brennock referred to the political crisis.

He regretted, he said, that the Government in Dublin were not unanimous in carrying out the wishes of the people. Personalities did not matter a twopenny piece in grave questions of this kind. It was the cause of the people that was paramount.

A meeting of Birr Urban Council has been specially called by the Chairman, Mr. John Dooly, on requisition, for to-morrow evening, to discuss the Peace Treaty. It is understood that arrangements are being made for a public meeting on Saturday for a similar purpose.

People in Tullamore and North King's County are slow to express definite opinions regarding the Treaty, but, as far as one could judge, says our Correspondent, there is a big majority who believe that if the measure is put in operation the Irish people will be placed in a position which will enable them to promote their material interests and prosperity to an extent which can hardly be realised at present.

FARMERS' MEETINGS.

A public meeting of the farmers and ratepayers of Queen's County will be held at Maryborough on Saturday next, at 2 o'clock, for the purpose of calling on Dail Eireann "to ratify the Treaty in the best interests of the country."

The Co. Kilkenny farmers will also hold a meeting on Saturday, to decide on the action to be taken in connection with the Treaty. The meeting will be held in Kilkenny Courthouse at 3 o'clock.

On Monday at noon a meeting of the Co. Dublin farmers will be held at 37 Upper Pitzwilliam street, Dublin, for the purpose of calling on Dail Eireann to ratify the Treaty.

MR. J. L. FAWCETT AND THE TREATY.

Mr. J. L. Fawcett, who was formerly Sinn Fein Consul at New York, in the course of some notes on the Irish Peace Treaty, says that it gives Ireland a *status* internationally that formerly was denied her. With the signing and ratification of this Treaty Ireland passes from the stage of being a domestic problem of England's to a sovereign *status* internationally.

QUEENSTOWN TAKES ACTION.

At a largely attended meeting of the Queenstown branch of the Sinn Fein organisation, held in the Town Hall last night, at which the Sinn Fein representatives on the Urban District Council were present, it was decided to support ratification of the Treaty, as signed by the Irish

ROSSE COLLEGE, STEPHEN'S GREEN.

The College will be closed during Christmas Week. All Classes will resume on Monday, January 2nd.—(Advt.)

PEACE TREATY.

FREE STATE'S RIGHTS AND STATUS.

OFFICIAL TEXT.

In response to a widespread request, we reprint below the text of the Treaty between Great Britain and Ireland which, signed by the British and Irish delegations in London on December 6, has already been ratified by Westminster, and now awaits ratification by Dail Eireann before it can become effective.

1. Ireland shall have the same constitutional status in the community of nations known as the British Empire as the Dominion of Canada, the Commonwealth of Australia, the Dominion of New Zealand, and the Union of South Africa, with a Parliament having powers to make laws for the peace, order, and good government of Ireland, and an Executive responsible to that Parliament, and shall be styled and known as the Irish Free State.

2. Subject to the provisions hereinafter set out, the position of the Irish Free State in relation to the Imperial Parliament and Government, and otherwise, shall be that of the Dominion of Canada, and the law, practice, and constitutional usage governing the relationship of the Crown or the representative of the Crown and of the Imperial Parliament to the Dominion of Canada shall govern their relationship to the Irish Free State.

3. The representative of the Crown in Ireland shall be appointed in like manner as the Governor-General of Canada, and in accordance with the practice observed in the making of such appointments.

4. The oath to be taken by members of the Parliament of the Irish Free State shall be in the following form:—

"I ..... do solemnly swear true faith and allegiance to the Constitution of the Irish Free State as by law established, and that I will be faithful to His Majesty King George V., his heirs and successors by law, in virtue of the common citizenship of Ireland with Great Britain, and her adherence to and membership of the group of nations forming the British Commonwealth of Nations."

PUBLIC DEBT.

LIABILITY OF FREE STATE.

5. The Irish Free State shall assume liability for no further development in the exhaustive search which is being made for the murderer of Miss I. Wilkins.

6. Until an agreement has been made between the British and Irish Governments, whereby the Irish Free State undertakes her own coastal defence, the defence by sea of Great Britain and Ireland shall be undertaken by His Majesty's Imperial Forces, but this shall not prevent the construction or maintenance by the Government of the Irish Free State of such vessels as are necessary for the protection of its revenue or the fisheries.

The foregoing provisions of this article shall be reviewed at a conference of representatives of the British and Irish Governments, to be held at the expiration of five years from the date hereof with a view to the undertaking by Ireland of a share in her own coastal defence.

7. The Government of the Irish Free State shall pay to His Britannic Majesty's Imperial Service—

(a) In time of peace such harbour and other facilities as are indicated in the annex hereto, or such other facilities as may from time to time be agreed between the British Government and the Government of the Irish Free State; and

(b) In the event of war, or of strained relations with a foreign Power, such harbour and other facilities as the British Government may require for the purposes of such defence, as aforesaid.

8. With a view to securing the observance of the principle of international limitation of armaments, if the Government of the Irish Free State establishes and maintains a military defence force or a police force beyond the limits not exceed in size such proportion of the military establishments maintained in Great Britain as that which the population of Ireland bears to the population of Great Britain.

OPEN PORTS.

COMPENSATING OFFICIALS.

9. The ports of Great Britain and the Irish Free State shall be freely open to the ships of the other country on payment of the customary port and other dues.

10. The Government of the Irish Free State agrees to pay fair compensation on terms not less favourable than those accorded by the Act of 1920, to all members of the existing police forces, and other public servants who are discharged by it, or who retire in consequence of the change of Government effected in pursuance hereof:

Provided that this agreement shall not apply to members of the Auxiliary Police Force or to persons recruited in Great Britain for the Royal Irish Constabulary during the two years next preceding the date hereof. The British Government will assume responsibility for such compensation or pensions as may be payable to any of the persons aforesaid.

11. Until the expiration of one month from the passing of the Act of Parliament for the ratification of this instrument, the powers of the Parliament and Government of the Irish Free State shall not be exercisable as respects Northern Ireland, and the provisions of the Government of Ireland Act, 1920, shall so far as they relate to Northern Ireland, remain in full force and effect, and no election shall be held for the return of members to serve in the Parliament of the Irish Free State for constituencies in Northern Ireland unless a resolution is passed by both Houses of the Parliament of Northern Ireland in favour of the holding of such elections before the end of that month.

12. If, before the expiration of the said month, an Address is presented to His Majesty by both Houses of the Parliament of Northern Ireland to that effect, the powers of the Parliament and the Government of the Irish Free State shall no longer extend to Northern Ireland, and the powers of the Government of Ireland Act, 1920 (including those relating to the Council of Ireland), shall so far as they relate to Northern Ireland, continue to be of full force and effect, and this instrument shall have effect, subject to the necessary modifications.

BOUNDARIES.

THE COMMISSION.

Provided that if such an Address is so presented, a Commission consisting of three persons, one to be appointed by the Government of the Irish Free State, one to be appointed by the Government of Northern Ireland, and one (who shall be chairman) to be appointed by the British Government, shall determine, in accordance with the wishes of the inhabitants, so far as may be compatible with economic and geographic conditions, the boundaries between Northern Ireland and the rest of Ireland, and for the purpose of the Government of Ireland Act, 1920, and of this instrument, the boundary of Northern Ireland shall be such as may be determined by such Commission.

13. For the purpose of the last foregoing article, the powers of the Parliament of Southern Ireland under the Government of Ireland Act, 1920, to elect members of the Council of Ireland shall, after the Parliament of the Irish Free State is constituted, be exercised by that Parliament.

14. After the expiration of the said month, if no such Address be is mentioned in Article 12 hereof is presented, the Parliament and Government of Northern Ireland shall continue to exercise, as respects Northern Ireland, the powers conferred on them by the Government of Ireland Act, 1920, but the Parliament and Government of the Irish Free State shall, in Northern Ireland, have in relation to matters in respect of which the Parliament of Northern Ireland has not power to make laws under that Act (including matters which, under the said Act, are within the jurisdiction of the Council of Ireland), the same powers as in the rest of Ireland, subject to such other provisions as may be agreed in manner hereinafter appearing.

15. At any time after this date hereof the Government of Northern Ireland and the Provisional Government of Southern Ireland hereinafter constituted may meet for the purpose of discussing the provisions subject to which the last foregoing article is to operate in the event of no such Address as is therein mentioned being presented, and those provisions may include—

(a) Safeguards with regard to patronage in Northern Ireland.

(b) Safeguards with regard to the collection of revenue in Northern Ireland.

(c) Safeguards with regard to import and export duties affecting the trade or industry of Northern Ireland.

(d) Safeguards for minorities in Northern Ireland.

(e) The settlement of the financial relations between Northern Ireland and the Irish Free State.

(f) The establishment and powers of a local Militia in Northern Ireland, and the relation of the defence forces of the Irish Free State and of Northern Ireland respectively. And if at any such meeting provisions are agreed to, they shall have effect as if they were included amongst the provisions, subject to which the powers of the Parliament and Government of the Irish Free State are to be exercisable in Northern Ireland under Article 14 hereof.

16. Neither the Parliament of the Irish Free State nor the Parliament of Northern Ireland shall make any law so as, either directly or indirectly, to endow any religion, or prohibit or restrict the free exercise thereof, or give any preference or impose any disability on account of religious belief or religious status, or affect prejudicially the right of any child to attend a school receiving public money without attending the religious instruction at that school, or make any discrimination as respects State aid between schools under the management of different religious denominations, or divert from any religious denomination or any educational institution any of its property except for public utility purposes, and on payment of compensation.

17. By way of provisional arrangement for the administration of Southern Ireland during the interval which must elapse between the date hereof and the constitution of a Parliament and Government of the Irish Free State in accordance therewith, steps shall be taken forthwith for summoning a meeting of members of Parliament elected for constituencies in Southern Ireland since the passing of the Government of Ireland Act, 1920, and for constituting a Provisional Government, and the Provisional Government shall take the steps necessary to transfer to such Provisional Government the powers and machinery requisite for the discharge of its duties, provided that every member of such Provisional Government shall have signified in writing his or her acceptance of this instrument. But no arrangement shall not continue in force beyond the expiration of twelve months from the date hereof.

18. This instrument shall be submitted forthwith by His Majesty's Government for the approval of Parliament, and by the Irish signatories to a meeting, summoned for the purpose, of the members elected to sit in the House of Commons of Southern Ireland, and, if approved, shall be ratified by the necessary legislation.

ANNEX.

PORTS AND DEFENCES.

1. The following are the specific facilities required:—Dockyard port at the Berehaven—(a) Admiralty property and rights to be retained as at the date hereof. Harbour defences to remain in charge of British care and maintenance parties.

Queenstown—(b) Harbour defences to remain in charge of British care and maintenance parties. Certain mooring buoys to be retained for use of His Majesty's ships.

Belfast Lough—(c) Harbour defences to remain in charge of British care and maintenance parties.

Lough Swilly—(d) Harbour defences to remain in charge of British care and maintenance parties.

Aviation—(e) Facilities in the neighbourhood of the above ports for coastal defence by air.

(f) Fuel Reserves—(f) Haulbowline, Rathmullen, to be offered for sale to commercial companies under guarantee that purchasers shall maintain a certain minimum stock for Admiralty purposes.

2. A Convention shall be made between the British Government and the Government of the Irish Free State to give effect to the conditions—

(a) That submarine cables shall not be landed or wireless stations for communications with places outside Ireland be established except by agreement with the British Government, that the existing cable landing rights and wireless concessions shall not be withdrawn except by agreement with the British Government, and that the British Government shall be entitled to land additional submarine cables or establish additional wireless stations for communication with places outside Ireland.

(b) That lighthouses, buoys, beacons, and any navigational marks or navigational aids shall be maintained by the Government of the Irish Free State as at the date hereof, and shall not be removed or added to, except by agreement with the British Government.

(c) That war signal stations shall be closed down, and left in charge of care and maintenance parties, but shall be available for use by the State being offered the option of taking them over and working them for commercial purposes, subject to Admiralty inspection and guaranteeing the upkeep of existing telegraphic communication therewith.

3. A Convention shall be made between the same Governments for the regulation of civil communication by air.

Thousands of ladies keep a box of Martin's Pills in the house. Those who use them recommend them hence their enormous sale. Price 1s. post free. Sold by all Chemists and Stores. Prior and Co., Chemists, Londonderry, sell them, or from Proprietors, Martin, Chemists, Southampton.—(Advt.)

COAST PATROL DUTIES.

WHY FRANCE NEEDS SUBMARINES.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday.

The French delegation received instructions from its Government this evening concerning the submarine question. The nature of the instructions has not been announced, but it was stated in responsible circles, after M. Barrard and Admiral le Bon had conferred with Mr. Hughes, that France would not accept the American suggestion to maintain the *status quo* in regard to submersibles.

The French Naval experts are stated to hold the view that each country is entitled to say for itself how many defensive craft are needed, taking into consideration the extent of the coast line of both the Homeland and the Colonial possessions.

Thus the effect of the Conference to limit the number and uses of submarines has ended in failure, and the American delegations have said that the discussion is now definitely closed.

The Naval Limitations Committee met to-day. M. Barrant is understood to have presented an apparently final declaration that France could not accept less than 330,000 tons auxiliary craft, in addition to 90,000 tons submarines.

The British and Japanese delegations are reported to have stated that, in view of the French position, they would both feel compelled to reserve their action on the tonnage ratio for auxiliary craft.

The American proposal, that auxiliary vessels shall not carry guns greater than 8-inch, was under discussion when the Committee adjourned.

The French delegation has declared its adherence to the capital ship ratio, in spite of a disagreement over submarines, but with the reservation that France desired to begin rebuilding replacements in 1927, although it explains that this does not mean that there is any intention of placing them in the water before the replacement period, provided under the capital ship agreement.

OBITUARY.

COLONEL C. H. KNOX.

The death took place at Inverusk, Killiney, County Dublin, after a long illness, of Colonel Charles Howe Knox, D.L., of Creagh, Ballincrobe, County Mayo, in his 62nd year. He was educated at Harrow and Christ Church, Oxford. He joined the 8th (Royal Irish) Hussars, and was A.D.C. on Lord Spencer's staff when he was Lord Lieutenant of Ireland in 1885. He was appointed Honorary Colonel of the 3rd Battalion Connaught Rangers. He married, in 1891, Henrietta Elizabeth, second daughter of the late Right Hon. Sir William Gleadowe-Hoare, Bart. Colonel Knox was a D.L. and J.P. for the County of Mayo, and he acted as High Sheriff in 1875.

MR. H. G. COOK.

We regret to announce the death, in his 81st year, of Mr. H. G. Cook, which occurred on Tuesday at his residence, 27 Longford terrace, Monkstown. Mr. Cook was Secretary to the Irish Lights Board for a considerable period, and on resigning the position last year was elected a Commissioner of that body. In his younger days he was closely identified with the athletic life of Ireland, and his enthusiasm in the cause of Rugby football and rowing was unbounded. Indeed, he was a large measure responsible for the growth and development in this country of these great pastimes, and by whom will his death be regretted more than by the old members of the Wanderers Football Club, with whom he worked and played for so long. He joined that club in 1866, having previously played for Kingstown, a club which was such a power in those days, and was elected President twelve years later. Mr. Cook succeeded the late Mr. R. M. Peter, as Hon. Secretary of the Irish Rugby Union, a position which he filled with distinction for several years, during which the best interests of the game were advanced. As a player he earned the reputation of being a really good club man, and in 1868 he got his International cap against Wales.

Rowing in Ireland owes much to Mr. Cook. He did excellent service, both as a member of the Lord Pembroke Club, and as Hon. Secretary of the Irish Rowing Union. For a considerable time he figured in many Pembroke winning crews, and later he did inestimable service in advancing the *status* of the sport, for which he received a gift of a pair of oars. Mr. Cook was an old and valued member of the Phœnix Cricket Club, of which he was Hon. Secretary for a time. A man of much grace and charm, his death will be sincerely deplored by a large circle of friends.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

THE SENSE OF THE NATION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—One of the gravest charges made against the Government of Ireland at the time of the Union was that it refused to "collect the sense of the nation" and ascertain the views of the constituencies upon the question of the Union. The Government held a kind of General Election among the close boroughs (with electorates ranging from one to thirteen), which they had arranged to buy, but refused to dissolve the Parliament of Ireland and take the vote of the large bodies of electors in the Counties and Free Towns upon the question of Union.

The suggestion to dissolve Parliament for that purpose was regarded by Ministers as outrageous, although Grattan, Forster and their followers in Opposition declared their willingness to abide the decision of the country. Ministers replied that the proposal was "seditious," "Jacobinical," "revolutionary," and "traitorous," while one scandalised close borough member, who did excellently out of the business, denounced the suggestion as "damnable." Mr. William Smith, member for the close borough of Donegal who, after a review for his Union services, was placed upon the bench as a Baron of the Exchequer, assured the House that in the proposal to appeal to the constituencies upon the question of Union he discerned "a plain subversion of the powers of the aristocracy." "In the exorbitant liberties of the people," Mr. Smith, who represented thirteen electors, all controlled by the Earl of Arran, beheld the slavery of the peerage.

To-day, when it is sought to undo that fatal work of the Union, many of those who are believed to represent a democracy are as eager as the pioneers of the Union were to defy the rightful control that constituents should have, and to act contrary to their wishes, interests and desires. The electorates will have read with amazement the declarations of some of their representatives whose action is rightly called by the Bishop of Killaloe a "callous disregard openly avowed by some deputies for the national will and the wishes of their constituents on this question" of the Treaty.

The position is especially significant in the face of the circumstances attending the last return of members to *Dáil Eireann*. Strictly speaking, there was no "election." The appeal to the country was made during a veritable reign of terror. There was only one set of candidates, and in the absence of any contest these candidates were returned unopposed. The decision was arrived at upon the nomination papers, and I believe that not a single ballot-paper was filled in the twenty-six counties of Southern Ireland. There was no alternative plan before the country, and those who signed the nomination papers were at the time in danger of being seized and thrown into prison without trial or accusation.

Furthermore, there were no means available in the case of double returns for a group of the two seats for which a representative has been returned, or for moving a writ for a new election. The second group of constituencies will be deprived of its voice, although its representative is actually sitting in the House, is certainly another grave infringement of its rights.

In the founding of the Irish Free State a new constitution there is a great opportunity, not for violating the rights of constituents, but for safeguarding them. The only method of representation provided that an actual resident in a city, borough, or county was elected and went to Parliament upon his own business and that of his constituents. He was paid "wages" by his constituents, ten shillings per day to the Knight of the Shire, representing the County, and 7s. 6d. per day to the citizen "as burgess," representing the city or borough. This payment was not a reward for services rendered, but rather an indemnity against the loss when the representative attended Parliament on the business of his county, city, or borough. This payment afforded the people control which constituents ought to possess, and it is a well authenticated fact that Parliamentary corruption followed speedily after this control was eliminated. It was then that the "carpet-bagger" hurried in from the ends of the Kingdom to provide a self-supporting representative, who frequently found recompense in his self-sacrifice in the Civil List and Consolidated Fund, if not in the pages of the peerage.

Now that the country is offered chaos as a policy, the constituencies should make it plain that they are masters and their representatives are to obey. The "friends of liberty" were fond of saying that the "voice of the people is as the voice of God." It is neither good nor good manners to run to silence the new democratic deity; for, as the Bishop of Cloyne most truly says, "the people are the fountain and source of national authority." There can be no other in any State which claims or deserves to be free.—Yours, etc.,

CRAWFORD BANKHEAD.

37 Belgrave square, Monkstown, Co. Dublin.
December 29th, 1921.

TRINITY COLLEGE AND THE IRISH FREE STATE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—It may, perhaps, be of interest in this connection to refer to the development of the present crisis to call attention to the fact that the recent resolution of the Board of Trinity College, emanating, so far as the influence of its members extends, the attitude that should be adopted in relation to the establishment of an Irish Free State is not by any means new, but was in accordance with the very best traditions of the College, both before and after the Union. In the four facts little known, which are worthy of being held in remembrance, will, I think, demonstrate this position.

Sir William Molyneux, the author of "The Case of Ireland Stated"—the ablest argument ever produced in favour of Irish independence—was, when that work was published in 1698, one of the members for Trinity College, and till his death sat in the Irish House of Commons as member for the College. It is now all but forgotten that Mr. George Knox, who was member for Trinity College at the time of the Union (and who vehemently opposed that measure), was the only Roman Catholic ever admitted to the Parliamentary franchise in Ireland, but excluded from the Houses of Parliament, proposed a resolution to introduce into the Catholic Franchise Bill a clause admitting Roman Catholics to Parliament. The whole weight of the Government, however, was thrown against him, and he was defeated by 153 to 60. It is a remarkable fact that Mr. Arthur Wesley—the name by which the Duke of Wellington was known when member for Trim, is always known in the Irish Parliamentary debates—was put forward by the Government to oppose Mr. Knox's motion. Mr. Lecky thinks it would be curious to know whether Wellington remembered this incident in 1829, when, through fear of civil war, he was constrained to make Roman Catholic Emancipation a cardinal measure of the policy of his Government. Wellington himself writes Mr. Lecky, "was compelled himself to set the fatal example of yielding to the fear of rebellion a measure which he knew he had himself to oppose. If the Catholic question had been settled in 1785 (as Mr. Knox desired) the whole subsequent history of Ireland would probably have been changed."

In 1793 Trinity College, Dublin—in advance by two generations of Oxford and Cambridge—admitted Roman Catholics to education within her walls and to a degree.

In the beginning of 1799 the electors of Trinity College, who then consisted only of the Fellows and Scholars, addressed their members—a course adopted by the Board of Trinity College in their recent resolution—calling on them to oppose the Union. In 1799 Mr. George Knox and Mr. Arthur Browne, the members for Trinity College, both spoke and voted against the Union. In the following year Mr. Arthur Browne changed his side and supported the Union, but he acknowledged in the House of Commons that he was acting in opposition to the wishes of the majority of his constituents. Mr. Arthur Browne was rewarded for the betrayal of his trust by the great office of Prime Serjeant (now long abolished), whose holder took precedence of the Law Officers of the Crown.

Swift, Burke, Flood, and Grattan were educated in Trinity College. Temple Emmet, Wolfe Tone, Robert Emmet, Isaac Butt, and many others filled a Chair in Trinity College) would unquestionably, had they so desired, have won the Fellowship of the College of which Thomas Osborne Davis and Redmond were graduates. Plunket, when the most powerful advocate in Parliament of Roman Catholic Emancipation, was member for Trinity College.

O'Connell in a letter written on the 19th October, 1846, a few months before his death, speaks with the greatest affection of Dr. MacDonnell, then a Senior Fellow of the College, and subsequently, from 1852 till his death in 1867, the Provost. O'Connell, writing to Sir Benjamin Hawes, M.P., Under-Secretary for the Colonies, asking for an extension of leave of absence from the Colonies to Mr. (Rev.) Hercules MacDonnell, subsequently a distinguished Colonial Governor, a son of Dr. MacDonnell, says:—"He is the son of a most particular friend and one of the most respectable gentlemen in the University. The father has for several years past been a Senior Fellow of Trinity College, Dublin, having never misregated the kindness of his friendship for me. Doing so myself, I know it has been faults in my eyes—first, that he is a Protestant parson, secondly, that he is a 'wicked anti-Repealer,' and, thirdly, that he is friendly with me on either ground, and I certainly do not wish to forfeit the love for the one or the other, knowing, and do, that he is a high-minded gentleman." The son of Provost MacDonnell, in a letter to Mr. J. W. Fitzpatrick, says:—"My father had a great admiration for O'Connell, and O'Connell never forgot that, while a Fellow of Trinity College and a 'Protestant parson,' he had signed the petition for Catholic Emancipation before he was 18, when to confess his opinions would have had the courage to do so."—Yours, etc.,

J. O. SWIFT MACNEILL.

Dublin, December 28th, 1921.

FREIGHT CHARGES FOR CATTLE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—I desire to draw attention to the charges which are at present made for the transit of cattle by the railway and steamship companies. The pre-war charge on a waggon of cattle from Ballyhanaon to Derry was 27s. 6d.; in 1921 it was £3 13s. 3d., lately reduced to £3 10s. 8d.; but it still is 175% increase. The steamship freight was, in 1914, 8s. 4d. *per* fat beast. Now it is £1 4s. 9d. *per* beast—just 200% increase over pre-war freights, irrespective of charges for loading, unloading, dues, etc., all of which have been increased.

In fact, it takes £3 now to rail, ship, and sell a fat beast in Glasgow. Are these excessive charges justifiable, in view of the fallen, and still falling, market? Can nothing be done to compel the railway and steamship companies to reduce their charges?—Yours, etc.,

J. SHIPPEY.

Co. Galway, December 27th, 1921.

THE DUBLIN AND SOUTH-EASTERN RAILWAY.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—As announced in your advertising columns, the Dublin and South-Eastern Railway are withdrawing from the 2nd January the ordinary season ticket facilities. From that date season ticket-holders are to be compelled to book for a period of one month only, such booking being at the highest rate at which season tickets are issued. For example, a second class ticket to Bray for twelve months costs £22 15s. and for one month £2 13s. 6d., the latter working out at £31 10s. per annum. When you take into consideration that in 1919 the former only cost £14 5s., and was then a considerable increase on the pre-war rate, it would appear as if the company desires to drive the principal season ticket holder elsewhere. At a time when running expenses, such as coal, wages, salaries, etc., have been reduced, such an increase is not by any means wholly indefensible. I understand that this change is only the prelude to still more drastic changes; but, if they are to follow on the same principle as the wisdom which suggested, in the guise of economy, the cutting out of important trains during the "rush" hours of the day and the starting in the middle of the winter of an hourly Sunday service to Bray at a time when there are few to use it, then it is no wonder that the company cannot make ends meet.

It is time that the residents of Bray, Greystones, and intermediate stations combined to make their voices heard when their interests are being so callously disregarded. The company may then be shown the folly of applying to its small line conditions which are suitable only to the Great Western Railway.—Yours, etc.,

A. E. ROBINSON.

Glenesmin, Bray, December 28th, 1921.

U.S. MARKETS.

STOCKS CLOSED EASY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS).

NEW YORK, Wednesday.

Stocks opened firm with broad trading, an advance of 1 to 3 points embracing all issues. The easier money rates attracted an outside demand, and the activity of pools compelled short covering. Then the market reacted 1 to 2 under realising and shorts selling on an upward turn in money rates. The market closed easy.

CLOSING PRICES.

Exp. Parity	Stocks.	Closing Bid Prices Tues.	Wed.	Business Done H.	L.
124½	U.S. New 4½ Loan	104½	104¾		
116½	Atch. Top., Santa Fe	93¾	93		
116½	Do. Preference	85½	85½		
88	Do. 4½ Con. bonds	90¾	90¾		
50	Baltimore & Ohio	37½	37½		
120½	Canadian Pacific	119	119⅝		
66½	Chesapeake Ohio Com.	64¾	64¾		
86½	Chic. Mil. & St. Paul	13½	13½		
74½	Chicago & N. West	67¾	67¾		
119½	Do. Pref.	109½	109½		
18½	Erie 1st Preferred	15⅝	15⅝		
26½	Do. 2d Preferred	19¾	19¾		
101½	Gt. Northern Pref.	73½	73		
114½	Illinois Central	94¾	94¾		
41½	Lehigh Valley	36¾	36¾		
115½	Louisville & Nashville	107	108		
21½	Miami Iron & Steel	17⅛	—		
50	Do. 2nd 4½ Cd. B.	49	50¼		
20½	Missouri Pacific New	17⅝	17⅝		
31½	Missouri, K. & T. Pf.	27	27		
24½	Do. 2nd Pref.	14½	14½		
110½	N.Y. Cal. & Hudson	73½	74½		
110½	Norfolk & West. Com.	93½	93½		
110½	Northern Pacific Com.	78½	78½		
51½	Pennsylvania Motors	42¾	42¾		
51½	Pennsylvania Shares	42¾	42¾		
51½	Reading Shares	42¾	42¾		
51½	Do. 1st Preferred	43¼	43¼		
51½	Do. 2d 4½ Bonds	41½	41½		
101½	Southern Railway	14⅜	15		
101

would only tend to provoke a split, which nobody wished. Mr. O'Donnell had said that members of the Dail should leave it to their constituents. If the Dail did not represent their constituents, then the Navan Urban Council did not represent the people of Navan. There were only five members at that meeting.

Mr. Clusker supported the resolution.

No member seconded the amendment.

The Chairman declared the resolution passed.

The Clerk was directed to send copies of the resolution to—E. Duggan, Justin McKenna, J. J. Kelly (Celtic), Peter Hughes, and Alderman Murphy, deputies for Louth and Meath.

GALWAY.

COUNTY COUNCIL TO MEET.

A special meeting of Galway County Council has been called for Friday next at 12 o'clock to consider the Peace Treaty, when it is understood that a resolution of ratification will be brought forward. It is understood that the majority of members for the County Galway will vote in favour of the Treaty. Three members only have been mentioned as being definitely against it, and these will have the opportunity of hearing the views of their constituents, who are overwhelmingly in favour of peace, during the short period before the resumption of the Dail.

A rumour has been circulated throughout the West to the effect that all those who voted for and against the Treaty will withdraw their opposition when the Dail resumes. This is regarded by some as an attempt to stem the torrent of opinion in favour of ratification.

TUAM'S DEMAND.

A WORD TO REPRESENTATIVES.

A full meeting of the Tuam Town Commissioners last night unanimously called on the Galway representatives in Dail Eireann to support the motion for ratification of the Treaty, and demanded that the view of the vast majority of the people of the county be not misrepresented by the county representatives.

The Commissioners also sent the following to Dr. Bryan Cusack, M.P. for the constituency:—"At a meeting to-night it was stated that you were going to vote against ratification of the Treaty, and the Commissioners wish to inform you that the people of Tuam, who were amongst your most ardent supporters in the 1918 election, are almost unanimously in favour of ratification. By opposing the Treaty you are acting in direct opposition to their wishes and to the wishes of the men who worked so hard for your return at that time. The Commissioners demand that you do not misrepresent the views of your constituents in Tuam."

Mountbellew Board of Guardians and District Council also unanimously approved the ratification, and called on the Galway representatives to support it.

Mr. Fahy, Chairman, said that they all recognised that the terms did not come to the standard of the Irish people's aspirations, but they were a big advance in that direction.

Mr. Costello—I think the people would think twice before they would fire another shot.

Mr. Fahy—There are a great many things in the Treaty that I do not like, but rather than see the country go back again to war I would support it. Even if the Treaty is ratified it will not bring permanent peace to Ireland. It is only an instalment.

Mr. Killalea—It was perfectly understood before the Conference that the question of a Republic would not be discussed. Mr. de Valera is not standing for a Republic. I understand that he means to be associated voluntarily in the nations comprising the British Empire. It is not Mr. de Valera but the country that is our mandate.

Mr. Quinn—We do not want any more bloodshed. Why did not Mr. de Valera go over himself? To say he has as much bound by the terms as the plenipotentiaries.

Mr. Fahy—We have no fault to find with the leaders on both sides, but Mr. Lloyd George did a most diabolical act to break the unity of Ireland. He will fail this time.

TRADERS' ASSOCIATION.

At a meeting of the Tuam Traders' Association it was proposed by Mr. O'Malley, seconded by Mr. James Moran, and passed unanimously: "That this meeting of the Traders' Association hereby declares its approval of the Treaty, and demands that the representatives of County Galway in An Dail should vote for its ratification, as this meeting considers that by doing so they will voice the will of the people of this country and will serve the best interests of the country. Whilst advocating unity in the Irish ranks, we demand that the view of the vast majority of the people of this county be not misrepresented by the county representatives; and it is further resolved that copies of this resolution be immediately forwarded to Messrs. J. B. Whelan, Dr. Bryan Cusack, P. O'Mallie, P. Hogan, L. Mellowes, T. Nicholes, and Frank Fahy."

CASTLEREA AND THE TREATY.

Public opinion in Castlerea is solid for the ratification of the Treaty, with a few exceptions. From conversations I have had with the country people of the surrounding districts, I have gathered that opposition to the settlement has virtually no support.

SOUTH CORK.

TO END THE FEUD OF CENTURIES

The South Cork Executive of Sinn Fein for which the constituency Mr. Michael Collins is member of Parliament, have unanimously passed the following resolution:—"The Executive of Sinn Fein are satisfied that the Treaty does not give us everything satisfactory to the aspirations of the Irish people, but under the present circumstances we see no other alternative, and we are of opinion that the Irish representatives will give it their earliest consideration, and, if possible, by such ratification, end a decision they arrive at, as we believe that any division in the Irish ranks at the present time will lead to disorder and chaos that might well prove disastrous to the future of the Irish nation.

"We further believe that the feud of centuries would be ended by ratifying the Treaty.

"We are of opinion that success has crowned the efforts of the brave Irishmen who forced the British Empire to call a truce to war, and agree to a Treaty which gives Ireland charge of her own affairs, and which also binds the army of occupation to leave the departure from the shores of the Irish Free State."

QUEENSTOWN TAKES ACTION.

At a largely attended meeting of the Queenstown branch of the Sinn Fein organisation, held in the Town Hall last night, at which the Sinn Fein representatives on the Urban District Council were present, it was decided to support ratification of the Treaty, as signed by the Irish plenipotentiaries.

A special meeting of the Urban Council has been summoned to consider the advisability of passing a resolution in support of ratification of the Treaty. The decision was practically unanimous.

KILKENNY'S VIEW.

NO SACRIFICE OF HONOUR.

By eighteen votes to one Kilkenny County Council yesterday adopted the following resolution at a private meeting, which lasted almost two and a half hours:—

"That this Council, voicing the opinion of the overwhelming majority of the people, sees no alternative to the ratification of the Treaty but chaos, and hence calls on Alderman W. T. Cosgrave, Commandant Eamonn Aylward, Mr. James Lennon, and Commandant-General Gearoid O'Sullivan to carry out the wishes of their constituents by voting for ratification. We consider that, having due regard to the circumstances which led to the signing of the Treaty, its ratification involves no sacrifice of honour. The people of Ireland, under a Free State Government, will be free to maintain and act on their national principles. The Treaty does not involve a *ne plus ultra*. At the same time, we appeal to President de Valera to do everything in his power to preserve unity and prevent the appalling consequences of a split. Copies of this resolution to be sent to President de Valera, Messrs. Arthur Griffith, Michael Collins, the Minister of Publicity, the Carlow County Council, and the Press."

The resolution was proposed by Mr. James Walsh, Templeorum, and seconded by Mr. John T. Drennan. Mr. James Donovan, Ballyroughan, dissented.

COUNTY TYRONE.

TREATY APPROVED.

A largely attended meeting of Nationalists and Sinn Feiners was held in St. Patrick's Hall, Dungannon, on Tuesday night to consider the Treaty. The Very Rev. P. O'Doherty, P.P., presided. A motion demanding ratification of the Treaty and calling upon An Dail to arrange that the members for the two constituencies should be allowed to voice the views of the people of both in the event of a division was passed.

A special meeting of Tyrone County Council

OLD FALSE TEETH WANTED.
Also Diamonds, Jewellery, Old Gold, Silver. Genuine prices given.
ORGEL & CO., 95 NASSAU ST., DUBLIN.
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DETECTIVES' HUNT.

FATE OF MISS WILKINS.

SEARCH FOR CLUES.

GREY CAR MYSTERY.

So Far Scotland Yard has failed to find the murderer of Miss Irene May Wilkins.

One of the smartest detectives in England has taken charge of the case, but it is obvious that he has not obtained what may be regarded as a trustworthy clue to the murderer's whereabouts.

Yesterday the Bournemouth police made a vigorous search for a six-cylinder Sunbeam motor car which, according to a taxi-driver, Miss Wilkins entered when she left the station.

They are also hunting for a mysterious grey car which visited the station on the evening of the murder and on previous evenings and for a third car—a two-seater—the driver of which is supposed to have spoken to Miss Wilkins.

It is thought that the murderer may have motored to London after he had committed the crime.

GARAGES SEARCHED.

MEN EXAMINED, BUT NO ARREST.

A message that was sent from Bournemouth last night says:—At present there appears to be no further development in the exhaustive search which is being made for the murderer of Miss I. Wilkins.

A methodical search for the wanted six-cylinder Sunbeam car, which bears an identification mark containing the letter "X"—a rather vague description, but the only one available—has been occupying the attention of the police to-day. Of course, the driver of the car also (as described by a local taxi-driver, who states that he saw a person answering Miss Wilkins's description entering the car on the fateful evening at Bournemouth Central Station) has been diligently searched for, and several men have been questioned, but with no definite result.

Private cars, garages, and visiting and departing cars are being scrutinised very thoroughly, and there are frequent callers at the local police stations with cars with a view to the identification number in order to eliminate their machines from the search.

The police have also still in mind a large grey car, which is stated to have had a Middlesex identification plate. It was seen calling at the railway station several times lately and going away without passengers.

Inquiries have also been made at the local newsagents' shops with the hope of gaining some information as to the purchase of the London paper which contained the advertisement that resulted in Miss Wilkins being lured to her death.

The Boscombe Post Office officials are unable to remember anything of the sender of the decoy telegram.

Stories from taxi-drivers at the Central Station continue to multiply, but too much credence must not be placed in them.

Yesterday the police made special search for any trace of the blunt instrument with which the crime is supposed to have been committed, and also for the attaché case which Miss Wilkins took with her from London. It contained some clothing, and probably the fatal telegram which brought her to Bournemouth.

Up to now no success has attended these efforts.

The body of Miss Wilkins arrived at Waterloo Station, London, at 8.20 last night. A motor hearse was in waiting, and to this the coffin, which was of light oak, was borne. The fact that the coffin was that of the victim of the Bournemouth tragedy was not generally known, and the hearse drove off without attracting much attention.

RACIAL EQUALITY IN LAW.

INDIAN GOVERNMENT INQUIRY.

DELHI, Tuesday.

In compliance with a non-official resolution of the Legislative Assembly the India Government has appointed a Committee of Inquiry, consisting of officials to report upon possible modifications of the criminal procedure code with a view to securing equality of status at criminal trials of Europeans and Indians, a principle which the Indian Government has already accepted.—(Reuter.)

has been called to consider a resolution in favour of the Treaty, and expressing the view that ratification of the Treaty does not satisfy the rightful claim of the nation to complete freedom, it gives the Irish Free State control of all vital national affairs and provides such opportunity for national development as will eventually secure a full measure of Ireland's rights, and bring about an enduring peace between Ireland and Great Britain."

TIPPERARY FARMERS.

At a meeting of the Killeen (Nenagh) Branch North Tipperary Farmers' Association on Tuesday night, Mr. Thomas Mullaly presiding, the following resolution was unanimously adopted on the motion of Mr. Edward Bourke, seconded by Mr. Lee:—

"That we, the members of the Killeen Branch, Farmers' Association, call on the Deputies representing North Tipperary to vote for the ratification of the Peace Treaty at the meeting of Dail Eireann on January 3rd."

ROSSE COLLEGE, STEPHEN'S GREEN.

The College will be closed during Christmas Week. All Classes will resume on Monday, January 2nd.—(Advt.)

PEACE TREATY.

FREE STATE'S RIGHTS AND STATUS.

OFFICIAL TEXT.

In response to a widespread request, we reprint below the text of the Treaty between Great Britain and Ireland which, signed by the British and Irish delegations in London on December 6, has already been ratified at Westminster, and now awaits ratification by Dail Eireann before it can become effective.

1. Ireland shall have the same constitutional status in the community of nations known as the British Empire as the Dominion of Canada, the Commonwealth of Australia, the Dominion of New Zealand, and the Union of South Africa. Her Parliament shall have powers to make laws for the peace, order, and good government of Ireland, and so far as compatible with the Parliament, and shall be styled and known as the Irish Free State.

2. Subject to the provisions hereinafter set out, the position of the Irish Free State in relation to the Imperial Parliament and Government, and otherwise, shall be that of the Dominion of Canada, and the law, practice, and constitutional usage governing the relationship of the Crown or the representative of the Crown and of the Imperial Parliament to the Dominion of Canada shall govern their relationship to the Irish Free State.

3. The representative of the Crown in Ireland shall be appointed in like manner as the Governor-General of Canada, and in accordance with the practice observed in the making of such appointments.

4. The oath to be taken by members of the Parliament of the Irish Free State shall be in the following form:—

"I . . . do solemnly swear true faith and allegiance to the Constitution of the Irish Free State as by law established, and that I will be faithful to His Majesty King George V., his heirs and successors by law, in virtue of the common citizenship of Ireland with Great Britain, and her adherence to and membership of the group of nations forming the British Commonwealth of Nations."

PUBLIC DEBT.

LIABILITY OF FREE STATE.

5. The Irish Free State shall assume liability for the service of the public debt of the United Kingdom as existing at the date hereof, and towards the payment of war pensions as existing at that date, in such proportion as may be fair and equitable, having regard to any just claims on the part of Ireland by way of set-off or counter-claim, to be considered and settled hereafter, in default of agreement, by the arbitration of one or more independent persons being citizens of the British Empire.

6. Until an arrangement has been made between the British and Irish Governments, whereby the Irish Free State undertakes her own coastal defence, the defence by sea of Great Britain and Ireland shall be undertaken by His Majesty's Imperial Forces, but this shall not prevent the construction or maintenance by the Government of the Irish Free State of such vessels as are necessary for the protection of the revenue or the fisheries.

The foregoing provisions of this article shall be reviewed at a conference of representatives of the British and Irish Governments, to be held at the expiration of five years from the date hereof, with a view to the undertaking by Ireland of a share in her own coastal defence.

7. The Government of the Irish Free State shall afford to His Majesty's Forces—

(a) In time of peace such harbour and other facilities as are indicated in the annex hereto, or such other facilities as may from time to time be agreed between the British Government and the Government of the Irish Free State; and

(b) In the event of war, or of strained relations with a foreign Power, such harbour and other facilities as the British Government may require for the purposes of such defence, as aforesaid.

8. With a view to securing the observance of the principle of international limitation of armaments, if the Government of the Irish Free State establishes and maintains a military defence force or a police force organised on military lines, the numbers thereof shall not exceed in size such proportion of the military establishments maintained in Great Britain as that which the population of Ireland bears to the population of Great Britain.

OPEN PORTS.

COMPENSATING OFFICIALS.

9. The ports of Great Britain and the Irish Free State shall be freely open to the ships of the other country on payment of the customary port and other dues.

10. The Government of the Irish Free State agrees to pay fair compensation on terms not less favourable than those accorded by the Act of 1920, to judges, officials, members of the police forces, and other public servants who are discharged by it, or who retire in consequence of the change of Government effected in pursuance hereof:

Provided that this agreement shall not apply to members of the Auxiliary Police Force or to persons recruited in Great Britain for the Royal Irish Constabulary during the two years next preceding the date hereof. The Irish Government will assume responsibility for such compensation or pensions as may be payable to any of these excepted persons.

11. Until the expiration of one month from the passing of the Act of Parliament for the ratification of this instrument, the powers of the Parliament and Government of the Irish Free State shall not be exercisable as respects Northern Ireland, and the provisions of the Government of Ireland Act, 1920, shall so far as they relate to Northern Ireland, remain in full force and effect, and no election shall be held for the purpose of returning members to serve in the Parliament of the Irish Free State for constituencies in Northern Ireland unless the contrary shall be determined as hereinafter provided in pursuance of the Government of Northern Ireland in favour of the holding of such elections before the end of the said month.

12. If before the expiration of the said month, an Address is presented to His Majesty by both Houses of the Parliament of Northern Ireland to that effect, the powers of the Parliament and the Government of the Irish Free State shall no longer extend to Northern Ireland, and the powers of the Parliament of Northern Ireland under the Government of Ireland Act, 1920 (including those relating to the Council of Ireland) shall continue to be exercisable in Northern Ireland, continue to be of full force and effect, and this instrument shall have effect, subject to the necessary modifications.

BOUNDARIES.

THE COMMISSION.

Provided that if such an Address is so presented, a Commission consisting of three persons, one to be appointed by the Government of the Irish Free State, one to be appointed by the Government of Northern Ireland, and one (who shall be chairman) to be appointed by the British Government, shall determine, in accordance with the wishes of the inhabitants, so far as may be compatible with economic and geographic conditions, the boundaries between Northern Ireland and the rest of Ireland, and for the purpose of the Government of Ireland Act, 1920, and of this instrument, the boundary of Northern Ireland shall be such as may be determined by such Commission.

13. For the purpose of the last foregoing article, the powers of the Parliament of Southern Ireland under the Government of Ireland Act, 1920, to elect members of the Council of Ireland shall, after the Parliament of the Irish Free State is constituted, be exercised by that Parliament.

14. After the expiration of the said month, if no such Address as is mentioned in Article 12 hereof is presented, the Parliament and Government of Northern Ireland shall continue to exercise, as respects Northern Ireland, the powers conferred on them by the Government of Ireland Act, 1920, but the Parliament and Government of the Irish Free State shall, in Northern Ireland, have in relation to matters in respect of which the Parliament of Northern Ireland has not power to make laws under that Act (including matters which, under the said Act, are within the jurisdiction of the Council of Ireland), the same powers as in the rest of Ireland, subject to such other provisions as may be agreed in manner hereinafter appointed.

15. At any time after the date hereof the Government of Northern Ireland and the Provisional Government of Southern Ireland may, if either constituted may meet for the purpose of discussing the provisions subject to which the last foregoing article is to operate in the event of no such Address as is therein mentioned being presented, and those provisions may include—

(a) Safeguards with regard to patronage in Northern Ireland.

(b) Safeguards with regard to the collection of revenue in Northern Ireland.

(c) Safeguards with regard to import and export duties affecting the trade or industry of Northern Ireland.

(d) Safeguards for minorities in Northern Ireland.

(e) The settlement of the financial relations between Northern Ireland and the Irish Free State.

(f) The establishment and powers of a local Militia in Northern Ireland, and the relation of the defence forces of the Irish Free State and of Northern Ireland respectively. And if at any such meeting provisions are agreed to, the same shall have effect as if they were included amongst the provisions subject to which the powers of the Parliament and Government of the Irish Free State are to be exercisable in Northern Ireland under Article 14 hereof.

16. Neither the Parliament of the Irish Free State nor the Parliament of Northern Ireland shall make any law so as, either directly or indirectly, to endow any religion, or prohibit or restrict the free exercise thereof, or give any preference or impose any disability on account of religious belief or religious status, or affect prejudicially the right of any child to attend a school receiving public money without attending the religious instruction at the school, or make any discrimination as respects State aid between schools under the management of different religious denominations, or divert from any religious denomination or any educational institution any of its property, except for public utility purposes, and on payment of compensation.

17. By way of provisional arrangement for the administration of Southern Ireland during the interval which must elapse between the date hereof and the constitution of a Parliament and Government of the Irish Free State in accordance therewith, steps shall be taken forthwith for summoning a meeting of members of Parliament elected for constituencies in Southern Ireland since the passing of the Government of Ireland Act, 1920, and for constituting a Provisional Government, and the Provisional Government shall take the steps necessary to transfer to such Provisional Government the powers and machinery requisite for the discharge of its duties; provided that every member of such Provisional Government shall have signified in writing his or her acceptance of this instrument, and that immediately upon such meeting summoning as aforesaid the powers of the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland and of the Council of Ireland shall, save in so far as they are exercised for the purpose of such summoning, cease to be exercised, but without prejudice to the validity of anything done thereunder.

18. This instrument shall be submitted forthwith by His Majesty's Government for the approval of Parliament, and by the Irish signatories to a meeting, summoned for the purpose, of the members elected to sit in the House of Commons of Southern Ireland, and, if approved, shall be ratified by the necessary legislation.

ANNEX.

PORTS AND DEFENCES.

1. The following are the specific facilities required:—Dockyard port at the Berehaven—(a) Admiralty property and rights to be retained as at the date hereof. Harbour defences to remain in charge of British care and maintenance parties.

Queenstown—(b) Harbour defences to remain in charge of British care and maintenance parties. Certain mooring buoys to be retained for use of His Majesty's ships.

Belfast Lough—(c) Harbour defences to remain in charge of British care and maintenance parties.

Lough Swilly—(d) Harbour defences to remain in charge of British care and maintenance parties.

Aviation—(e) Facilities in the neighbourhood of the above ports for coastal defence by air.

Oil Fuel Storage—(f) Sufficient to be undertaken, to be offered for sale to commercial companies under guarantee that purchasers shall maintain a certain minimum stock for Admiralty purposes.

2. A Convention shall be made between the British Government and the Government of the Irish Free State to give effect to the conditions—

(a) That submarine cables shall not be landed or wireless stations for communications with places outside Ireland be established except by agreement with the British Government, that the existing cable landing rights and wireless concessions shall not be withdrawn except by agreement with the British Government, and that the British Government shall be entitled to land additional submarine cables or establish additional wireless stations for communication with places outside Ireland.

(b) That lighthouses, buoys, beacons, and any navigational marks or navigational aids shall be maintained by the Government of the Irish Free State on the days hereof, and shall not be removed or added to, except by agreement with the British Government.

(c) That submarine cables shall be closed down, and left in charge of care and maintenance parties, the Government of the Irish Free State being offered the option of taking over and working them for commercial purposes, subject to Admiralty inspection, and guaranteeing the upkeep of existing telegraphic communication therewith.

3. A Convention shall be made between the same Governments for the regulation of civil communications by air.

Thousands of ladies keep a box of Martin's Pills in the house. Those who use them recommend them, hence their enormous sale. Price 9d., post free. Sold by all Chemists and Stores. Price and Co., Chemists, Londonderry, sell them, or from Proprietors, Martin, Chemists, Southampton.—(Advt.)

COAST PATROL DUTIES.

WHY FRANCE NEEDS SUBMARINES.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday.

The French delegation received instructions from its Government this evening concerning the submarine question. The nature of the instructions has not been announced, but it was stated in responsible circles, after M. Sarrant and Admiral le Bon had conferred with Mr. Hughes, that France would not accept the American suggestion to maintain the *status quo* in regard to submersibles.

The French Naval experts are stated to hold the view that each country is entitled to say for itself how many defensive craft are needed, taking into consideration the extent of the coast line of both the Homeland and the Colonial possessions.

Thus the effort of the Conference to limit the number and uses of submarines has ended in failure, and the American delegations have said that the discussion is now definitely closed.

The Naval Limitations Committee met to-day. M. Sarrant is understood to have presented an apparently final declaration that France could not accept less than 350,000 tons auxiliary craft, in addition to 90,000 tons submarines.

The British and Japanese delegations are reported to have stated that, in view of the French position, they would both feel compelled to reserve their action on the tonnage ratio for auxiliary craft.

The American proposal, that auxiliary vessels shall not carry guns greater than 8-inch, was under discussion when the Committee adjourned.

The French delegation has declared its adherence to the capital ship ratio, in spite of a disagreement over submarines, but with the reservation that France desired to begin rebuilding replacements in 1927, although it explains that this does not mean that there is any intention of placing them in the water before the replacement period, provided under the capital ship agreement.

OBITUARY.

COLONEL C. H. KNOX.

The death took place at Inveruisk, Killiney, County Dublin, after a long illness, of Colonel Charles Howe Knox, D.L., of Creagh, Ballinrobe, County Mayo, in his 82nd year. He was educated at Harrow and Christ Church, Oxford. He joined the 8th (Royal Irish) Hussars, and was A.D.C. on Lord Spencer's staff when he was Lord Lieutenant of Ireland. In 1885 he was appointed Honorary Colonel of the 3rd Battalion Connaught Rangers. He married, in 1880, Henrietta Elizabeth, second daughter of the late Right Hon. Sir William Gibson-Craig, Bart. Colonel Knox was a D.L. and J.P. for the County of Mayo, and he acted as High Sheriff in 1875.

MR. H. G. COOK.

We regret to announce the death, in his 61st year, of Mr. H. G. Cook, which occurred on Tuesday at his residence, 17 Longford terrace, Monkstown. Mr. Cook was Secretary of the Irish Lights Board for a considerable period, and on resigning the position last year was elected a Commissioner of that body. In his younger days he was closely identified with the athletic life of Ireland, and his enthusiasm in such a cause if Rugby football and rowing was unbounded. Indeed, he was in a large measure responsible for the growth and development in this country of these great pastimes, and by his will his death be regretted more than by the old members of the Wanderers Football Club, with whom he worked and played for so long. He joined that club in 1866, having previously played for Kingstown, a club which was such a power in those days, and was elected President twenty years later. After he succeeded the late Mr. R. M. Peter as Hon. Secretary of the Irish Rugby Union, a position which he filled with distinction for several years, during which the best interests of the game were advanced. As a player he earned the reputation of being a really great wing man, and in 1885 he got his International cap against Wales.

Rowing in Ireland owes much to Mr. Cook. He did yeoman service both as a member of the old Pembroke Club, which had its headquarters at Ringsend, and in bringing about the establishment of the Irish Rowing Union. A fine oarsman himself, he figured in many Pembroke winning crews, and later he did inestimable service in advising on many of the sport. He was the first Secretary of the Union, and after holding that post for ten years became Hon. Treasurer, and assumed that capacity until 1918. Mr. Cook was an old member of the Phœnix Cricket Club, of which he was Hon. Secretary for a time. A man of the highest grace and charm, his death will be sincerely deplored by a large circle of friends.

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LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

THE SENSE OF THE NATION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—One of the gravest charges made against the Government of Ireland at the time of the Union was that it refused to "collect the sense of the nation" and ascertain the views of the constituencies upon the question of the Union. The Government held a kind of General Election among the close boroughs (with electorates ranging from one to thirteen), which they had arranged to buy, but refused to dissolve the Parliament of Ireland and take the vote of the large bodies of electors in the Counties and Free Towns upon the question of Union.

The suggestion to dissolve Parliament for this purpose was regarded by Ministers as outrageous, although Grattan, Forster (and their followers in Opposition declared their willingness to abide the decision of the country). Ministers replied that the proposal was "seditious," "Jacobinical," "revolutionary," and "traitorous," while one scandalised close borough member, who did excellently out of the business, denounced the suggestion as "damnable." Mr. William Smith, member for the close borough of Donegal who, as a reward for his Union services, was placed upon their Bench as a Baron of the Exchequer, assured the House that in the proposal to appeal to the constituencies upon the question of Union he discerned "a plain subversion of the powers of the aristocracy." "In the exorbitant liberty of the people," Mr. Smith, who represented thirteen electors, all controlled by the Earl of Arran, "beheld the slavery of the peerage."

To-day, when it is sought to undo that fatal work of the Union, many of those who still believe in representative democracy are at once as the pioneers of the Union ever were to deny the rightful control that constituencies should have, and to act contrary to their wishes, interests and desires. The electorates will have read with amazement the declarations of certain of their representatives whose action is rightly called by the Bishop of Killaloe a "callous disregard openly avowed by some deputies for the national will and the wishes of their constituents on this question" of the Treaty.

The position is especially significant in the face of the circumstances attending the last return of members to *Dáil Eireann*. Strictly speaking, there was no "election." The appeal to the country was made during a veritable reign of terror. There was only one set of candidates, and in the absence of any contest these candidates were returned unopposed. The decision was arrived at upon the somewhat precarious and I believe that not a single ballot-paper was filled in the twenty-six counties of Southern Ireland." There was no alternative plan before the country, and those who signed the nomination papers were at the time in danger of being seized and thrown into prison without trial or accusation.

Furthermore, there were no means available in the case of double returns for vacating one of the two seats for which a representative had been returned, or for moving a writ for a new election. That the second constituency should be deprived of its voice, although its representative is actually sitting in the House, is certainly another grave infringement of its rights.

In the founding of a new State and a new constitution there is great opportunity for violating the rights of constituents, but for safeguarding them. The original plan of representation provided that an actual constituency, a city, borough, or county was elected and went to Parliament upon his own business and that of his constituents. He was paid "wages" by his constituents, ten shillings per day to the Knight of the Shire, representing the County, and 7s. 2d. per day to the "citizen or burgess," representing the city or borough. This payment was not a reward for services rendered, but rather an indemnification against loss when the representative was detained in London about the business of his county, city, or borough. This payment afforded the prospective control which constituents ought to possess, and it is a well authenticated fact that Grattan's parliamentary corruption followed speedily after this control was eliminated. It was then that the "carpet-bagger" hurried in from the ends of the Kingdom to provide a self-supporting representative, who frequently found recompense for his self-sacrifice in the Civil List and Secret Service Fund, if not in the pages of the peerage.

Now that the country is offered chaos as an alternative, constituencies should make it plain that they are masters and their commands should be obeyed. The "friends of liberty" were fond of saying that the voice of the people is as the voice of God." It is neither good sense nor good manners to try to silence the democratic body; for, as the Bishop of Clogher has truly says, the people are the fountain-head and source of national authority." There can be no peace at all save which claims or deserves to be free.—Yours, etc.,

CRAWFORD HANDRELL.

37 Belgrave square, Monkstown, Co. Dublin.
December 28th, 1921.

TRINITY COLLEGE AND THE IRISH FREE STATE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—It may, perhaps, be of interest in the momentary lull in the development of the present crisis to call attention to the fact that a recent resolution of the Board of Trinity College, enunciating, so far as the influence of its members extends, the attitude which it will be adopted in relation to the establishment of an Irish Free State is not a "colte tort, but one in accordance with the very highest traditions of Trinity College, both before and after the Union. A few facts little known, which are worthy of being held in remembrance, will, I think, demonstrate this position.

Sir William Molyneux, the author of "The Case of Ireland Stated" (the ablest arguments ever produced in favour of Irish independence), was one of the members for Trinity College, and the most distinguished member of the University during his death-bed in the Privy Council, when that work was published in 1698. He was one of the members for Trinity College, and his death-bed in the Privy Council, when that work was published in 1698, one of the members for Trinity College, and his death sat in the Irish House of Commons. Unforgotten that Mr. George Knox, who was member for Trinity College at the time of the Union (and who vehemently opposed that measure), in 1793, when Roman Catholics were admitted into the Parliamentary franchise in Ireland, but not in the Parliamentary franchise in England, but not in the Houses of Parliament, proposed a motion to introduce into the Government Franchise Bill a clause admitting Roman Catholics to Parliament. The whole weight of the Government, however, was thrown against him, and he was defeated by 163 to 69. It is remarkable fact that Mr. Arthur Wesley—the name by which the future Duke of Wellington, then member for Trim, is always known in Irish History—spoke and voted against the motion of the Government as the chief opponent of Mr. Knox's motion. Mr. Lecky thinks it would be curious to know exactly what Wellington's views on this incident in 1829, when, through fear of civil war, he was constrained to make Roman Catholic Emancipation law, candidly avowed. "Wellington," writes Mr. Lecky, "was compelled himself to set the fatal example of yielding on the fear of rebellion a measure which he had pledged himself to oppose. If the Catholic question had been settled in 1793 (as Mr. Knox desired) the whole subsequent history of Ireland would probably have been changed."

In 1793 Trinity College, Dublin—in advance by two generations of Oxford and Cambridge—admitted Roman Catholics to education within her walls and to a degree.

In the beginning of 1799 the electors of Trinity College, who then consisted only of the Fellows and Scholars, addressed (1867) members—of course adopted by the Board of Trinity College in their recent resolution—calling on them to oppose the Union. In 1799 Mr. George Knox and Mr. Arthur Browne, the members for Trinity College, heeded not the appeal and voted against the Union. In the following year Mr. Arthur Browne changed his side and supported the Union, but he acknowledged in the House of Commons that he was acting in opposition to the wishes of the majority of his constituents. Mr. Arthur Browne was rewarded for the betrayal of his trust by the great office of Prime Serjeant (now long abolished), whose holder took precedence of the Law Officers of the Crown.

Swift, Burke, Flood, and Grattan were educated in Trinity College. Temple Emmet, Wolfe Tone, Robert Emmet, Isaac Butt—all at one time filled a Chair in Trinity College; would unquestionably, had they so desired, have been Fellowships of the College of which Thomas Osborne Davis and Redmond were graduates. Plunket, when the most powerful advocate in Parliament of Roman Catholic Emancipation, was member for Trinity College.

O'Connell, in a letter written on the 10th October, 1844, a few months before his death, speaks with the greatest affection of Dr. MacDonnell, then a Senior Fellow of the College, and subsequently, from 1852 till his death in 1867, its Provost. O'Connell, writing to Sir Benjamin Hawes, M.P., Under-Secretary for the Colonies, asking for an extension of leave of absence granted from the Gambia to Mr. (Sir) Hercules MacDonnell, subsequently a distinguished Colonial Governor, a son of Dr. MacDonnell, says:—"He is the son of a most particular friend and one of the most respectable gentlemen in the University. The father has for several years past been a Senior Fellow of Trinity College, Dublin, having never manifested the kindness of his friendship for me, though he says he knows he has two faults in my eyes—first, that he is a Protestant parson; secondly, that he is a wicked anti-Repealer. You will not find fault with him on either head, and I certainly do not. Whatever may be the less for the one or the other, knowing, as do, that he is a high-minded gentleman." A son of Provost MacDonnell was in a later day Mr. J. W. Fitzpatrick, says:—"My father had a great admiration for O'Connell, and O'Connell reciprocated his friendship." Let us not forget that, while a Fellow of Trinity College and a "Protestant parson," he had signed the petition for Catholic Emancipation so far back as 1813, when few in his position would have had the courage to do so."—Yours, etc.,

J. G. SWIFT MACNEILL.

Dublin, December 28th, 1921.

FREIGHT CHARGES FOR CATTLE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—I desire to draw attention to the charges which are at present made for the transit of cattle by the railway and steamship companies. The pre-war charge on a waggon of cattle from Ballyhannon to Derry was 27s. 6d.; in 1921 it was £3 13s. 3d., lately reduced to £3 10s. 9d.; but it still is 175% increase. The steamship freight was, in 1914, 8s. 4d. per fat beast. Now it is £1 4s. 9d. per beast—just 200% increase over pre-war freight, irrespective of charges for loading, unloading, dues, etc., all of which have been increased.

In fact, it takes £3 now to rail, ship, and sell a fat beast in Glasgow. Are these excessive charges justifiable, in view of the fallen, and still falling, prices of cattle? Is nothing to be done to compel the railway and steamship companies to reduce their charges?—Yours, etc.,

Co. Galway, December 27th, 1921.

THE DUBLIN AND SOUTH-EASTERN RAILWAY.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—As announced in your advertising columns, the Dublin and South-Eastern Railway are withdrawing from the 2nd January the ordinary season ticket facilities. From that date season ticket-holders are to be compelled to book for a period of one month only, such booking being at the highest rate at which season tickets are issued. For example, a second class ticket to Bray for twelve months costs £22 15s. and for one month £2 12s. 6d., the latter working out at £31 10s. per annum. When you take into consideration that in 1919 the former only cost £14 6s., and was then a considerable increase on the pre-war rate, it would appear as if the company desires to derive the principal source of its revenue elsewhere. At a time when running expenses, such as coal, wages, salaries, etc., have been reduced, such an increase as 125% is indefensible.

I understand that this change is only the prelude to still more drastic changes; but, if they are to follow on the same principle as the wisdom which suggested, in the guise of economy, the cutting out of important trains during the "peak" hours of the day and the starting in the middle of the winter of an hourly Sunday service to Bray at a time when there are few to use it, then it is no wonder that the company are losing money.

It is time that the residents of Bray, Greystones, and intermediate stations combined to make their voices heard where their interests are being so callously disregarded. The company may then be shown the folly of applying to-day small line conditions which are suitable only to the London Tubes.—Yours, etc.,

A. E. ROBINSON.

Glenesien, Bray, December 28th, 1921.

U.S. MARKETS.

STOCKS CLOSED EASY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

NEW YORK, Wednesday.

Stocks opened firm with broad trading, an advance of 1 to 3 points embracing all issues. The easier money rates attracted an outside demand, and the activity of pools compelled short covering when the market reacted 1 to 2 under realising and shorts selling on an upward turn in money rates. The market closed easy.

CLOSING PRICES.

Dom. Parity	Stocks	Closing Bid Prices Tues.	Wed.	Business Done M.	L.
120½	U.S. New 4% Loan	104¾	104¾	—	—
100⅝	Atch. Top. Santa Fe	97½	97	—	—
104⅛	Do. Preference	85¾	85¾	—	—
99⅛	Do

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Registered Trade Mark.

Another New Dance List

"QUEEN'S" DANCE ORCHESTRA.

10-inch Double-sided Record, 4/-

B.1298 { Beautiful Faces—Fox Trot — Berlin
Why ? One Step — Parkes

B. 1299 { Come Along—One Step — Derrick
The Bull-Frog Patrol—One Step — J. Kern

PAUL WHITEMAN AND HIS AMBASSADOR ORCHESTRA

10-inch Double-sided Record, 4/-

Second Hand Rose—Fox Trot — J. F. Hanley
Are you forgotten ?—Medley Fox Trot (introducing "Ti-O-San")
Burnett, Cooper, Stevenson, Traveller & Case

Come Along—One Step — Lange, Liggy & Klapholz
A Boat—Fox Trot — Wetheart—Fox Trot — Arnold Johnson

JOHNSON ORCHESTRA OF CHICAGO

10-inch Double-sided Record, 4/-

Sunny Tennessee—Fox Trot — B. Kalmar, Harry & Herman Ruby
I One Step — Con Conrad

Rock me to sleep in my old 'Tucky Home—Fox Trot — Lewis, Young & Meyer
Wabash Blues—Fox Trot — D. Ringle & Meinken

REUBIE BLAKE AND HIS SHUFFLE ALONG ORCHESTRA.

10-inch Double-sided Record, 4/-

Dimore Buzz—Fox Trot (introducing "Honeysuckle Time") — Sissle & Blake
Indiana Days—One Step (introducing "I'm just wild about Harry") — Sissle & Blake

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THE GLOOM

outlook is dull, you can always t and cheerful home by using —they dispel the gloom of high are economical.

ervice, shorter gas l a soft brilliant preserves the eyes.

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INSIST ON HAVING LSBACH BRITISH MADE MANTLES HT & INVERTED

FINANCIAL NEWS

IRISH STOCK EXCHANGES.

DUBLIN.

BUSINESS RESUMED. HOLIDAY MARKET. RAILS AND GUINNESS BETTER.

Business was resumed yesterday morning on the Dublin Stock Exchange after the Christmas holidays, which extended over from Thursday evening last; but there was certainly no any accumulation of orders in the hands of the stockbrokers, and dealings were concluded well within the business hour. The Funds show a few irregular changes, but, while Consols fell ¼, War Loan 5 p.c. was steady. Banks marked time, but with Bank Stock weaker. There was a good demand for Guinness Shares at improved levels. Home Rails on balance improved. Dublin Trams offered to a limited extent. Dunlops were featureless. Arnotts declined further, and Bolands Pref. were wanted. Textiles were steady. Burke Pref. were less firm.

The Funds were dealt in to some extent. Consols fell ¼ to 49¾, and Guaranteed Land 2¾ p.c. ¼ to 66. War Loan 5 p.c. repeated 91¾, and 4 p.c. fell to 96½. Local Loans realised 58, and India 3½ p.c. 58.

Banks were quiet. Bank Stock fell ¼ to 195, while Hibernians at 6 and Nationals at 18 were unaltered.

Among Breweries, Guinness Ord. closed ¼ better at 41¼, after touching 41¾ for a small lot. The Pref. improved ⅛ to 103¾. John Power and Son Pref. were firm at 17s. 9d.

Steam, Telegraph, Tyre, and Miscellaneous securities were idle.

There was some bidding for Home Rails. Dublin and South-Eastern rose ¼ to 18, but the "B" Debs., which had recently rallied substantially, fell ¼ to 52. Great Southern improved ¼ to 50, and the Guaranteed 1¾ to 64, but the Debs. fell ¼ to 67¾. Midland Great Western rose 1 to 29, and Great Northern Debs. to 67½.

In Trams, Dublin United Ord. fell ¼ to 7¾ after an odd lot.

Dunlops were very quiet. Parent Tyres were neglected. Dunlop Rubber Ord. repeated 3d.

In Bakery Shares, Bolands Pref. rose ⅛ to be bid; and in Drapery Shares Arnott Ord. lost a further ¼ to 4¼.

Among Manufacturing Shares, Coats opened 53s. and fell to 49s. 10½d. Cottons were wanted. Calico Pref. improved 9d. to 13s.

In Trading, etc., Burke Pref. fell 1s. 7d. to 20s. 3d. Mexican Eagles realised 7½. 3d., and Bells improved to 95s. at the late market.

Imperial Tobacco repeated 49s. 3d.

BUSINESS DONE AT ALL SESSIONS.

Consols	(50) 49¼	U.S.W. Ord.	(49¼) 50
War Loan	(91¼) 91¾	Do. Guar.	(62¼) 64
do. 5%	(96½) 96¾	Do. Deb.	(58) *67½
War Bonds, 1928	96½	M.G.W. Ord.	(48) 49
do., 1929	100½	G.N. Deb.	(67) *67½
Land Stock	(60) 60	Dublin Trams.	(7¾) *7¾
Canal Loans	(55½) 54½	Bolands Pref.	(5½) 5½
Banks	(58) 58	Arnott Ord.	(4¾) 4¼
Bank Ireland	(196½) 195	Calico Pref.	(12/3) 13/-
Hibernian	(6) 6	Coats	(50/-) *50/-49/10½
National	(18) 18¼	Do. B Pref.	(£1/5) *£1/-
Guinness	(41¼) 41¾	Burke Pref.	(61/7) 60/-
Do. Pref.	(30¾) 30¾	Dunlops	(3/-) 3/-
Power Pref.	(17/9) 17/9	Imp. Tob.	(49/3) 49/5
S.E. Ord.	(17½) 18	Nex. Eagles	(7/3.1½) 7/6/5
Do. Deb.	(55) 55	Shells	(95/1½) 95/-

*Odd lot.

(Last business done given in parentheses.)

BELFAST.

Belfast Exchange met yesterday morning; but no transactions were recorded. There was no afternoon sitting.

FINANCIAL PARAGRAPHS.

The monthly bulletin of the National City Bank of New York says that the State of Oklahoma has the questionable distinction of having inaugurated the system of establishing a guaranty of bank deposits by means of a fund provided by a tax on deposits. The theory is that of insurance, but it has certain fundamental weaknesses, which are more serious in their effects upon banking than in their relation to many other kinds of business to which insurance is applied. Insurance is sound as a protection against unavoidable hazards, but experience in it tends to increase the hazards. Cheap insurance or guaranty of bank deposits tends to encourage the banks by eliminating the values of character as a banker's asset. It tends to make ill banks look alike to the public, and puts the careful, conservative banker, who is willing to make large promises and take large chances, at a disadvantage.

It is to be regretted that at this early stage the Rubber Growers' Association and the Rubber Shareholders' Association have failed to agree upon a propaganda question. This, however, has not deterred the younger body from proceeding with its scheme. Briefly, the scheme is to find new outlets for rubber, exploit and "boost" same. Cooperation is suggested with manufacturers. This is splendid in theory, but, unless efforts are made to produce articles at popular prices, the industry, as a whole, will not benefit much by whatever new uses can be found for rubber. Take rubber footwearing as a case in point. As a substitute for leather it is better and cheaper, but in advance of the latter in this country. This is simply owing to British high cost, yet the making of a good serviceable article is probably a less complicated job than the manufacture of linoleum. Now, it would experiment in this direction with a view to the manufacture of linoleum. Now, it would experiment in this direction with a view to the production of producing a cheaper article, success attended its efforts. We suggest this particular article because a ready market exists for a cheap and durable floor-covering. Moreover, its manufacture in great quantity should present no unsurmountable difficulties.

The receipt of better traffics has led to a revival of interest in the Argentine Railway securities, and this recovery in prices is already substantial. The returns recently published disclose not only that gross earnings are expanding, but that working economies are being curtailed. In the case of the Great Southern, the ratio of expenses to receipts for the week was only 69 per cent., as compared with 80 per cent. in the corresponding week of a year ago, whilst B.A. Western is working at a ratio of about 60 per cent., as against 57.7 per cent. last year. The tendency is greater or less degree is essentially the same all round, and, whilst this is satisfactory, it should be borne in mind that the companies have yet to benefit from the reduced rate of coal, as disclosed in recent contracts, as well as from other economies. With the busy grain season now commencing, future traffic returns are awaited with unusual interest.

One gratifying feature in the latest revenue return is the evidence afforded of the continued confidence evinced by investors of the new 5½ per cent. Treasury Bonds. Despite the higher price at which these Bonds were recently placed "on tap," last week's sales amounted to over £10,000,000, as compared with £8,500,000 in the preceding week. The total since the Bonds were originally issued in July now amounts to about £158,000,000. These larger sales, together with an excess of revenue over expenditure, has enabled the Government to reduce floating debt by nearly £46,000,000. Bank of England advances having been entirely cleared off. It is also gratifying to note that, as compared with twelve months ago, the financial position is much more satisfactory. There was then an overdraft at the Bank of England of £53,000,000. Whilst the total of the floating debt was £130,000,000 greater than it is at present.

The following information is issued regarding the Rosario Copper Company's interests in France and Russia:—France—Regnitz have been received from Jarrie-les-Bains, near Grenoble, Villemagne, indicating at a depth of 300 feet a width of 5ft. of ore, assaying 20 per cent. lead, 10 ozs. silver per ton. Russia—The company's agent in Moscow has been officially requested to inform the company of the desire of the Soviet Government to resume negotiations for return of the company's properties.

The Mount Lyell Mining and Railway Co., Ltd., have received the following cable, dated the 23rd inst., from their agent in Melbourne:—"Australian Workers' Union (Mining Section)—The award of the Arbitration court reduces basic rate of six-pence per day, but provides for weekly wage safeguard against abuse. Hours not yet settled, but we expect eight-hour system."

The transfer books of the Grand Canal Company's Irredeemable Debenture Stock will be closed from 8th to 14th January, both days inclusive.

The Broken Hill Proprietary Co., Ltd., have received the following cable from the head office in Melbourne—The directors of the Broken Hill Proprietary Co., Ltd., now officially advise that the works at Newcastle (N.S.W.) be closed over the holidays. Three large blast furnaces have been working some time, but two have been blown out. The only will remain in blast for the present. This will entail a corresponding reduction of production. Operations throughout the whole works. Steel plant coke ovens and numerous subsidiary mills will be closed. Immediately by the closing of the blast furnaces. When operations are resumed towards the end of January it is anticipated that the departments will commence production of their recent output, keeping them in line with the work done by the blast furnace department. The average number of men employed by the Iron and Steel works is approximately 8,500, and the reduction indicated above will reduce the number by 1,500 to 1,800 men. This unfortunate position becomes more pronounced owing to the extreme competition the company has met from cheap labour producers in Europe, who on account of their low exchanges are being curtailed. In the case of the Great Southern, the ratio of expenses to receipts for the week was only 69 per cent., as compared with 80 per cent. in the corresponding week of a year ago, whilst B.A. Western is working at a ratio of about 60 per cent., as against 57.7 per cent. last year. The tendency in greater or less degree is essentially the same all round, and, whilst this is satisfactory, it should be borne in mind that the companies have yet to benefit from the reduced rate of coal, as disclosed in recent contracts, as well as from other economies. With the busy grain season now commencing, future traffic returns are awaited with unusual interest.

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The death is announced from Madrid of the well-known painter of ceramics Senor Daniel Zuloaga.

BANK OF IRELAND MALE CLERKSHIPS.

Examination Announced for 21st Feby.

At the last exam., July, 1921, 16 Students of Erasmus's College, 76 Stephen's Green, Dublin, were successful. Their Results—Previous exam., Feby., 1921, 10 of the 14 Students sent forward were successful. Their Results—Special Oral and Correspondence Classes working.—(Advt.)

RUSSIA AND STOCKS.

ARGENTINE RAILS RISING.

(FROM THE FINANCIAL NEWS OF TO-DAY.)

Two features stood out predominantly yesterday when the House reassembled after the holiday recess—the further strength of Argentine Rails and inquiries for all classes of Russian Securities. In the former case the sustained revival is due to the better traffic returns now being published, disclosing not only an expansion in gross earnings, but also a curtailment of working costs. Interest in Russian Securities is not merely confined to Government Bonds, but extends to Municipal Loans, as well as to Railway, Mining, and Oil shares. The direct influence behind the movement is the possibility of the rehabilitation of Russia financially and economically to a position of equality among the great European Powers. The expected forthcoming visit of the chiefs of the Soviet Foreign Department to London preliminary to the summoning of representatives of Soviet Russia to a European conference at which problems of a financial and economic character will be dealt with is leading the market to take a hopeful view of favourable results accruing from the course of deliberations.

LONDON STOCK MARKETS FIRM.

PRICES NOT REALLY TESTED.

(FROM OUR FINANCIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

On the Stock markets after the holidays business was found to be very scarce, and the vast majority of prices were not really tested. The undertone, however, was very firm particularly in the Gilt-edged section, while the strength of Russian and Argentine Rails were features. The market for British Funds at the opening was rather easier, but a firm tendency developed on the strength of the 5 per cent. War Loan, which rose ⅞ to 91¾. Consols rose ¼ to 50⅛. The Funding Loan was very strong, and at 75¾ was ¾ higher. Victory Bonds, too, were good, and at 81¾ were ¼ better. The Conversion Loan was unchanged on the day. Treasury Bonds were dull. India 5½ per cent. rose ¼ to 58¾.

Among FOREIGN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, French Loans were firm, the Fives being up ⅛ at 41¾. German Threes were unchanged. Mexican Sixes at 49 rose a point. The rumours from the United States that the changes in Russia might bring about a resumption of trade relations between the United States and Russia led to a marking up of Russian Bonds, and the 5 per cent. at the close were a point higher at 13½. Uruguay 5½ per cents. rose ¼ to 95.

HOME RAILS were lifeless, and the only change of importance recorded was a rise of ¼ in Metropolitan Districts.

Among COLONIALS and FOREIGN RAILS, "Canpac" were unchanged. Grand Trunk Ord., fell ¼ to 1¾. Argentines were strongly supported and substantial advances recorded. The B.A.G.S.* rose ¼ to 56, Pacifics 1 to 36, Westerns 2½ to 55, and Centrals 2½ to 53. Argentine Great-Western Ord. rose ¼ to 34. Armavir Touapse at 8¾ were 1 higher. Entre Rios Ord. rose ½ to 15, and the Pref. 1 to 41. Leopoldina rose ½ to 24½. Milwaukie rose 1¼ to 22½, and Southern Pacific fell 1 to 93.

QUIET OIL SHARES.

RISES IN RUSSIANS.

(FROM THE FINANCIAL NEWS OF TO-DAY.)

Quiet conditions prevailed in the Oil Share market yesterday, where holiday influences were still in evidence, while the attendance was small. Consequently, the volume of business was small, with interest restricted to a few specialities. Taken as a whole, however, a steady tendency was maintained by the leaders, which, where allowed, showed small gains. Continental centres were doing nothing in their favourites, but while Paris was reported to be dull, Mexican Eagles preserved a steady tone. Royal Dutch, in the absence of support from Amsterdam, finished higher on the day. An outstanding feature was a revival of interest in Russian descriptions, arising out of the possibilities in connection with the proposed conference between the Prime Minister and representatives of the Russian Soviet Government. Active bidding took place for Spies, North Caucasians, and Ural Caspians, and the market being none too well supplied with the shares a sharp upward movement occurred, although little actual business was transacted. Leading descriptions moved within narrow limits. Mexican Eagles opened firm at 2 2⅛, and kept around this price practically all day, finishing in the street at 3⅛, which left them unchanged on balance, the Pref. also leaving off without alteration at 3½. Shells were alternately bid for and offered at 4½, closing either side of the figure. Trinidads were in day's business being a gain of ⅞, while Royal Dutch, after touching 36⅜, finished ¼ up at 36¼. Burmahs, which are not quoted as good as 6½, were finally unchanged at 6¾. Anglo-Persian 2nd Prefs., bear repurchases of which caused the shares to move up smartly towards the end of last week, reacted yesterday, the final price of 24s. showing a decline of 7½d., and the 1st Prefs. weakened in sympathy to 23s. 1½d. Closing prices:—

BUSINESS DONE

Anglo-Amer.	4/5-4/5	Maikuba Pet.	1/-/1/-
Anglo-Persian	20/3-21/-	Mexican Eagles	2 2⅛
Anglo-Egyp. B.	1/6-1/6	Do. Pref.	3⅛-3⅜
Anglo-Mexican	4/6-5/-	Nap. Petroleum	1/-
Asiatic	22/10½-22/11	Nth. Caucasian	½-¾
do. 2 2nd Pf.	23/9-24/3	Oilfields Egypt	2/6-4/6
Anglo-United	1/6-2/6	Oilfields Trin.	4½-5
Apex Trin.	1½-2½	Oilfields Zug.	¼-½
Atlan. Gt. Pet.	3/6-4/6	Oil Trust	1½-1¾
Brit. Bor. Pet.	4/9-5/-	Phoenix	2/3-2/6
Brit. Burmah	½-¾	Prem. Oil	2¼½-2¼½
Brit. Col. Pet.	3/6-4/6	Prem. Trin.	4/7½-4/9
Brit. Cons. F.	2/9-3/-	Rum. Con.	7/6-8/6
Brit. Mex. Petr.	4/9-7/6	Rumal Dutch	36 36¼
Burmah	6½-6¾	Scot. Amer.	1/10½-2/4½
do. 6% Pf.	22/6-23/6	Shell Trans.	4½-4¾
Caltex	2/-2/-	Do. Pref.	4/3-4/6
Chiclets	¾-1	Spies	5/6-6/6
Copan Oil	2/6-3/6	Stan. Oil	2/6-3/6
Cyprus Trust	3/6-3/9	Star Develop.	1/1-1/7
Dutch Romano	⅞-1	Tampico Pet.	1/9-1/6
Eagle Texas	7/-7/-	Trin. Trust	47/6-48/-
English Oilfields	4-4⅛	Transvaal	⅛-¼
Ensuoh Oil	¼-⅜	Trin. Cent.	2/6-3/-
Gen. Pet. Trin.	2/5-3/-	Trin. Dom.	3/6-4/6
Hamilton's Oil	2/3-2/6	Trin. Leases	¾-1
Havana Oil	1/4½-1/7½	Un. Brit. Trin.	1¼-1½
Indo Burma	6/6-7/6	Ural Caspi	¾-⅞
Inversuchil	18/10-19/10	Ural Oilfields	¾-⅞
Lobito	4/9-4/-	Var Oil	2/9-3/3
Malk. Tarnau	20/6-21/6		

* Ex div. † x all.

RUBBER SHARE MARKET IDLE.

(FROM OUR FINANCIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

The Rubber Share market was dull, but the tone was not bad. Changes, however, were few. Bah Lias rose 1s. 3d. to 20s., and Asahan 6d. to 9s., while Rubber Estates of Johore fell 1s. 3d. to 18s., and Sennah 6d. to 11s. 9d. The price of the raw material remained at 11½d. per lb. Closing prices:—

Anglo-Dutch	22-10½-/4½	Mooply Valley	13/9
Anglo-Java	2/7-/0½	Nordanal	12/10½
Anglo-Malay	12/9	Rubber Trust	11/3
Asahan	9/6+9/8	P.P.K. (Cyr'us)	18/9
Bah Lias	20/9+1/3	Pahang Para	2/3½
Batu Caves	19/3	Pataling	2/6
Batu Pahat	2/7/9	Pegoh	32/6
Bertam Coast	4/6½-/0½	Pinor	2/6
B.N.B.R. Trst	2½	Port Dickson	1/8
Bikam	2/4½	Rub. Es. Johore	18/9-1/3
Brich	1/3½	Rub. Res.	15/9
Bukit Ceh	3/9	Sabas	1/6½
Bukit Mert.	2/7½	Sapong	15/7½
Bukit Rajah	1/8	Semambu	11/7½
Bukit Sembi.	1/7+1/7	Seafield	14/0
Castleold	4/0½	Selesuk	11/0
Chersonese	2/7½	Selvah	18/4½
Chevlot	2/4	Selangor	5/4½
Consolid.	4/8½-/0½	Sempah	13/9
Con. Malay	2/7½-/0½	Sendayan	21/0
Damazara	1/3½	Senaleh	11/9-/0½
Dunlop Java	2/6	Serambau	11/6-/0½
Glenbervie	1/3	Sungei Casal	13/7½
Golden Hope	20/0	Sungei Duri	20/0
Grand Central	19/6	Sing. United	6/10½
Highlands	2/9	Sourabaya Asso.	9/1½
Ind. Rubber	2/0	Straits Rubber	17/5
Jas. Amal.	16/0	Strathmore	10/10½
Jelebu Trust	6/6	Sumatra Plant.	2/0
Kamuning	2/4	Sumatra Para	20/-0
Kapar Para	2/3	Sungei Besi	19/0
Kedah	1/3	Sungei Bonya	20/0
Kepitigalla	7/0-9/1½	Sungei Choh	16/9
Kerayan	1/1½	Sungei Kapar	3/0
Kinsale	3/6	Sungei Krit'n'g	21/0
Klang	2/4½	Sungei Rajah	1/3½
Klein Kellat	2/1½	Sungei Way	22/6
Kodak	2/1½	Tajung	1/0
Kuala Lumpr.	20/10½	Tanah Merah	2/6
Kuala Selis	1/3	Tamlang	18/9
Lanadron	16/3	Tanjong	1/3
Langkat Bunt.	1/7½	Tebrau	24/0
Langkat	1/3	Telagowadjo	20/0
Ledbury	23/7½	Tennick	0/10½
Lendu	1/1½	Toarangie	13/0
Linggi	24/4½	Tremelbye	1/3
Lumut	2/3	Un. Lankat	18/3
Lon.-Asiatic	3/3-/0½	Un. Serdang	2/10-/0½
Malacca	21/3	Un. Sua'h'land	9/6
Malaya	1/7½	Un. Sumatra	2/6
do. Deb.	87	Un. Tanjong	1/6
Malaysian	2/6-/0½	Un. Tennick	1/6
Manch'ter NB	1/2/9	Val D'Or	2/0
Mandalay	8/9	Way-Batu	2/9-/0½
Merbau	1/9	Way-Hallim	1/1
Mariman	2/3	Yan Seng	2/3½+/0½

* Ex div.

PROVINCIAL EXCHANGES.

BIRMINGHAM.—Motors extremely quiet and scarcely altered. Rovirs and Standards maintained. Bonds Reece firm. Dunlops lacked support. Parent Deferred show small loss. Austins, 5/6½; Rovirs, 10/7½; Standards, 7/-; S.T.D., 9/-; Enfields, 27/-; Humbers, 16/3; Napiers, 9/6; Rolls Royce, 19/-; Sheffield, 17/5½; Swifts, 6/3; Triumphs, 23/6½; Vauxhalls, 5/9; Dunlops, 6/3; Parent Deferred, 30/4½; Harper Bean, 1/6; Standards, 30/-.

MANCHESTER.—Textiles again a very firm market. Beschers, 27/- to 27/3½; do. Pref. 17/3 to 17/9; Calicos, 15/9 to 16/-; do. Pref. 12/9 to 13/-; Bradford Dyers, 35/3 to 35/9; do. Pref., 16/3 to 16/9; Keiths Cottons, 25/- to 25/6; do. Pref., 16/6 to 17/-; Pine Spinners, 34/- to 34/6; do. Pref., 16/6 to 16/9; Stubbers, 2/9 to 3/3; Costs, 40/- to 50/-; Velvets, 25/- to 27/6.

It is stated in Strabane that butter will fall in price very soon by 6d. per lb., and that in a short period it will be selling at pre-war prices.

SMALL INDUSTRIALS.

DUNLOPS WEAKER.

FROM THE FINANCIAL NEWS OF TO-DAY.

With the holiday spirit still very much in evidence, combined with the fact that the Provincial Exchanges were closed soon after midday, business in the Miscellaneous and Industrial Markets yesterday was on a very small scale. Dunlops were hardly so good. Marconis kept steady.

Support was forthcoming for B.A.T. on dividend anticipations, and the price rose 1s. to 62s. United Tobaccos went ahead again, being still under the influence of the dividend declaration, the quotation rising ⅞ to 5⅛. Imperials remained at 49s. The declaration of a final dividend of 1 p.c. for the year ended September 30 last by the Imperial Tobacco Co. of Canada, and also an interim dividend of 1½ p.c. for the current year on the Ord., came rather too late to have any effect on the shares, which closed without alteration at 13s. Marconis and the Pref. were maintained at 1½ in the Wireless group, and Marines continued at 20s. 9d. x.d. Cables remained steady at previous levels, while Nitrates scarcely moved. Pekin Syndicates appreciated in the Land group, rising 1s. to 9s., while the Shanghai Shares put on ¼ to ⅛. Forestals held their ground at 20s. 3d., but Hudson's Bays lost ⅛ to 5¼ x.d. Barclays A and B hardened to 6¾ and 6⅝ 3d. respectively among Banks, and in the Insurance group, Guardians improved to 6¼.

COURTAULDS BETTER.

In the Textile section, Courtaulds exhibited firmness, and although showing no change on balance at 37⅛, dealings took place at 37⅜. 3d. Spinners hardened to 1⅛, while Cosits continued at 42s. x.d. and bonus, and Sewing Cottons at 11½. Dyestuffs Ord. and Pref. lost ⅛ at ⅞ and ⅞ respectively. Amalgamated Cottons kept steady at 11s. 3d. Among miscellaneous descriptions, W. Wallis rose ¼ to 6⅜, Maples recovered to 13⅜, though John Barkers re-acted to 34s. 6d. In the Foodstuff list, Maypoles gained the turn at 6s. 9d., and Tate and Lyle Pref. improved 2⅛ x.d. Van den Berghs, however, closed without change at 1-⅛. Caterers were quietly steady at previous levels, while among Breweries, Allsopp Ord. and Pref. remained at 45 and 52½ respectively. Bleckarts Ord. rose 2½ to 62½, but Ind. Coope lost ⅛ at 1⅛ x.d., and bonus. In the Canadian Account department, Brazil Tractions lost ¼ at 31.

RECENT DEBENTURES.

Few important changes took place among recent Deb. issues. County of London improved to 10 prem., Midland Counties to ½ prem., and Newcastle Electrics to ¼ prem. Telephone Manufacturing Income Bonds remained at 4 discount. Among Miscellaneous trading concerns, over 17 and 6 p.c. Prefs. further hardened to 16s. 3d. Oil Cakes receded to 22s. 3d., though Cements improved to 13s. 6d. Dunlops lost the turn at 6s. 9d., Magnolia and Salt Unions appreciated to 11s. and 14s. respectively, though Wall Paper Def. at 5s. 3d., and Weisbach at 13s. 6d., were not so good. Bells United Asbestos lost ⅛ at 1. Among Motors, S. Smith and Sons developed weakness on the unsatisfactory report, the Ord. falling to 2s. 6d., and the Pref. to 5s. Amalgamated Press put on another ⅛ to 6 among newspapers and printing concerns, but Associated Newspapers fell 6d. to 17s. 3d. Aeronautical issues showed little change. Vickers and Armstrong remained at 9s. and 15s. respectively, though the 3rd Pref. of the latter hardened to 11s. 9d. Cammell Laird's at 12s., Dorman Longs 14s. 6d. x.d., Ebbw Vales 12s. 6d., Guest Keens 29s. 6d., and S. Durhams at 7½, all closed without quotable alteration. Sheffield Steel Products hardened to 7s. 6d. Shippings also shared in the quietude, hardly any movement occurring. The bargain recorded in P. and O. Def. was at 30⅜. South Metropolitan Ord. put on ½ to 75 among Gas Stocks, but Imperial-Continental still ruled at 139½.

DULL MINES.

(FROM THE FINANCIAL NEWS OF TO-DAY.)

It was quite evident on the resumption of business yesterday that the House had not entirely shaken off holiday influences. With only three working days this week and another vacation on Monday next, a good many members took advantage of the opportunity to extend the recess. The attendance of members was thin, and those who did put in an appearance found little to occupy their attention. This applies particularly to the Mining market, where, except for a few specialities, dealings were on an extremely limited scale. With regard to Kaffirs, the dividend announcements were regarded as disappointing, and the industrial outlook remains somewhat obscure, while a drop of 5d. to 5s. 10¾. 10d. per oz. in the price of gold did not tend to improve matters. Advices from the Cape were not of that nature to arouse enthusiasm, and Paris, being busy with preparations for the end of the month settlement, took little interest in these descriptions. The extent and nature of the transactions put through may be fairly well gauged from the price movements, which numbered less than a dozen, and were all in the downward direction. Closing prices:—

Brakpan	7/5-/7	Meyer & Charlton	3¼-⅜
Cent. Mining (£3)	5/6-/3	Modder D'n (Def.)	2-2⅛
City Deep	4-4⅛	Modder D'p (Ord.)	5/6-/9
Cons. Goldfields	1-1⅛	Modder Est.	2/6-2/9
Cons. Langlaagte	1⅛-1⅜	Modder Pref.	4/6-4/9
Cons. M. Estat	2/9-3/0	Nourse Mines	7/3-7/6
Cons. Sales (10)	11/6-12/6	Rand Mines	11/4-11/7
Crown M's (10)	7/-7/3	Randfontein	13/6-13/9
E. Rand Mining	0-⅛	do. Central	2-2⅛
E. Prop. (£1)	1/1½-1/2	Robs'n D'p (Ord.)	4/6-4/9
Geduld	2/9-3/0	Rose Deep	10/6-12/6
General Mining	2/6-2/9	do. Gold	2/6-3/-
Gover't M's	4/7-5/-	Spring Mines	1/6-1/9
Johannes'g En.	1/0-1/6	Tr'sv'l Co. L.	13/6-14/6
Kleinfontein	4/3-4/6	Van Dyk Mines	2/3-2/6
Knight Cent.	4/3-5	Van Ryn Deep	3/9-4/-
Knight Rand	2/6-2/9	Village Deep	10/6-11/6
Langlaagte Es.	11/6-12/-/6	Wilg'bs'r'd D'p	2/6-3/-

RHODESIAN.

B.S. Ad.	11/6-11/9+1/6	R. Rhod. Hold'gs	17/3-/9
Cam & Motor	3/3-4/3+1/6	Rhodesia Ord.	1/3-1/6
Falcon	4/0-4/6	Tanganyika	2-2⅛
Gaika Gold	1/3-1/6	Tati Concess.	3/3-3/6
Globe & P'n'x	7/-7/3+1/3	do. Pref.	17/6-18/6
G. P'chaltos	1/6-1/9	Wanki Coal	1/6-1/9
Gwaby Ref	1/3-1/6	Wanki Colliery	8/6-10/0
Rezende	1/3-1/6		

DIAMOND.

DeBeers (£2½)	4½-5 +¼

TIN

East Pool (5/-)	2/3-3/3	Pahang (5/-)	3/3-3/6+⅛
Geevea	1-1⅛	Roop (4/-)	1/3-1/6
Kamat	1/3-1/6	Siamese	1½-1⅝
Kramat Pulai	1⅝-1¾	Sth. Crofty (£2)	3/9-3/9
Naraguta	1/6-1/9	Southern	1-1⅛+⅛
Nigerian (£1)	1/9-2/6		

WEST AFRICAN.

Ashanti (5/-)	1/3-1/6+⅛
Ashanti (£1)	7/3-8/6+2/6
Taquah Explor.	2/6-3/6

AUSTRALIAN.

Anal. Zinc	1-1⅛	Golden Horseshoe	4/3-5
Brit. Broken Hill	1/3-1/6	Kalgoorlie Ord.	1/3-1/6
Broken Hill Prop.	1⅝-1¾	Nth Broken Hill	1⅞-2
Broken Hill Sulph.	1/3-1/6	Sulphide Corp.	1/3-1/6
B. Hill Block 14	1/3-1/6	Zinc Ord. (10/-)	10/6-11/6

COPPER.

Mt. Elliott (£2)	3-3⅛	Mount Lyell	14/3-15/3
Mount. Morgan	7/-7/3	Tas. Electro. (£)	2½-3⅛+⅛

RUSSIAN.

Bns.-Asia Con.	10/9-11/6+2/6	Russky	3⅛-7/6+⅛

MISCELLANEOUS.

Burma Cor (Rat'n)	5/3-/9	Min Cor. of Can.	4/6-5/0
Camp Bird Ord.	2/9-3/3	Mysore (10/-)	11/9-12/6
Chemical Ind.	4/6-5/0	Nat'l. Min. (10/-)	1/3-1/6
Esperanza	16/3-17/6+1/6	Oroville	1⅛-1⅜
Mexico Mex.	2/-2/3	Rhodes Gold	1/3-1/6
Minerals Separ.	5⅛-5⅜	Walhi Gold	7d-1

BUSINESS DONE.

Anglo-American Corp., 75/7½, 16/-. Brakpan, 48/14, 7/7½. Central Mining—5½, 5/-. City Deep—49/6, 1/3, 4/0½, 40/7½, 2/3, 5/-, 40/11½, 40/7½. Consol. Mines, 5/6, 5/6. Consol. Main Reefs, 3/3/9. Crown Mines—34/9, 5/-. East Rand Prop.—4/10½, 4/9. Geduld, 2/9-3/0. Government Areas—61/10½, 3d., 20/-, 2/-, 20/7½. Jagersfontein, 1/3. Johannesburg Consolidated Investment, 11/9. Kleinfontein—8/6. Knight Central—26/3, 5/-, 5/-, 5/-, 5/-, 5/-, 5/-, 5/-, 5/-, 5/-, 5/-, 5/-, 5/-, 5/-, 5/-, 5/-, 5/-, 5/-, 5/-, 5/-, 5/-, 5/-, 5/-, 5/-, 5/-, 5/-

SALES & LETTINGS BY JAMES J. ROONEY & Co., AUCTIONEERS AND VALUERS.

COUNTY KILDARE.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT SALE

OF SUPERIOR HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, CATTLE, HORSES, MOTOR CAR, AND OUTDOOR EFFECTS.

JAMES J. ROONEY & CO.

HAVE RECEIVED INSTRUCTIONS FROM MR. JOHN METCALFE TO SELL BY AUCTION,

AT WHITELEAS, BALLYMORE-EUSTACE,

ON TUESDAY NEXT, JAN. 3, 1922, COMMENCING AT 11 O'CLOCK SHARP:

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, comprising: Superior Mahogany Pedestal Sideboard, with mirror back; Mahogany Telescope Dining Table, with three spare leaves; ten Mahogany Chairs, covered in leather; Curtain Chair; Mahogany Overmantel Mirror, Eight-day Clock; Copper Kerb, with Coal Vase and Firetrons to match; Axminster Carpet, 14ft. x 10ft.; Hearthrug, Fire Screen, several Lamps; Epergne, Silver and Plated Ware, Cutlery, &c.; Bentwood Hall Stand, Carved Oak Hall Chair, Flower Stands, Glass, Axminster Hall Rug and several Door Mats; Seven-piece Drawingroom Suite, in tapestry, with loose chintz covers; Octagonal Mahogany Table, Gilt Overmantel Mirror; very fine Axminster Drawingroom Carpet, 15ft. square; Hearthrug, Fire Screen; Brass Fender, with Firetrons and Coal Vase to match; dozen Brass Window Poles and Curtain Rods; a large number of Pictures; Oak Roll-top Desk, Stairs Carpet and 40 Brass Stair Rods; Double Iron Bedstead, with Wire-woven and Hair Mattresses; Bedroom Carpets, Linoleum; several Fire Screens, Iron Deal Tables, Kitchen Chairs, Flour Bin, Meat Safe, two Tea Sets, Delph, Culinary Utensils, Step Ladder, "Llewellyn" Hand Churn, Milk Pans, and Dairy Utensils.

OUTDOOR EFFECTS.—Two superior In-calf Milk Cows; nine Bullocks and Heifers, 1¼ and 2 years; four Weanling Calves, three Sheep, useful Farm Mare; six-year-old Pony, 14 hands, very quiet, and a good goer; Ford (1919) Motor Car, with all accessories; Inside Pony Trap, by Holton; Set Pony's Tan Harness; two Carts, with Creels; two Sets Cart Harness, Pair Plough Backs, Wheelbarrow; Ladder, several Barrels; ten Tons First-crop and Old Meadow Hay, Pit of Potatoes, Heap of Manure, quantity of Sheep Pens and Wire Netting, Cross-cut Saws, two Axes, Sledge, Forks and Bridles. Model Dairy, with Separator, &c.; a quantity of Greenhouse Plants, two Hives of Bees. New Standard Bee Hive and Bee Requisites, and many Miscellaneous Lots.

N.B.—SALE WILL COMMENCE WITH OUTDOOR EFFECTS AND LIVE STOCK.

Terms—Cash and usual Auctioneers' Commission.

FOR ANOTHER ACCOUNT—

1 WOODS BINDER, practically new.
2 MOWING MACHINES.
2 YEARLING HORSES.
1 STEEL TURNING RAKE.
12 HEAD CATTLE
3 COWS and 3 CALVES.
1 COTTAGE PIANO.
1 ROW TRAP.

ON FRIDAY, JANUARY 6th, at 12.30, AT RUSSBOROUGH, BALLYMORE-EUSTACE—200 IRISH ACRES OF PRIME GRAZING LANDS, FOR E. B. TURTON, ESQ.

JAMES J. ROONEY & CO.,

AUCTIONEERS AND VALUERS.

OFFICES: RATHENEY, LUSK, CO. DUBLIN; DUNLAVIN, CO. WICKLOW; BALLYMORE-EUSTACE, CO. KILDARE; AND KELLS, CO. MEATH.

NORTH STRAND SAW MILLS, DUBLIN

(NEAR AMIENS STREET STATION).

BREAK-UP AUCTION OF SAW MILLING MACHINERY AND PLANT.

The Proprietors, Messrs. J. PULLAR PHIBBS, LTD., HAVING DISPOSED OF THE LEASE OF THEIR SAW MILL PREMISES, have instructed us to SELL BY AUCTION, WITHOUT RESERVE,

ON THURSDAY, JAN. 5TH, 1922, COMMENCING AT 12 O'C. PROMPT,

THE VALUABLE PLANT and MACHINERY, comprising: 140-H.P. Compound Combined Steam Engine and Boiler, by Robert Vertical Steam Engine, by Tangye; Dynamos, Motors, and Pumps; Horizontal Log-band Mill, to take logs 5ft. Gin. diameter; 4-Ton Steam Derrick Crane, 70ft. Gin. Jib; 6-Ton Weighbridge; Wood-Fibre Cutting Machine and Tyres, by Ransome, Sims & Jefferies; Pendulum Cross-cut Saw, Spare Saws, Shafting, Pulleys, Belting, Tools, Spare Parts, Piping, &c., &c., including 6-Ton Sentinel Steam Waggon and Trailer; "Peugeot" Covered Van, Ford Van and Napier Motor Hearse. MOTOR VEHICLES WILL BE SOLD AT 1 O'CLOCK. ON VIEW TWO DAYS PRIOR TO SALE.

CATALOGUES ON APPLICATION.

WM. MONTGOMERY & SON,

AUCTIONEERS AND VALUERS,

GAINSBORO' HOUSE, 24 SUFFOLK STREET, DUBLIN.

THIS DAY (THURSDAY), IN THE CENTRAL AUCTION ROOMS, 9 BACHELOR'S WALK,

SELLING BY AUCTION, a CHOICE COLLECTION OF FURNITURE,

COTTAGE PIANO, PARLOUR AND DINING-ROOM, BEDROOM AND KITCHEN FURNITURE, ETC.

Sale at one o'clock. Free—Five percents.

P. A. WREN,

Auctioneer, House Agent, etc.,
9 BACHELOR'S WALK.

'Phone—157.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE IN SOUTHERN IRELAND.

CHANCERY DIVISION.—LAND JUDGES.

COUNTY MEATH.

In the Matter of the Estate of the Rev. PATRICK JAMES J. GILSENAN and the Rev. PATRICK J. GILSENAN, Owners;

Ex parte:

THE HIBERNIAN BANK, LIMITED, Petitioners.

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION, on THURSDAY, the 19th day of JANUARY, 1922, at the hour of 12 o'clock noon, before the Honorable Mr. Justice Wylie, at his Court, Four Courts, Dublin, the Premises described in the Printed Rental for sale as Lot 4, viz.:—

Part of the

LANDS OF DOGSTOWN

(Parish of Kilskeer), containing 162 acres, Statute measure, in the Barony of Kells Upper, and County Meath, held under Judicial Tenancy at the yearly rent of £135. Estimated profit rent £200. Fee rates and taxes.

Dated this 20th day of December, 1921.

W. DICK, Examiner.

DESCRIPTIVE PARTICULARS.

The Lands for Sale are of prime quality for fattening purposes, and are laid out in conveniently sized fields, well shelter-fenced, and watered.

The Lands are in grass.

There is a Residence on the Lands, containing 2 reception rooms, 5 bedrooms, servant's room, kitchen, dairy, etc. The out-offices are well built, and consist of cowhouses, coal house, loose box, barn with lofts, stabling for 7 horses, cattle shed, 30 tyings; large galvanised hay shed, etc.

For Rentals, Maps, and further particulars, apply to

D. and T. FITZGERALD, Solicitors having Carriage of the Sale, 20 St. Andrew street, Dublin.

DOMESTICS CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1.

WANTED, reliable General, indoor; small family; Youngbrook.—C 161, this office.

WANTED, experienced Cook and General; good cook, small washing; wages £24, indoor; family three.—Y 9, this office.

WANTED, respectable young General for Clontarf; good cook; family two; reliable kitchenmaid kept.—C 160, this office.

WANTED immediately, capable General, early riser, good cook; family two. Apply 10 to 11 a.m., Lansdowne, Lansdowne road.

WANTED, General for small family; must be good washing.—20 York road, Rathmines, after 6 p.m.

WANTED, General, plain cooking, small washing; small family.—Garnerville, Brighton avenue, Rathfarnham.

WANTED immediately, neat respectable active General; good wages.—14 Eaton square, Monkstown.

WANTED, General, Donnybrook; cook, wash; 2 in family; three days; good character essential.—C 157, this office.

YOUNG Girl Wanted by Mrs. Baker, 22 Palmerston road; good wages and cuttings to suitable girl; state if can bring references.

HOUSE AND PARLOURMAIDS WANTED.

ANY number Parlour, H'maids, H'maids, Lady's Maids Ireland, England.—Kennedy's, 68 Sackville st.

EXPERIENCED Parlourmaid wanted; small family; 15; R.C., well recommended.—Z 951, Mail, this office.

EXPERIENCED young General wishes to go as Parlourmaid or Housemaid; can be highly recommended; city or suburbs preferred; disengaged 2nd January 4th.—South Hill, Killiney.

NURSES DISENGAGED.

A QUALIFIED, trained Babies' and Children's Nurse; excellent references, disengaged 17th January.—Z 908, Mail, this office.

EXPERIENCED, trustworthy Nurse, R.C., disengaged 1st first week in January; city or suburbs.—C 139, this office.

MISS Stafford O'Brien, thoroughly recommended, has Nurse for temporary places; terms moderate.—Apply C. Richards, Leland, Beaufort, Co. Kerry.

PROTESTANT young Children's Nurse, disengaged, desires situation; excellent reference.—G 161, this office.

SPECIFIC ARTICLES.

AT KELLY'S, 48 FLEET STREET, Protestant; where poultry keepers can thoroughly understand her duties and be well recommended. Any, this office.

WANTED, temporarily, young Protestant Girl, who understands her duties. Apply, evenings, 51 Pembroke road.

WANTED, Hosso Parlourmaid, for small modern house. Apply Mrs. Barrington Goodbody, Cork Hill, Clara, King's Co.

NURSES WANTED.

AGENT for Nurses, MAIDS, and ATTENDANTS. Miss Buttington, Desk, 9 Grafton st., Dublin. Recommends all classes experienced Nurses. T.

YOUNG, experienced Nurse Wanted, Domestic Parlourmaid kept; district; three children, 7, 6, 14 years; copies children's dress this office. A.

EXPERIENCED Protestant Nurse, or Nursery Governess, for one, Wanted, middle country; country; car child, new 6; state age, qualifications, expect; reference.—Z 950, Nurse," this office.

NURSE Wanted at once, experienced; entire charge girl 2½ years; no washing. Copy references, wages expected.—"Z 958, Nurse," this office.

REQUIRED, experienced Nursemaid, look after twin boys 2 years old; good references; business hours; usually any evening, after 5, 67 Morne road, Dublin. E

WANTED, Children's Nurse; experience in baby's taste; quiet country place.—Z 947, Nurse," this office.

WANTED, early January, experienced Children's Maid, for one child aged four and half years; keen on country; country town; send copies references, state wages and particulars.—Z 905, Maid," this office.

WANTED, for Dalkey, young Girl to Mind Baby, light Housework; two in family.—G 107, this office.

WANTED, thoroughly experienced Nurse to take entire charge infant six weeks old. Kindly communicate with the Hon. Mrs. Cuninghill, Mosstown.

KITCHEN, LAUNDRY, ETC., WANTED.

LAUNDRESS Wanted, experienced shirt and fancy ironer.—Royal Hibernian Hotel.

DOMESTICS DISENGAGED.

DAILY Help requires work, in or around Dublin; thoroughly experienced all branches housework; or would live as Working Housekeeper; can be sub-tenant or housekeeper.—G 177, this office.

EXPERIENCED Cook Working 14 years' dairy, roast; Cook General, long ref.; Irish Mullpeter's, 12 South Anne st.

GIRL requires Daily Work, Rathmines vicinity; lady recommended.—G 176, this office.

POULTRYMAID wants place; experienced in breeding of white barb and preparing for show; good at pet production; highly recommended.—Z 924, Maid," this office.

RESPECTABLE young Woman wishes situation as Housekeeper or Housemaid; two children; good character; highly recommended.—C 77, this office.

WORKS as Housekeeper or Cook General, disengaged 2nd January.—D 155, this office.

YOUNG Woman wishes morning work or three days weekly; well recommended.—Miss Kelly, near 8 Lower Leeson st., City.

YOUNG Girl seeks situation as Sewingmaid; good dressmaker; 20 light housework; highly recommended.—Apply 1 Grattan Bridge, Dublin.

SERVANTS' REGISTRY,

31 WESTMORELAND STREET, DUBLIN.

HOURS { 10 a.m. to 4 p.m. for Servants. 11 a.m. to 4 p.m. for Ladies. Saturdays 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.

COOKS AND DAIRYMAIDS DISENGAGED.

COOK General; take dairy; small family; good papers, highly recommended.—C 159, this office.

COOK General; small dairy; small family; country; highly recommended.—C 165, this office.

COOK, housekeeper disengaged; Mr. Armory; excellent cook; can be highly recommended.—Dublin vacancies.—O 159, this office.

SALES BY PATRICK SMITH & SON, Auctioneers, Valuers, and Live Stock Salesmen, NAVAN.

TO-MORROW, 30th DEC.—At Tara Hall, Navan, at 12 o'clock, for Major Moore-Brabazon—200 Acres of the above far-famed Fattening Land, heavily stocked with grass, having been in Owner's hands; to be Let in suitable divisions, and portion for 1st and 2nd Crop Meadow and Con Acres.

SATURDAY, 31st DECEMBER.—At Bailey, Robinstown, for G. A. Tisdall, Esq., at 12 o'clock—64 Acres of superior Fattening Land, heavily stocked with grass, in suitable divisions.

TUESDAY, 10th JANUARY, 1922.—For Representatives of the late Major Trotter—Farm of Land at Ardstown, Summerhill, Co. Meath, with Cottage Residence and Galvanised Out-offices, containing 58a. 1r. 21p., Statute; annuity to I.L.C., £40 5s. Od.; P.I.V., £61 10s. Od.; to be Sold at READSTOWN, SUMMERHILL, at 12 o'clock. Also Letting of the Lands of Readstown, Summerhill, and Sale of 81 Head of Cattle and Sheep and 11 Horses, Farming Implements, and Machinery.

Messrs. BROWN and McCANN, Solicitors.

MONDAY, 16th JANUARY.—Sale of Thoroughbred Stock at the Club Yard, Navan, which include Brood Mares from Sir Wm. Nelson, the Balrath Stud, and others. Entries Close 2nd January next.

ON A DAY TO BE NAMED—Sale of two Dwelling-houses in Academy street, Navan.

THOS. NOONAN, Esq., Solicitor, Navan.

ON A DAY TO BE NAMED.—Three Dwellinghouses, at Brew's Hill, Navan, for Sale.

J. STEEN, Esq., Solicitor, Navan.

TO LET BY PRIVATE TREATY.—Several divisions of Grass Land. Particulars on application to

PATRICK SMITH & SON,

Auctioneers, Valuers, and Live Stock Salesmen, NAVAN.

OLD CONNAUGHT, BRAY.

WE have received instructions to Let by Auction in the Lands on FRIDAY, 30th DECEMBER, 1921, at 12 Noon.

70 ACRES

PRIME GRAZING LANDS of above Estate in divisions, up to 31st OCTOBER, 1922. Cards with acres on application.

GAVIN LOW, LTD.,

50 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN.

DOMESTICS CONTINUED.

COOK, good, disengaged; satisfactory references; suburbs, country; highly recommended.—C 154, this office.

GOOD Cook, open engagement, to take permanent or temporary place; well recommended. Apply R. M. Talbot st., City.

HOTEL Cook disengaged; highly recommended; long ref.; Protestant Cook; good all round, excellent cabes; pastry; reliable kitchenmaid.—C 150, this office.

SITUATION Wanted as Cook or Housekeeper, in small gentleman's place, or lady; Protestant.—Mrs. Cook, 1005, Cook," this office.

YOUNG Cook disengaged; good papers; city, suburbs; highly recommended.—C 158, this office.

GENERALS DISENGAGED.

GENERAL or Cook General; good plain cook; apply recommended.—C 156, this office.

GIRL wishes situation as General, small family.—Mary Hughes, Rose cottage, Kilmacud road, Stillorgan.

GENERAL wants Daily Work, good Cook Laundress, 3 Rose Mount, Donnybrook road.

GENERAL Wanted; disengaged; well recommended; city preferred.—C 134, this office.

HOUSE AND PARLOURMAIDS DISENGAGED

EXPERIENCED Upper Housemaid; care linen, wait table; good needlewoman; small family; Protestant; 15; R.C., well recommended.—Z 951, Mail," this office.

EXPERIENCED young General wishes to go as Parlourmaid or Housemaid; can be highly recommended; city or suburbs preferred; disengaged 2nd January 4th.—South Hill, Killiney.

EXPERIENCED House Parlourmaid, disengaged 1st January 4th.—South Hill, Killiney.

NURSES DISENGAGED.

A QUALIFIED, trained Babies' and Children's Nurse; excellent references, disengaged 17th January.—Z 908, Mail, this office.

EXPERIENCED, trustworthy Nurse, R.C., disengaged 1st first week in January; city or suburbs.—C 139, this office.

MISS Stafford O'Brien, thoroughly recommended, has Nurse for temporary places; terms moderate.—Apply C. Richards, Leland, Beaufort, Co. Kerry.

PROTESTANT young Children's Nurse, disengaged, desires situation; excellent reference.—G 161, this office.

SPECIFIC ARTICLES.

AT KELLY'S, 48 FLEET STREET, Protestant; where poultry keepers can thoroughly understand her duties and be well recommended. Any, this office.

WANTED, temporarily, young Protestant Girl, who understands her duties. Apply, evenings, 51 Pembroke road.

WANTED, Hosso Parlourmaid, for small modern house. Apply Mrs. Barrington Goodbody, Cork Hill, Clara, King's Co.

NURSES WANTED.

AGENT for Nurses, MAIDS, and ATTENDANTS. Miss Buttington, Desk, 9 Grafton st., Dublin. Recommends all classes experienced Nurses. T.

YOUNG, experienced Nurse Wanted, Domestic Parlourmaid kept; district; three children, 7, 6, 14 years; copies children's dress this office. A.

EXPERIENCED Protestant Nurse, or Nursery Governess, for one, Wanted, middle country; country; car child, new 6; state age, qualifications, expect; reference.—Z 950, Nurse," this office.

NURSE Wanted at once, experienced; entire charge girl 2½ years; no washing. Copy references, wages expected.—"Z 958, Nurse," this office.

REQUIRED, experienced Nursemaid, look after twin boys 2 years old; good references; business hours; usually any evening, after 5, 67 Morne road, Dublin. E

WANTED, Children's Nurse; experience in baby's taste; quiet country place.—Z 947, Nurse," this office.

WANTED, early January, experienced Children's Maid, for one child aged four and half years; keen on country; country town; send copies references, state wages and particulars.—Z 905, Maid," this office.

WANTED, for Dalkey, young Girl to Mind Baby, light Housework; two in family.—G 107, this office.

WANTED, thoroughly experienced Nurse to take entire charge infant six weeks old. Kindly communicate with the Hon. Mrs. Cuninghill, Mosstown.

KITCHEN, LAUNDRY, ETC., WANTED.

LAUNDRESS Wanted, experienced shirt and fancy ironer.—Royal Hibernian Hotel.

DOMESTICS DISENGAGED.

DAILY Help requires work, in or around Dublin; thoroughly experienced all branches housework; or would live as Working Housekeeper; can be sub-tenant or housekeeper.—G 177, this office.

EXPERIENCED Cook Working 14 years' dairy, roast; Cook General, long ref.; Irish Mullpeter's, 12 South Anne st.

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COOK, housekeeper disengaged; Mr. Armory; excellent cook; can be highly recommended.—Dublin vacancies.—O 159, this office.

LAND LETTINGS AND LIVE STOCK SALES BY C. J. RUSSELL, AUCTIONEER,

ASHBOURNE

LIVE STOCK SALE, TO-MORROW (FRIDAY),

DECEMBER 30th,

Commencing at 12 o'clock sharp,

THE LARGEST SALE OF THE SEASON.

800 HEAD,

Consisting of 2½ and 3-yrsOld Horned and Polly Bullocks and Heifers, 1½ and 2-year-old ditto, Springers, Milch Cows; Galway and Horny Ewes, running with Shrop and Suffolk Rams since September; Fat and Store Wethers and Lambs.

Also will be Sold two New Ladders, 20 feet and 12 feet; Gates, Paling Posts, Barrow, Flower Stand; 74 Yards of Irish Tweed, etc.

Owing to the lengthy catalogue, Sale will start at 12 o'clock sharp. All stock to be in pens at 11.30 sharp.

IMPORTANT LETTING OF LAND FOR GRAZING.

C. J. RUSSELL is instructed by the Owner to LET BY PRIVATE TREATY

120 IRISH ACRES

Of Prime Old Pasture Land, in divisions of from 20 to 32 acres. These lands are situated about two miles from Ashbourne village and 12 miles from Dublin Cattle Market. They have never been previously let, and are at present covered with an abundance of winter keep. They will be carefully herded, are well fenced, and have an unfailing supply of water. They are noted as being some of the best finishing lands in the locality.

For further particulars apply to

C. J. RUSSELL,

AUCTIONEER, ASHBOURNE.

LANDS TO BE LET PRIVATELY.

18 Acres at Milltown, Ashbourne, for Grazing or Meadow and Aftergrass; 6 Acres, 64 Acres, and 7 Acres at Killeiland, Ashbourne; 8 Acres, 74 Acres, and 34 Acres at Nutstown, Garristown; 5 Acres at Upper Commons, Garristown, for Grazing of Meadow and Aftergrass; 40 Acres, 25 Acres, 30 Acres, 10 Acres, 11 Acres 2½ Acres, and 10 Acres at Reask, Dunshaughlin, for Grazing or Meadowing.

C. J. RUSSELL,

AUCTIONEER, ASHBOURNE.

TODD, BURNS & Co., Ltd.

OUR WINTER SALE

Begins To-day.

MARY STREET, DUBLIN.

MACHINERY CONTINUED.

GAS and Oil Engines—8 Oil Engines, by good makers, 3 to 6 h.p. Pumps and Pumping Plant—3 Lifting Force Pumps; very cheap to clear. Wood-working Machinery—Two Improved Deal Frames, by Mackwell, in good working order; also several Saw Benches. Fire Appliances—Dynamic Fire Sprinkler installation to protect over 20,000 ft of floor space; very cheap for clear; no reasonable offer refused. Apply Fire Appliances, New Wapping st., Dublin.

REPAIRS to Lawn and Meadow Mowers; Rewards and Binders in stock. Wearing Parts for all makes of Ploughs.—Todd Burns, Limited, Dublin.

THERE is only one best Tool for every Job. We have it. Come and see.—BOOTH BROS., STEPHEN STREET, DUBLIN.

TIMBER.

A LARGE quantity of Straight Oak and Larch and Best Oak Shafts for Sale.—T. Archer, Saw Mills, New Kilcullen.

FOR Sale, Oak Fencing Stakes and Palings, also Oak Spokes and Felloes. Offers all kinds.—Immediate delivery.—Myers and Son, Birr.

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

NETS for Rabbits, Hares, Plover, Snaring Wire, and Snares; lists free.—Garnett, Gunmaker, Crampton Court, Dublin.

RABBIT Nets, Hare Nets, Snaring Wire, Snares, Cartridges, Shooting Requisites in Dublin; full lists free.—Keegan, Gunmaker, Inns quay, Dublin.

GARDEN, FARM, BEES, ETC.

ALL Owners of Gardens to ensure best results should now Insure their Vegetable and Flower Seeds; awarded over 1,000 First Prize since 1909.—W. Drummond and Sons, Corn and Seed Merchants.

APPLE Trees, Dwarfs, clean, healthy, splendidly rooted, 2 and 3 year, 12/6 per 100; 2/- dozen; 15/- hundreds, the most profitable of all apples, stronger bushes, nice sets and trees; cash or cash with order.—Thos. Nash, Ashford.

GREENHOUSES and Frames built to order, lowest prices.—Byrne, 1 Barrow st., Dublin.

12 BEAUTIFUL Hardy Herbaceous and trailing Shrubs, in 12 varieties, 10/6; 25 varieties, 20/-; 50 varieties, 40/-; carriage paid; cash with order.—Thos. Nash, Ashford.

2,000 APPLE, 5 year, fruiting Bramley Seedlings, grand stock, Irish Peach, barguin 35/- dozen.—Pennick, Nurseries, Greystones.

POULTRY, CAGE BIRDS, DAIRY, FISH, ETC.

BLACK Minorca Pullets, 10/- each, good strain; White Wyandotte Cockerels, Black Minorca Cockerels, 15/- each.—Apply Jacklin—O'Grady Sanatorium, Schull, Co. Cork.

FARMER'S Dairy, good, fresh, every pound, 10p per lb., 5 lbs. 1/-; Light Dessert, 6p per lb., 5 lbs. 1/-; Dairy Requisites.—The Dairy Engineering Co. of Ireland, Ltd., 21/22 Dachelor's Walk, Dublin.

OIL Engines, all sizes, from stock.—The Dairy Engineering Co. of Ireland, Ltd., 21/22 Bachelor's Walk, Dublin.

REPAIRS to Lawn and Meadow Mowers; Reapers and Binders in stock. Wearing Parts for all makes of Ploughs.—Todd Burns, Limited, Dublin.

THERE is only one best Tool for every Job. We have it. Come and see.—BOOTH BROS., STEPHEN STREET, DUBLIN.

DRESS CONTINUED.

ABOUT Clothes—Miss Cusack, 55 Aungier st., gives 5s. to 5s. 6d. more than others; also Ladies' Underclothing; estimates free; country clients.

A CHILD'S Left Off Clothing, Furniture; distance no object.—Mrs. Myers, 15 Aungier street.

ABOUT Clothes—Highest cash prices paid—for all sorts of Left Off Clothing, Furniture, Silver Plate, Jewellery, Pictures, Glass, Furniture, etc.; postcard will receive prompt attention.—Mrs. Harris, Telephone—4355, Rathmines.

ABOUT Clothes—Highest Prices for Left Off Clothing, all sorts, Furniture, Glass, Pictures; no objection. Mrs. Carey, 6 Cuckmount st. and 42 Aungier st.

ABOUT Clothes—Highest Prices for Left Off Clothing; paying best prices for Ladies' and Gents'; Furniture also; prompt attention to country parcels. T. Levy, 20 Wellington quay, Dublin.

ABOUT Clothes—Highest prices for Ladies', Gents' and Children's Left Off Clothing, Furniture; distance no object.—Mrs. Myers, 15 Aungier street.

ABOUT Clothes—Highest cash prices paid—for all sorts of Left Off Clothing, Furniture, Silver Plate, False Teeth, Pictures, Glass, Furniture, etc.; postcard will receive prompt attention.—Mrs. Harris, Telephone—4355, Rathmines.

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A BOUT Clothes—Highest prices paid—for Ladies' and Gents' Left Off Clothing, Furniture; distance no object.—Mrs. Myers, 15 Aungier street.

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